Rotodynamic pumps - Hydraulic performance acceptance tests - Grades 1 and 2

Rotodynamic pumps - Hydraulic performance ad 2 acceptance tests - Grades 1 and 2



EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA

NATIONAL FOREWORD

Käesolev Eesti standard EVS-EN ISO 9906:2000 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN ISO 9906:1999+AC:2004 ingliskeelset teksti.

Käesolev dokument on jõustatud 16.06.2000 ja selle kohta on avaldatud teade Eesti standardiorganisatsiooni ametlikus väljaandes.

Standard on kättesaadav Eesti standardiorganisatsioonist.

This Estonian standard EVS-EN ISO 9906:2000 consists of the English text of the European standard EN ISO 9906:1999+AC:2004.

This document is endorsed on 16.06.2000 with the notification being published in the official publication of the Estonian national standardisation organisation.

The standard is available from Estonian standardisation organisation.

Käsitlusala:

This International Standard deals with hydraulic performance tests for acceptance of rotodynamic pumps (centrifugal, mixed flow and axial pumps, in the following simply designated as, "pumps"). It may be applied to pumps of any size and to any pumped liquids behaving as clean cold water such as defined in clause 5.4.5.1. It is neither concerned with the structural details of the pump nor with the mechanical properties of their components.

Scope:

This International Standard deals with hydraulic performance tests for acceptance of rotodynamic pumps (centrifugal, mixed flow and axial pumps, in the following simply designated as, "pumps"). It may be applied to pumps of any size and to any pumped liquids behaving as clean cold water such as defined in clause 5.4.5.1. It is neither concerned with the structural details of the pump nor with the mechanical properties of their components.

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Rotodynamic pumps

Hydraulic performance acceptance tests - Grades 1 and 2 (ISO 9906: 1999)

Pompes rotodynamiques - Essais de fonctionnement hydraulique pour la réception - Niveaux 1 et 2 (ISO 9906: 1999)

Kreiselpumpen - Hydraulische Abnahmeprüfung - Klassen 1 und 2 (ISO 9906: 1999)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 1999-08-20.

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European Committee for Standardization Comité Européen de Normalisation Europäisches Komitee für Normung

Management Centre: rue de Stassart 36, B-1050 Brussels

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Foreword

International Standard

ISO 9906: 1999 Rotodynamic pumps - Hydraulic performance acceptance tests - Grades 1 and 2, which was prepared by ISO/TC 115 'Pumps' of the International Organization for Standardization, has been adopted by Technical Committee CEN/TC 197 'Pumps', the Secretariat of which is held by AFNOR, as a European Standard.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, and conflicting national standards withdrawn, by June 2000 at the latest.

In accordance with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard:

Austria, Belgium, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, and the United Kingdom.

Endorsement notice
The text of the International Standard ISO 9906: 1999 was approved by CEN as a European Standard without any modification.

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Introduction

This International Standard combines and replaces the former acceptance test standards ISO 3555:1977 (corresponding to grade 1 of this International Standard) and ISO 2548:1975 (corresponding to grade 2 of this International Standard), but there is an important change in the verification of guarantees, because the uncertainty of measurement must not influence the acceptability of a pump and the tolerances are due to constructional differences only.

New tolerance factors have been introduced to ensure as far as possible that a pump which was acceptable under the previous International Standards (ISO 2548 and/or ISO 3555) would also be acceptable under this International Standard.

Contrary to this international Standard, ISO 5198 is not to be understood as an acceptance test code. It gives guidance for measurements of very high accuracy and for the thermodynamic method for direct measurement of efficiencies, but it does not recommend verification of guarantees.

Terms used in this International Standard such as "guarantee" or "acceptance" should be understood in a technical but not in a legal sense. The term "guarantee" therefore specifies values for checking purposes determined in the contract, but does not say anything about the rights or duties arising, if these values are not reached or fulfilled. The The can "ac. 15 do to the control of term "acceptance" does not have any legal meaning here, either. Therefore, an acceptance test carried out successfully alone does not represent an "acceptance" in the legal sense.

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1 Scope

This International Standard specifies hydraulic performance tests for acceptance of rotodynamic pumps (centrifugal, mixed flow and axial pumps, hereinafter simply designated as "pumps"). It is applicable to pumps of any size and to any pumped liquids behaving as clean cold water (such as defined in 5.4.5.2). It is neither concerned with the structural details of the pump nor with the mechanical properties of their components.

This International Standard contains two grades of accuracy of measurement: grade 1 for higher accuracy, and grade 2 for lower accuracy. These grades include different values for tolerance factors, for allowable fluctuations and uncertainties of measurement.

For pumps produced in series with selection made from typical performance curves and for pumps a with power input of less than 10 kW, see annex A for higher tolerance factors.

This International Standard is applicable both to a pump itself without any fittings and to a combination of a pump associated with all or part of its upstream and/or downstream fittings.

2 Normative references

The following normative documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this International Standard. For dated references, subsequent amendments to, or revisions of, any of these publications do not apply. However, parties to agreements based on this International Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the normative documents indicated below. For undated references, the latest edition of the normative document referred to applies. Members of ISO and IEC maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 1438-1, Water flow measurement in open channels using weirs and Venturi flumes — Part 1: Thin-plate weirs.

ISO 2186, Fluid flow in closed conduits — Connections for pressure signal transmissions between primary and secondary elements.

ISO 3354, Measurement of clean water flow in closed conduits Velocity-area method using, current-meters in full conduits and under regular flow conditions.

ISO 3966, Measurement of fluid flow in closed conduits — Velocity area method using Pitot static tubes.

ISO 4373, Measurement of liquid flow in open channels — Water-level measuring devices.

ISO 5167-1, Measurement of fluid flow by means of pressure differential devices — Part 1: Orifice plates, nozzles and Venturi tubes inserted in circular cross-section conduits running full.

ISO 5198, Centrifugal, mixed flow and axial pumps — Code for hydraulic performance tests — Precision grade.

ISO 7194, Measurement of fluid flow in closed conduits — Velocity-area methods of flow measurement in swirling or asymmetric flow conditions in circular ducts by means of current-meters or Pitot-static tubes.

ISO 8316, Measurement of liquid flow in closed conduits — Method by collection of the liquid in a volumetric tank.

ISO 9104, Measurement of liquid flow in closed conduits — Methods of evaluating the performance of electromagnetic flow-meters for liquids.