Industrial communication networks - Fieldbus specifications - Part 5-12: Application layer service -1. (eme. definition - Type 12 elements



EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA

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EN 61158-5-12

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Supersedes EN 61158-5-12:2012

English Version

Industrial communication networks - Fieldbus specifications - Part 5-12: Application layer service definition - Type 12 elements (IEC 61158-5-12:2014)

Réseaux de communication industriels - Spécifications des bus de terrain - Partie 5-12: Définition des services de la couche application - Éléments de type 12 (CEI 61158-5-12:2014) Industrielle Kommunikationsnetze - Feldbusse -Teil 5-12: Dienstfestlegungen des Application Layer (Anwendungsschicht) - Typ 12-Elemente (IEC 61158-5-12:2014)

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European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

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Foreword

The text of document 65C/763/FDIS, future edition 3 of IEC 61158-5-12, prepared by SC 65C "Industrial networks" of IEC/TC 65 "Industrial-process measurement, control and automation" was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and approved by CENELEC as EN 61158-5-12:2014.

The following dates are fixed:

•	latest date by which the document has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement	(dop)	2015-06-22
•	latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the document have to be withdrawn	(dow)	2017-09-22

This document supersedes EN 61158-5-12:2012.

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This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CENELEC by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association.

Endorsement notice

The text of the International Standard IEC 61158-5-12:2014 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

In the official version, for Bibliography, the following notes have to be added for the standards indicated:

IEC 61158-2	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 61158-2.
IEC 61158-4-12	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 61158-4-12.
IEC 61158-6-12	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 61158-6-12.
IEC 61784-1	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 61784-1.
IEC 61784-2	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 61784-2.

Annex ZA

(normative)

Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE 1 When an International Publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

NOTE 2 Up-to-date information on the latest versions of the European Standards listed in this annex is available here: www.cenelec.eu

<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	EN/HD	<u>Year</u>
IEC 61131-3	- 'C	Programmable controllers - Part 3: Programming languages	EN 61131-3	-
IEC 61158-1	2014	Industrial communication networks - Fieldbus specifications - Part 1: Overview and guidance for the IEC 61158 and IEC 61784 series	EN 61158-1	2014
IEC 61158-3-12	-	Industrial communication networks - Fieldbus specifications - Part 3-12: Data-link layer service definition - Type 12 elements	EN 61158-3-12	-
ISO/IEC 646	1991	Information technology - ISO 7-bit coded character set for information interchange	-	-
ISO/IEC 7498-1	-	Information technology - Open Systems Interconnection - Basic reference model: The basic model	-	-
ISO/IEC 7498-3	-	Information technology - Open Systems Interconnection - Basic reference model: Naming and addressing	-	-
ISO/IEC 8802-3	-	Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Local and metropolitan area networks - Specific requirements - Part 3: Carrier sense multiple access with collision detection (CSMA/CD) access method and physical layer specifications		-
ISO/IEC 9545	-	Information technology - Open Systems Interconnection - Application layer structure	- 4	-
ISO/IEC 10646	-	Information technology - Universal Coded Character Set (UCS)	-	1
ISO/IEC 10731	-	Information technology - Open Systems Interconnection - Basic Reference Model - Conventions for the definition of OSI services	-	- 0

Publication	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	EN/HD	<u>Year</u>
ISO/IEC/IEEE 60559	-	Information technology - Microprocessor Systems - Floating-Point arithmetic	-	-
IEEE 802.1D	-	IEEE Standard for local and metropolitan area networks - Media Access Control (MAC) Bridges	-	-
IETF RFC 791	-	Internet Protocol - DARPA Internet Program Protocol Specification	-	-
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			7	
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CONTENTS

FU	KEW	JRD	ა
IN	ROD	UCTION	7
1	Scor	pe	8
	1.1	General	8
	1.2	Specifications	9
	1.3	Conformance	9
2	Norn	native references	9
3	Tern	ns, definitions, symbols, abbreviations and conventions	10
	3.1	Reference model terms and definitions	10
	3.2	Service convention terms and definitions	
	3.3	Application layer and data-link service terms and definitions	
	3.4	Common symbols and abbreviations	
	3.5	Conventions	
4		cepts	
	4.1	Common concepts	
_	4.2	Type specific concepts	
5		type ASE	
	5.1	General	
	5.2	Formal definition of data type objects	
	5.3 5.4	FAL defined data types Data type ASE service specification	
6		munication model specification	
U	6.1	ASEs	
	6.2	AS	
Rih		phy	
Dik	nogra	priy	120
		- Producer consumer model	
Fig	ure 2	- Client server model	19
Fig	ure 3	- Server triggered invocation	19
		- Slave reference model	
		- Simple slave device	
_		- Complex slave device	
_		Master functional overview	
		- Process output data sequence	
		Process input data sequence	
_		0 – CoE server model	
·		1 – Successful single SDO-Download sequence	
_		2 – Unsuccessful single SDO-Download sequence	
_		3 – Successful segmented SDO-Download sequence	
Fig	ure 1	4 – Successful single SDO-Upload sequence	63
Fig	ure 1	5 – Unsuccessful single SDO-Upload sequence	64
Fig	ure 1	6 – Successful segmented SDO-Upload sequence	65

Figure 17 – SDO information sequence	66
Figure 18 – Emergency service	67
Figure 19 – Command sequence	68
Figure 20 – PDO mapping	70
Figure 21 – Sync manager PDO assigment	71
Figure 22 – RxPDO service	73
Figure 23 – TxPDO service	74
Figure 24 – RxPDO remote transmission sequence	75
Figure 25 – TxPDO remote transmission sequence	76
Figure 26 – EoE sequence	96
Figure 27 – FoE read sequence with success	104
Figure 28 – FoE read sequence with error	105
Figure 29 – FoE write sequence with success	106
Figure 30 – FoE write sequence with error	107
Figure 31 – FoE write sequence with busy	108
Figure 32 – Successful AL control sequence	118
Figure 33 – Unsuccessful AL control sequence	119
Figure 34 – AL state changed sequence	120
Table 1 – Process output data	39
Table 2 – Process input data Table 3 – Update process input data	40
Table 3 – Update process input data	41
Table 4 – SII read	
Table 5 – SII write	50
Table 6 – SII reload	
Table 7 – Allocation of SDO areas	55
Table 8 – SDO download expedited	80
Table 9 – SDO download normal	81
Table 10 – Download SDO segment	82
Table 11 – SDO upload expedited	83
Table 12 – SDO upload normal	84
Table 13 – Upload SDO segment	85
Table 14 – Abort SDO transfer	85
Table 15 – Get OD list	86
Table 16 – OD list segment	87
Table 17 – Get object description	
Table 18 – Get entry description	
Table 19 – Object entry segment	
Table 20 – Emergency	
Table 21 – RxPDO	93
Table 22 – TxPDO	93
Table 23 – RxPDO remote transmission	94
Table 24 Typpo remote transmission	0.4

Table 26 – EoE fragment	
Table 27 – Set IP parameter	
Table 28 – Set address filter	
Table 29 – FoE read	
Table 30 – FoE write	
Table 31 – FoE data	
Table 32 – FoE ack	
Table 33 – FoE busy	
Table 34 – FoE error	
Table 35 – MBX read	
Table 36 – MBX write	
Table 37 – MBX read upd	
Table 38 – AL management and ESM service primitives	
Table 39 – AL control	
Table 40 AL State change	

INTRODUCTION

This part of IEC 61158 is one of a series produced to facilitate the interconnection of automation system components. It is related to other standards in the set as defined by the "three-layer" fieldbus reference model described in IEC 61158-1.

The application service is provided by the application protocol making use of the services available from the data-link or other immediately lower layer. This standard defines the application service characteristics that fieldbus applications and/or system management may exploit.

IS S
IE OS.
IT Service
Iministrative Throughout the set of fieldbus standards, the term "service" refers to the abstract capability provided by one layer of the OSI Basic Reference Model to the layer immediately above. Thus, the application layer service defined in this standard is a conceptual architectural service, independent of administrative and implementation divisions.

INDUSTRIAL COMMUNICATION NETWORKS – FIELDBUS SPECIFICATIONS –

Part 5-12: Application layer service definition – Type 12 elements

1 Scope

1.1 General

The fieldbus Application Layer (FAL) provides user programs with a means to access the fieldbus communication environment. In this respect, the FAL can be viewed as a "window between corresponding application programs."

This standard provides common elements for basic time-critical and non-time-critical messaging communications between application programs in an automation environment and material specific to Type 12 fieldbus. The term "time-critical" is used to represent the presence of a time-window, within which one or more specified actions are required to be completed with some defined level of certainty. Failure to complete specified actions within the time window risks failure of the applications requesting the actions, with attendant risk to equipment, plant and possibly human life.

This standard defines in an abstract way the externally visible service provided by the different Types of the fieldbus Application Layer in terms of

- a) an abstract model for defining application resources (objects) capable of being manipulated by users via the use of the FAL service,
- b) the primitive actions and events of the service;
- c) the parameters associated with each primitive action and event, and the form which they take; and
- d) the interrelationship between these actions and events, and their valid sequences.

The purpose of this standard is to define the services provided to

- a) the FAL user at the boundary between the user and the Application Layer of the Fieldbus Reference Model, and
- b) Systems Management at the boundary between the Application Layer and Systems Management of the Fieldbus Reference Model.

This standard specifies the structure and services of the IEC fieldbus Application Layer, in conformance with the OSI Basic Reference Model (ISO/IEC 7498) and the OSI Application Layer Structure (ISO/IEC 9545).

FAL services and protocols are provided by FAL application-entities (AE) contained within the application processes. The FAL AE is composed of a set of object-oriented Application Service Elements (ASEs) and a Layer Management Entity (LME) that manages the AE. The ASEs provide communication services that operate on a set of related application process object (APO) classes. One of the FAL ASEs is a management ASE that provides a common set of services for the management of the instances of FAL classes.

Although these services specify, from the perspective of applications, how request and responses are issued and delivered, they do not include a specification of what the requesting and responding applications are to do with them. That is, the behavioral aspects of the applications are not specified; only a definition of what requests and responses they can