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H H H Hydraulic fluid power — Mounting dimensions for accessories for single rod cylinders, 16 MPa (160 bar) medium and 25 MPa (250 bar) series

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: Foreword - Supplementary information

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 131, *Fluid power systems*, Subcommittee SC 3, *Cylinders*.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 8132:2006), which has been technically revised.

Introduction

In hydraulic fluid power systems, power is transmitted and controlled through a liquid under pressure within an enclosed circuit.

i fore a cylindr. One component of such systems is the fluid power cylinder. This is a device that converts power into linear mechanical force and motion. It consists of a movable element, i.e. a piston and piston rod, operating within a cylindrical bore.

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Hydraulic fluid power — Mounting dimensions for accessories for single rod cylinders, 16 MPa (160 bar) medium and 25 MPa (250 bar) series

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies the mounting dimensions required for the interchangeability of accessories for 16 MPa [160 bar] medium series cylinders in accordance with ISO 6020-1 and for 25 MPa (250 bar) series cylinders, in accordance with ISO 6022. The accessories have been designed specifically for use with cylinders manufactured in accordance with ISO 6020-1 and ISO 6022, but this does not limit their application.

NOTE 1 bar = 0,1 MPa = 10⁵ Pa; 1 MPa = 1 N/mm²

This International Standard covers the following accessories, identified in accordance with ISO 6099:

- AP2 rod clevis, female thread (see <u>Figure 1</u> and <u>Table 1</u>);
- AF3 rod flange, circular (see Figure 2 and Table 2);
- AB4 clevis bracket, straight (see Figure 3 and Table 3);
- AB3 clevis bracket, in angle (see <u>Figure 4</u> and <u>Table 4</u>);
- AT4 trunnion bracket (see <u>Figure 5</u> and <u>Table 5</u>);
- AA4-R pivot pin, plain (cotter pin or snap ring type) (see Figure 6 and Table 6);
- AA4-S pivot pin, plain (split pins) (see Figure 7 and Table 7);
- AA6-R pivot pin, spherical bearing (cotter pin or snap ring type) (see Figure 6 and Table 6);
- AA6-S pivot pin, spherical bearing (split pins) (see Figure 7 and Table 7);
- AP6 rod eye spherical, female thread (see Figure 8 and Table 8);
- AP4 rod eye plain, female thread (see Figure 9 and Table 9).

These accessories are used on hydraulic cylinders for mechanically transmitting the cylinder force. The design of these accessories is based on the maximum forces resulting from the specified internal diameters of the cylinders and pressures according to ISO 3320 and ISO 3322.

This International Standard applies only to the dimensional criteria of products manufactured in conformity with this International Standard; it does not apply to their functional characteristics.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 286-2, Geometrical product specifications (GPS) — ISO code system for tolerances on linear sizes — Part 2: Tables of standard tolerance classes and limit deviations for holes and shafts

ISO 2768-1, General tolerances — Part 1: Tolerances for linear and angular dimensions without individual tolerance indications

ISO 2768-2, General tolerances — Part 2: Geometrical tolerances for features without individual tolerance indications

ISO 5598, Fluid power systems and components — Vocabulary

ISO 6099, Fluid power systems and components — Cylinders — Identification code for mounting dimensions and mounting types

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 5598 apply.

4 Mounting dimensions

The mounting dimensions for accessories are shown in <u>Figures 1</u> to <u>9</u>and given in <u>Tables 1</u> to <u>9</u>.

5 Tolerances

5.1 Tolerance values are given in <u>Figures 1</u> to <u>9</u>.

5.2 Tolerances for other linear and angular dimensions shall be in accordance with the designation as described in ISO 2768-1.

5.3 Geometrical tolerances shall be in accordance with the designation as described in ISO 2768-2.

NOTE All figures in this International Standard indicate tolerance requirements using the ISO code "ISO 2768-mk", as described in ISO 2768-1 and ISO 2768-2.

6 Application instructions

6.1 Installation

6.1.1 Shaft for pivot pin, plain

A tolerance of f8, in accordance with ISO 286-2, is recommended for the bearing shafts.

6.1.2 Shaft for pivot pin, spherical bearing

A tolerance of m6 should be used for the shaft fitting the spherical plain bearing bore (see ISO 286-2). In exceptional cases (for example, where there are difficulties in cylinder installation), a tolerance of f7 may be used. In this instance, a case-hardened shaft is recommended because movement occurs between the shaft and the bearing bore and lubrication is needed. Lubrication may be carried out through the shaft.

6.1.3 Tilting angle

The specified tilting angle of $\pm 4^{\circ}$ can still be obtained when the clevis inner faces abut the side faces of the inner ring of the spherical plain bearing.

6.1.4 Rod clevis

The rod clevis, female thread (AP2), shall be screwed firmly against the piston rod shoulder before the two pieces are locked.