Raudteealased rakendused. Rööbastee. Nõuded rööpa kinnitussüsteemide tööomadustele. Osa 7: Spetsiaalsed kinnitussüsteemid pöörmetele ja ristmetele ning kontrarööbastele

Railway applications - Track - Performance requirements for fastening systems - Part 7: Special Sh. Show on the state of the st fastening systems for switches and crossings and check rails



# **EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA**

#### **NATIONAL FOREWORD**

See Eesti standard EVS-EN 13481-7:2012 sisaldab	
Euroopa standardi EN 13481-7:2012 ingliskeelset	consists of the English text of the European standard
teksti.	EN 13481-7:2012.
Standard on jõustunud sellekohase teate avaldamisega EVS Teatajas.	This standard has been endorsed with a notification published in the official bulletin of the Estonian Centre for Standardisation.
, and a second s	Date of Availability of the European standard is
	23.05.2012.
kättesaadavaks 23.05.2012.	
Standard on kättesaadav Eesti Standardikeskusest.	The standard is available from the Estonian Centre for
	Standardisation.

Tagasisidet standardi sisu kohta on võimalik edastada, kasutades EVS-i veebilehel asuvat tagasiside vormi või saates e-kirja meiliaadressile <u>standardiosakond@evs.ee</u>.

ICS 93.100

#### Standardite reprodutseerimise ja levitamise õigus kuulub Eesti Standardikeskusele

Andmete paljundamine, taastekitamine, kopeerimine, salvestamine elektroonsesse süsteemi või edastamine ükskõik millises vormis või millisel teel ilma Eesti Standardikeskuse kirjaliku loata on keelatud.

Kui Teil on küsimusi standardite autorikaitse kohta, võtke palun ühendust Eesti Standardikeskusega: Aru 10, 10317 Tallinn, Eesti; <a href="www.evs.ee">www.evs.ee</a>; telefon 605 5050; e-post <a href="mailto:info@evs.ee">info@evs.ee</a>

#### The right to reproduce and distribute standards belongs to the Estonian Centre for Standardisation

No part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, without a written permission from the Estonian Centre for Standardisation.

If you have any questions about copyright, please contact Estonian Centre for Standardisation: Aru 10, 10317 Tallinn, Estonia; www.evs.ee; phone 605 5050; e-mail info@evs.ee

# EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

EN 13481-7

May 2012

ICS 93.100

Supersedes EN 13481-7:2003

#### **English Version**

# Railway applications - Track - Performance requirements for fastening systems - Part 7: Special fastening systems for switches and crossings and check rails

Applications ferroviaires - Voie - Exigences de performance pour les systèmes de fixation - Partie 7: Systèmes de fixation spéciaux pour appareils de voie et contre-rails Bahnanwendungen - Oberbau - Leistungsanforderungen für Schienenbefestigungssysteme - Teil 7: Spezielle Befestigungssysteme für Weichen und Kreuzungen sowie Führungsschienen

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 27 April 2012.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and United Kingdom.



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B-1000 Brussels

Contents		
Forew	vord	3
	luction	_
introa		_
1	Scope	6
2	Normative references	6
3	Terms and definitions	7
4	Symbols	7
5	Requirements	
5.1	General	
5.2 5.3	Longitudinal rail restraint	
ნ.ა 5.4	Torsional resistance	
5.4 5.5	Effect of repeated loading	
5.5.1	General	
5.5.1 5.5.2	Dynamic stiffness of assembly	
5.5.3	Test loads	
5.5.4	Evaluation of test performance	
5.6	Attenuation of impact loads	12
5.7	Electrical resistance of fastening system and bearer	
5.8	Effect of exposure to severe environmental conditions	
5.9	Effect of fastening system tolerances on track gauge	
5.10	Clamping force	
5.11	Cast-in and glued-in fastening components	
5.12	In-service testing	
5.13	Attenuation of noise and vibration	14
6	Test specimens	14
7	Fitness for purpose	
8	Marking, labelling and packaging	14
Δnnes	x A (informative) Vibration and noise	15
A.1	General	15
A.2	Symbols	
A.3	Parameters for environmental vibration calculations	
A.4	Calculating the vibration attenuation	
A.5	Environmental noise	
Annex	x ZA (informative) Relationship between this European Standard and the Essential Requirements of EU Directive 2008/57/EC	İ
Diblic	ography	
סוומום	ygrapity	เษ

## **Foreword**

This document (EN 13481-7:2012) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 256 "Railway applications", the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by November 2012, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by November 2012.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN 13481-7:2003.

The main changes in this revision of EN 13481-7:2003 are as follows:

- a) new categories of fastening systems have been introduced (Clause 1, Table 1);
- b) the ranges of test loads have been extended to cover the new categories of fastening systems (5.4);
- c) advice on attenuation of noise and vibration has been added in a new annex (Annex A).

This European Standard is one of the series EN 13481 "Railway applications – Track – Performance requirements for fastening systems" which consists of the following parts:

- Part 1: Definitions
- Part 2: Fastening systems for concrete sleepers
- Part 3: Fastening systems for wood sleepers
- Part 4: Fastening systems for steel sleepers
- Part 5: Fastening systems for slab track with rail on the surface or rail embedded in a channel
- Part 7: Special fastening systems for switches and crossings and check rails

NOTE Part 6 does not exist in this series.

These are supported by the test methods in the series EN 13146 "Railway applications – Track – Test methods for fastening systems".

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association, and supports essential requirements of EU Directive 2008/57/EC.

For relationship with EU Directive 2008/57/EC, see informative Annex ZA, which is an integral part of this document.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary,

and, Ireland, Moduling Royal Colonial C Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal,

# Introduction

Various tests are necessary to assess the performance for fastening systems of railway tracks. In this European Standard, a requirement for longitudinal rail restraint is included to control rail creep.

The laboratory test for the effect of repeated loading is the means of assessing potential long term performance of the fastening in track.

only some control of the test for clamping force is only suitable for laboratory use. The measurement of clamping force in track can be used to monitor long term performance. The method of measurement used should be suitable for the design of the particular fastening system.

## 1 Scope

This European Standard specifies performance requirements for special fastening systems, in categories A – E as specified in EN 13481-1:2012, 3.1, for switches and crossings and check rails secured within the overall fastening system (not independently fixed to the bearers) on wood, concrete and steel bearers, in ballasted track and on slab track and which have maximum axle loads and minimum curve radii in divergent track in accordance with Table 1.

Table 1 — Fastening category criteria

Category	Maximum design axle load	Minimum curve radius
4	kN	m
Α	130	40
В	180	80
C	260	150
D	260	400
E U	350	150
NOTE The maximum axle load for categories A and B does not apply to		

NOTE The maximum axle load for categories A and B does not apply to maintenance vehicles.

The requirements apply to fastening systems which incorporate a resilient element and act on the foot and/or web of the rail and which are intended for use with stock rail sections in EN 13674-1 (excluding 49E4) and EN 13674-4+A1.

This standard is not applicable to rigid fastening systems.

This standard is for type approval of a complete fastening assembly only. Requirements for quality control are included in the standards applicable to individual components.

#### 2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 13146-1:2012, Railway applications – Track – Test methods for fastening systems – Part 1: Determination of longitudinal restraint

EN 13146-2:2012, Railway applications – Track – Test methods for fastening systems – Part 2: Determination of torsional resistance

EN 13146-3:2012, Railway applications – Track – Test methods for fastening systems – Part 3: Determination of attenuation of impact loads

EN 13146-4:2012, Railway applications – Track – Test methods for fastening systems – Part 4: Effect of repeated loading

EN 13146-5:2012, Railway applications – Track – Test methods for fastening systems – Part 5: Determination of electrical resistance

EN 13146-6:2012, Railway applications – Track – Test methods for fastening systems – Part 6: Effect of severe environmental conditions

EN 13146-7:2012, Railway applications – Track – Test methods for fastening systems – Part 7: Determination of clamping force

EN 13146-8:2012, Railway applications – Track – Test methods for fastening systems – Part 8: In service testing

EN 13146-9:2009+A1:2011, Railway applications – Track – Test methods for fastening systems – Part 9: Determination of stiffness

EN 13232-1:2003, Railway applications – Track - Switches and crossings – Part 1: Definitions

EN 13481-1:2012, Railway applications – Track – Performance requirements for fastening systems – Part 1: Definitions

EN 13481-2:2012, Railway applications – Track – Performance requirements for fastening systems – Part 2: Fastening systems for concrete sleepers

EN 13481-3:2012, Railway applications – Track – Performance requirements for fastening systems – Part 3: Fastening systems for wood sleepers

EN 13481-4:2012, Railway applications – Track – Performance requirements for fastening systems – Part 4: Fastening systems for steel sleepers

EN 13481-5:2012, Railway applications – Track – Performance requirements for fastening systems – Part 5: Fastening systems for slab track with rail on the surface or rail embedded in a channel

EN 13674-1, Railway applications - Track - Rail - Part 1: Vignole railway rails 46 kg/m and above

#### 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in EN 13232-1:2003 and EN 13481-1:2012 apply.

#### 4 Symbols

For the purposes of this document, the following symbols apply.

- $F_{\text{max}}$  axial load at which gross slip occurs in the longitudinal rail restraint test (EN 13146-1:2012), in kN:
- L lateral component of force transmitted by the wheel to the rail head as shown in Figure 1, in kN;
- $P_L$  component of load parallel to the running surface of the rails, in kN;
- P<sub>V</sub> component of load normal to the running surface of the rails, in kN;
- V vertical component of load transmitted by the wheels to the running surface at the rail head as shown in Figure 1, in kN;
- X distance between the line of application of  $P_L$  and the centre of the gauge corner radius of the rail head as shown in Figure 1, in mm;
- angle between the load line and a line normal to the running surface of the rails as shown in Figure 1, in  $^{\circ}$ .

NOTE 
$$\frac{L}{V} = \frac{P_L}{P_{V}} = \tan \alpha$$