

**Coil coated metals - Test methods - Part 29: Resistance to environmental soiling (Dirt pick-up and striping)**

## EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA

## NATIONAL FOREWORD

Käesolev Eesti standard EVS-EN 13523-29:2010 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN 13523-29:2010 ingliskeelset teksti.

Standard on kinnitatud Eesti Standardikeskuse 31.05.2010 käskkirjaga ja jõustub sellekohase teate avaldamisel EVS Teatajas.

Euroopa standardimisorganisatsioonide poolt rahvuslikele liikmetele Euroopa standardi teksti kättesaadavaks tegemise kuupäev on 19.01.2010.

Standard on kättesaadav Eesti standardiorganisatsioonist.

This Estonian standard EVS-EN 13523-29:2010 consists of the English text of the European standard EN 13523-29:2010.

This standard is ratified with the order of Estonian Centre for Standardisation dated 31.05.2010 and is endorsed with the notification published in the official bulletin of the Estonian national standardisation organisation.

Date of Availability of the European standard text 19.01.2010.

The standard is available from Estonian standardisation organisation.

ICS 25.220.60

### Standardite reprodutseerimis- ja levitamiseõigus kuulub Eesti Standardikeskusele

Andmete paljundamine, taastekitamine, kopeerimine, salvestamine elektroonilisse süsteemi või edastamine ükskõik millises vormis või millisel teel on keelatud ilma Eesti Standardikeskuse poolt antud kirjaliku loata.

Kui Teil on küsimusi standardite autorikaitse kohta, palun võtke ühendust Eesti Standardikeskusega:  
Aru 10 Tallinn 10317 Eesti; [www.evs.ee](http://www.evs.ee); Telefon: 605 5050; E-post: [info@evs.ee](mailto:info@evs.ee)

### Right to reproduce and distribute Estonian Standards belongs to the Estonian Centre for Standardisation

No part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, without permission in writing from Estonian Centre for Standardisation.

If you have any questions about standards copyright, please contact Estonian Centre for Standardisation:  
Aru str 10 Tallinn 10317 Estonia; [www.evs.ee](http://www.evs.ee); Phone: +372 605 5050; E-mail: [info@evs.ee](mailto:info@evs.ee)

ICS 25.220.60

English Version

**Coil coated metals - Test methods - Part 29: Resistance to  
environmental soiling (Dirt pick-up and striping)**

Tôles prélaquées - Méthodes d'essai - Partie 29 :  
Résistance à la pollution environnementale (salissures)

Bandbeschichtete Metalle - Prüfverfahren - Teil 29:  
Beständigkeit gegen Verschmutzung (Schmutzaufnahme  
und Streifenbildung)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 20 February 2010.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION  
COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION  
EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

**Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B-1000 Brussels**

## Contents

Page

Foreword.....	3
1 Scope .....	5
2 Normative references .....	5
3 Terms and definitions .....	5
4 Principle.....	5
5 Apparatus and materials.....	5
6 Sample preparation .....	7
7 Procedure .....	7
8 Evaluation.....	7
9 Test report .....	9
Bibliography .....	10

## Foreword

This document (EN 13523-29:2010) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 139 "Paints and varnishes", the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by September 2010, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by September 2010.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

EN 13523, *Coil coated metals — Test methods*, consists of the following parts:

- *Part 0: General introduction and list of test methods*
- *Part 1: Film thickness*
- *Part 2: Specular gloss*
- *Part 3: Colour difference — Instrumental comparison*
- *Part 4: Pencil hardness*
- *Part 5: Resistance to rapid deformation (impact test)*
- *Part 6: Adhesion after indentation (cupping test)*
- *Part 7: Resistance to cracking on bending (T-bend test)*
- *Part 8: Resistance to salt spray (fog)*
- *Part 9: Resistance to water immersion*
- *Part 10: Resistance to fluorescent UV radiation and water condensation*
- *Part 11: Resistance to solvents (rubbing test)*
- *Part 12: Resistance to scratching*
- *Part 13: Resistance to accelerated ageing by the use of heat*
- *Part 14: Chalking (Helmen method)*
- *Part 15: Metamerism*
- *Part 16: Resistance to abrasion*
- *Part 17: Adhesion of strippable films*
- *Part 18: Resistance to staining*

- *Part 19: Panel design and method of atmospheric exposure testing*
- *Part 20: Foam adhesion*
- *Part 21: Evaluation of outdoor exposed panels*
- *Part 22: Colour difference — Visual comparison*
- *Part 23: Colour stability in humid atmospheres containing sulfur dioxide*
- *Part 24: Resistance to blocking and pressure marking*
- *Part 25: Resistance to humidity*
- *Part 26: Resistance to condensation of water*
- *Part 27: Resistance to humid poultice (Cataplasma test)*
- *Part 29: Resistance to environmental soiling (Dirt pick-up and striping)*

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

## 1 Scope

This European Standard specifies a procedure for the comparative evaluation of resistance to soiling of an organic coating on a metallic substrate (coil coating) in an outdoor exposure environment, particularly the soiling defect known as "Tiger stripes".

## 2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 13523-0:2001, *Coil coated metals — Test methods — Part 0: General introduction and list of test methods*

EN 13523-19:2004, *Coil coated metals — Test methods — Part 19: Panel design and method of atmospheric exposure testing*

## 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in EN 13523-0:2001 apply.

## 4 Principle

A test panel is exposed along with known reference panels, to the effects of atmospheric dirt and rain. The dirt and rain is collected and directed onto the surface of the panels in such a way as to channel rainwater thus creating the conditions to form stripes on the surface under test.

## 5 Apparatus and materials

**5.1 Existing EN 13523-19 exposure rack design** (see EN 13523-19:2004, Clause 4 and Figure 4) modified as described below.

The area of the rack normally used for the exposure of panels to the 5° orientation is used to install a sheet made of UV stable polymeric material (e.g. polycarbonate). This sheet forms the collector of the atmospheric soil and is angled on the upper surface of the rack at between 10° and 12° with respect to the horizontal plane to control the rate of run-off of rainwater. The machining imparts grooves of 3 mm width and 3 mm depth at a separation of 3 mm extending along the surface and over the rounded edge to direct rainwater onto the panels in rivulets (see Figures 1 and 2).

The upper row of the 90° North facing exposure area of the rack is used to fix the panels, having removed the existing overhang. Two rows are used for this exposure if the panels are longer than 200 mm. The test panels are positioned so that the top edge is in uniform contact with the bottom edge of the collector overhang.