EESTI STANDARD

Geometrical product specifications (GPS) - Standard reference temperature for the specification of geometrical and dimensional properties (ISO 1:2016)



EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA

NATIONAL FOREWORD

6			
	This Estonian standard EVS-EN ISO 1:2016 consists of the English text of the European standard EN ISO 1:2016.		
Standard on jõustunud sellekohase teate avaldamisega EVS Teatajas	This standard has been endorsed with a notification published in the official bulletin of the Estonian Centre for Standardisation.		
Euroopa standardimisorganisatsioonid on teinud Euroopa standardi rahvuslikele liikmetele kättesaadavaks 28.09.2016.	Date of Availability of the European standard is 28.09.2016.		
Standard on kättesaadav Eesti Standardikeskusest.	The standard is available from the Estonian Centre for Standardisation.		

Tagasisidet standardi sisu kohta on võimalik edastada, kasutades EVS-i veebilehel asuvat tagasiside vormi või saates e-kirja meiliaadressile <u>standardiosakond@evs.ee</u>.

ICS 17.040.01

Standardite reprodutseerimise ja levitamise õigus kuulub Eesti Standardikeskusele

Andmete paljundamine, taastekitamine, kopeerimine, salvestamine elektroonsesse süsteemi või edastamine ükskõik millises vormis või millisel teel ilma Eesti Standardikeskuse kirjaliku loata on keelatud.

Kui Teil on küsimusi standardite autorikaitse kohta, võtke palun ühendust Eesti Standardikeskusega: Aru 10, 10317 Tallinn, Eesti; koduleht <u>www.evs.ee</u>; telefon 605 5050; e-post <u>info@evs.ee</u>

The right to reproduce and distribute standards belongs to the Estonian Centre for Standardisation

No part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, without a written permission from the Estonian Centre for Standardisation.

If you have any questions about copyright, please contact Estonian Centre for Standardisation:

Aru 10, 10317 Tallinn, Estonia; homepage www.evs.ee; phone +372 605 5050; e-mail info@evs.ee

EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE **EUROPÄISCHE NORM**

EN ISO 1

September 2016

ICS 17.040.01

Supersedes EN ISO 1:2002

English Version

Geometrical product specifications (GPS) - Standard reference temperature for the specification of geometrical and dimensional properties (ISO 1:2016)

Spécification géométrique des produits (GPS) -Température normale de référence pour la spécification des propriétés géométriques et dimensionnelles (ISO 1:2016)

Geometrische Produktspezifikation (GPS) -Referenztemperatur für geometrische Produktspezifikation und -prüfung (ISO 1:2016)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 7 August 2016.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and United Kingdom.



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B-1000 Brussels

European foreword

This document (EN ISO 1:2016) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 213 "Dimensional and geometrical product specifications and verification" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 290 "Dimensional and geometrical product specification and verification" the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by March 2017, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by March 2017.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN ISO 1:2002.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 1:2016 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 1:2016 without any modification.

Page

Contents

For	eword	iv
Intr	roduction	v
1	Scope	
2	Terms and definitions	
3	Standard reference temperature value for the specification of geometrical and dimensional properties	
Anr	nex A (informative) Use of the reference temperature specification	2
Anr	nex B (informative) Relation to the GPS matrix model	
Bib	liography	4
	On to a Drowiew Concrete of the Drow of th	
© IS	0 2016 – All rights reserved	iii

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: <u>www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html</u>.

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 213, *Dimensional and geometrical product specifications and verification*.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 1:2002), which has been technically revised. Specifically, the following points have changed:

- the standard reference temperature definition has been included; consequently, the title, introduction and scope, have been changed;
- the general definition of reference temperature has been included.

Introduction

This International Standard is a geometrical product specification (GPS) standard and is to be regarded as a fundamental GPS Standard (see ISO 14638:2015^[1]). For more detailed information on the relationship of this International Standard to other standards and the GPS matrix model, see <u>Annex B</u>.

The definitions of the units, including those of length and temperature, are adopted by the General Conference of Weights and Measures (CGPM) under the authority of the Convention of the Metre. These definitions are maintained in the SI brochure.^[5]

The unit of length, the metre, is independent of temperature. The current definition of the metre^[6] is based on the distance light travels in vacuum during a unit of time. However, a physical object is subject to thermal expansion and consequently, its geometrical and dimensional properties are dependent on its temperature. Specifying a reference temperature allows the geometrical and dimensional properties of a physical object to be unambiguously stated.

Geometrical product specifications (GPS) — Standard reference temperature for the specification of geometrical and dimensional properties

1 Scope

This International Standard defines the concepts of a reference temperature and of the standard reference temperature, and specifies the standard reference temperature value for the specification of geometrical and dimensional properties of an object. Some examples of geometrical and dimensional properties include size, location, orientation (including angle), form and surface texture of a workpiece.

This International Standard is also applicable to the definition of the measurand used in verification or calibration.

2 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

2.1

reference temperature

temperature of an object, having a uniform temperature, specified as part of the definition of a geometrical or dimensional property

Note 1 to entry: The specification of a geometrical or dimensional property is typically given in technical product documentation, e.g., on an engineering drawing or in a CAD file, or in the specification of the measurand (the quantity intended to be measured).

2.2

standard reference temperature

internationally agreed-upon reference temperature

Note 1 to entry: In prior editions of this International Standard, the term "standard reference temperature" was defined as its assigned numerical value, i.e. 20 °C. In this edition, the definition of the *reference temperature* (2.1) and the assignment of a standardized value to this temperature are separately addressed (Clause 3).

3 Standard reference temperature value for the specification of geometrical and dimensional properties

The standard reference temperature value for the specification of geometrical and dimensional properties shall be fixed at 20 °C. Unless otherwise explicitly specified, the reference temperature for geometrical and dimensional properties of workpieces shall be the standard reference temperature. See Annex A for information on the use of the reference temperature specification.

NOTE 1 There is only one standard reference temperature value and it is fixed at 20 °C. However, this does not prevent a different (non-standard) reference temperature from being specified for all geometrical and dimensional properties of a workpiece or for a specific geometrical or dimensional property on a workpiece, provided it is explicitly stated as part of the specification.

NOTE 2 The specification of a non-standard reference temperature may increase the measurement uncertainty during verification because most dimensional measuring equipment and gauges are calibrated with their measurand defined at the standard reference temperature.