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**Assembly tools for screws and nuts —  
Square drive sockets —**

**Part 2:  
Machine-operated sockets (“impact”)**

*Outils de manoeuvre pour vis et écrous — Douilles à carré  
conducteur femelle —*

*Partie 2: Douilles à machine (impact)*



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## Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see [www.iso.org/directives](http://www.iso.org/directives)).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see [www.iso.org/patents](http://www.iso.org/patents)).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see the following URL: [Foreword — Supplementary information](#).

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 29, *Small tools*, Subcommittee SC 10, *Assembly tools for screws and nuts, pliers and nippers*.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 2725-2:2007), which has been technically revised.

The following main changes have been made with respect to the previous edition:

- a) additional widths across flat sizes not covered by ISO 272 included, in order to better reflect the current market situation;
- b)  $d_{3\min}$  calculated from maximum thread diameter  $D_{\max}$  (the largest nominal thread diameter found in current standards).

ISO 2725 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Assembly tools for screws and nuts — Square drive sockets*:

- *Part 1: Hand-operated sockets*
- *Part 2: Machine-operated sockets ('impact')*
- *Part 3: Machine-operated sockets ('non-impact')*

# Assembly tools for screws and nuts — Square drive sockets —

## Part 2: Machine-operated sockets (“impact”)

### 1 Scope

This part of ISO 2725 specifies dimensions, designation, and marking of machine-operated “impact” square drive sockets with operating end having a hexagonal or double hexagonal form in accordance with ISO 1174-2.

NOTE 1 Machine-operated “impact” square drive sockets are listed under number 2 2 02 01 0 in ISO 1703.

NOTE 2 The figures in this part of ISO 2725 are given only as examples. They are not intended to influence the manufacturer’s design.

### 2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 691, *Assembly tools for screws and nuts — Wrench and socket openings — Tolerances for general use*

ISO 1174-2, *Assembly tools for screws and nuts — Driving squares — Part 2: Driving squares for power socket tools*

ISO 1711-2, *Assembly tools for screws and nuts — Technical specifications — Part 2: Machine-operated sockets (“impact”)*

ISO 4014, *Hexagon head bolts — Product grades A and B*

ISO 4032, *Hexagon regular nuts (style 1) — Product grades A and B*

### 3 Tolerances for width across flats

Tolerances for width across flats,  $s$ , shall be in conformity with the tolerances for socket openings given in ISO 691. Manufacturers are free to choose the series of deviations.

### 4 Dimensions

[Table 1](#) to [Table 6](#) give the dimensions, in millimetre, of sockets shown in [Figure 1](#) to [Figure 3](#) for driving squares of 6,3 to 40 (in accordance with ISO 1174-2). [Table 7](#) and [Table 8](#) give the dimensions, in millimetre, of the retaining pin and the dimensions of the retaining ring respectively, shown in [Figure 4](#).

NOTE Width across flats,  $s$ , are partly taken from ISO 272.

When using male square drive Form E according to ISO 1174-2, guide-ways in both possible connection positions are at the manufacturer’s discretion.