## Adhesives - Wood adhesives -Determination of tensile strength of lap joints at elevated temperature (WATT'91)

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### EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA

### **NATIONAL FOREWORD**

Käesolev Eesti standard EVS-EN 14257:2006 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN 14257:2006 ingliskeelset teksti.	This Estonian standard EVS-EN 14257:2006 consists of the English text of the European standard EN 14257:2006.
Käesolev dokument on jõustatud 31.07.2006 ja selle kohta on avaldatud teade Eesti standardiorganisatsiooni ametlikus väljaandes.	This document is endorsed on 31.07.2006 with the notification being published in the official publication of the Estonian national standardisation organisation.
Standard on kättesaadav Eesti standardiorganisatsioonist.	The standard is available from Estonian standardisation organisation.

### Käsitlusala:

This European Standard specifies a method for testing the strength of wood adhesives at 80 °C.

### Scope:

This European Standard specifies a method for testing the strength of wood adhesives at 80 °C.

ICS 83.180

**Võtmesõnad:** air conditioning, bonding agents, components, determination, heat, joining processes, plastics, resins, strength tests, temperature rise, tensile testing, testing, wood, wood glue, wood products, woodbased sheet materials, wooden boards

# EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE

**EUROPÄISCHE NORM** 

EN 14257

June 2006

ICS 83,180

### **English Version**

# Adhesives - Wood adhesives - Determination of tensile strength of lap joints at elevated temperature (WATT '91)

Adhésifs - Adhésifs pour bois - Détermination de la résistance en traction à température élevée des joints à recouvrement (essai WATT '91)

Klebstoffe - Holzklebstoffe - Bestimmung der Klebfestigkeit von Längsklebungen im Zugversuch in der Wärme (WATT '91)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 21 November 2005.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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### **Foreword**

This European Standard (EN 14257:2006) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 193 "Adhesives", the secretariat of which is held by AENOR.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by December 2006, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by December 2006.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

SAFETY STATEMENT: Persons using this European Standard should be familiar with the normal laboratory practice, in principle. This European Standard does not purport to address all of the safety problems, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user to establish appropriate safety and health practices and to ensure compliance with any regulatory conditions.

### 1 Scope

This European Standard specifies a method for testing the strength of wood adhesives at 80 °C.

NOTE The procedure described is based on a test developed in Germany known originally as the WATT '91 test. It uses the test piece described in EN 205.

### 2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this European Standard. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 205, Adhesives — Wood adhesives for non-structural applications — Determination of tensile shear strength of lap joints

EN 923, Adhesives — Terms and definitions

ISO 5893, Rubber and plastics test equipment — Tensile, flexural and compression types (constant rate of traverse) — Specification

#### 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this European Standard, the terms and definitions given in EN 923 apply.

### 4 Principle

A symmetrical bonded lap joint between two wooden adherents is subjected to a period of heating at controlled temperature and then strained to rupture by a longitudinal force parallel to the grain.

The heating test is normally carried out on thin (0,1 mm) glue lines. However if the manufacturer makes specific claims for the gap filling properties of the test adhesive then the heating test is carried out with both thin and thick (1 mm) glue lines.

### 5 Apparatus

- **5.1** Tensile testing machine, as described in ISO 5893, capable of maintaining a constant strain rate of 50 mm/min. The jaws shall be mounted in such a way as to permit self-alignment whilst the test pieces are being pulled.
- **5.2** Fan assisted oven, capable of maintaining a temperature of  $(80 \pm 2)$  °C.