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FUNKTSIONAALSUS

Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems - Part
5-2: Safety requirements - Functional

EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA

NATIONAL FOREWORD

See Eesti standard EVS-EN 61800-5-2:2017 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN 61800-5-2:2017 ingliskeelset teksti.	This Estonian standard EVS-EN 61800-5-2:2017 consists of the English text of the European standard EN 61800-5-2:2017.
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**Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems - Part 5-2:
Safety requirements - Functional
(IEC 61800-5-2:2016)**

Entraînements électriques de puissance à vitesse variable -
Partie 5-2: Exigences de sécurité - Fonctionnelle
(IEC 61800-5-2:2016)

Elektrische Leistungsantriebssysteme mit einstellbarer
Drehzahl - Teil 5-2: Anforderungen an die Sicherheit -
Funktionale Sicherheit
(IEC 61800-5-2:2016)

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European foreword

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In the official version, for Bibliography, the following notes have to be added for the standards indicated:

IEC 60300-3-1:2003	NOTE	Harmonized as 60300-3-1:2003.
IEC 60664-1:2007	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 60664-1:2007.
IEC 606643	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 60664-3.
IEC 61025	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 61025.
IEC 61078	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 61078.
IEC 61165	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 61165.
IEC 61508-4:2010	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 61508-4:2010.
IEC 61508-5:2010	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 61508-5:2010.
IEC 61511 (series)	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 61511 (series).
IEC 61511-1	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 61511-1.
IEC 61513	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 61513.
IEC 61558 (series)	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 61558 (series).
IEC 61558-1:2005	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 61558-1:2005.
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IEC 61784-3

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IEC 62061

NOTE Harmonized as EN 62061.

ISO 13849-2

NOTE Harmonized as EN ISO 13849-2.

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INTRODUCTION

As a result of automation, demand for increased production and reduced operator physical effort, control systems of machinery and plant items play an increasing role in the achievement of overall safety. These control systems increasingly employ complex electrical/electronic/programmable electronic devices and systems.

Prominent amongst these devices and systems are adjustable speed electrical power drive systems (PDS) that are suitable for use in safety-related applications (*PDS(SR)*).

Examples of industrial applications are:

- machine tools, robots, production test equipment, test benches;
- papermaking machines, textile production machines, calendars in the rubber industry;
- process lines in plastics, chemicals or metal production, rolling-mills;
- cement crushing machines, cement kilns, mixers, centrifuges, extrusion machines;
- drilling machines;
- conveyors, materials handling machines, hoisting equipment (cranes, gantries, etc.);
- pumps, fans, etc.

This standard can also be used as a reference for developers using *PDS(SR)* for other applications.

Users of this standard should be aware that some type C standards for machinery currently refer to ISO 13849-1 for safety-related control systems. In this case, *PDS(SR)* manufacturers may be requested to provide further information (e.g. category and performance level PL) to facilitate the integration of a *PDS(SR)* into the safety-related control systems of such machinery.

NOTE "Type C standards" are defined in ISO 12100 as machine safety standards dealing with detailed safety requirements for a particular machine or group of machines.

There are many situations where control systems that incorporate a *PDS(SR)* are employed, for example as part of safety measures that have been provided to achieve risk reduction. A typical case is guard interlocking in order to exclude personnel from *hazards* where access to the dangerous area is only possible when rotating parts have stopped. This part of IEC 61800 gives a methodology to identify the contribution made by a *PDS(SR)* to identified *safety sub-functions* and to enable the appropriate design of the *PDS(SR)* and verification that it meets the required performance.

Measures are given to co-ordinate the safety performance of the *PDS(SR)* with the intended risk reduction taking into account the probabilities and consequences of its random and systematic faults.

ADJUSTABLE SPEED ELECTRICAL POWER DRIVE SYSTEMS –

Part 5-2: Safety requirements – Functional

1 Scope

This part of IEC 61800, which is a product standard, specifies requirements and makes recommendations for the design and development, integration and validation of safety related power drive systems (*PDS(SR)*) in terms of their functional safety considerations. It applies to adjustable speed electrical power drive systems covered by the other parts of the IEC 61800 series of standards as referred in IEC 61800-2.

NOTE 1 The term “integration” refers to the *PDS(SR)* itself, not to its incorporation into the safety-related application.

NOTE 2 Other parts of IEC 61800 cover rating specifications, EMC, electrical safety, etc.

This International Standard is applicable where functional safety of a *PDS(SR)* is claimed and the *PDS(SR)* is operating mainly in the high demand or continuous mode (see 3.15)

While low demand mode operation is possible for a *PDS(SR)*, this standard concentrates on high demand and continuous mode. *Safety sub-functions* implemented for high demand or continuous mode can also be used in low demand mode. Requirements for low demand mode are given in IEC 61508 series. Some guidance for the estimation of average probability of dangerous failure on demand (PFD_{avg}) value is provided in Annex F.

This part of IEC 61800 sets out safety-related considerations of *PDS(SR)*s in terms of the framework of IEC 61508, and introduces requirements for *PDS(SR)*s as *subsystems* of a safety-related system. It is intended to facilitate the realisation of the electrical/ electronic/ programmable electronic (E/E/PE) parts of a *PDS(SR)* in relation to the safety performance of *safety sub-function(s)* of a PDS.

Manufacturers and suppliers of *PDS(SR)*s by using the normative requirements of this part of IEC 61800 will indicate to users (system integrator, original equipment manufacturer) the safety performance for their equipment. This will facilitate the incorporation of a *PDS(SR)* into a safety-related control system using the principles of IEC 61508, and possibly its specific sector implementations (for example IEC 61511, IEC 61513, IEC 62061 or ISO 13849).

By applying the requirements from this part of the IEC 61800 series, the corresponding requirements of IEC 61508 that are necessary for a *PDS(SR)* are fulfilled.

This part of IEC 61800 does not specify requirements for:

- the *hazard* and risk analysis of a particular application;
- the identification of *safety sub-functions* for that application;
- the initial allocation of *SILs* to those *safety sub-functions*;
- the driven equipment except for interface arrangements;
- secondary *hazards* (for example from failure in a production or manufacturing process);
- the electrical, thermal and energy safety considerations, which are covered in +IEC 61800-5-1;
- the *PDS(SR)* manufacturing process;
- the validity of signals and commands to the *PDS(SR)*.

- security aspects (e.g. cyber security or *PDS(SR)* security of access)

NOTE 3 The functional safety requirements of a *PDS(SR)* are dependent on the application, and can be considered as a part of the overall risk assessment of the *installation*. Where the supplier of the *PDS(SR)* is not responsible for the driven equipment, the *installation* designer is responsible for the risk assessment, and for specifying the functional and safety integrity requirements of the *PDS(SR)*.

This part of IEC 61800 only applies to *PDS(SR)*s implementing *safety sub-functions* with a *SIL* not greater than *SIL* 3.

Figure 1 shows the installation and the functional parts of a *PDS(SR)* that are considered in this part of IEC 61800 and shows a logical representation of a *PDS(SR)* rather than its physical description.

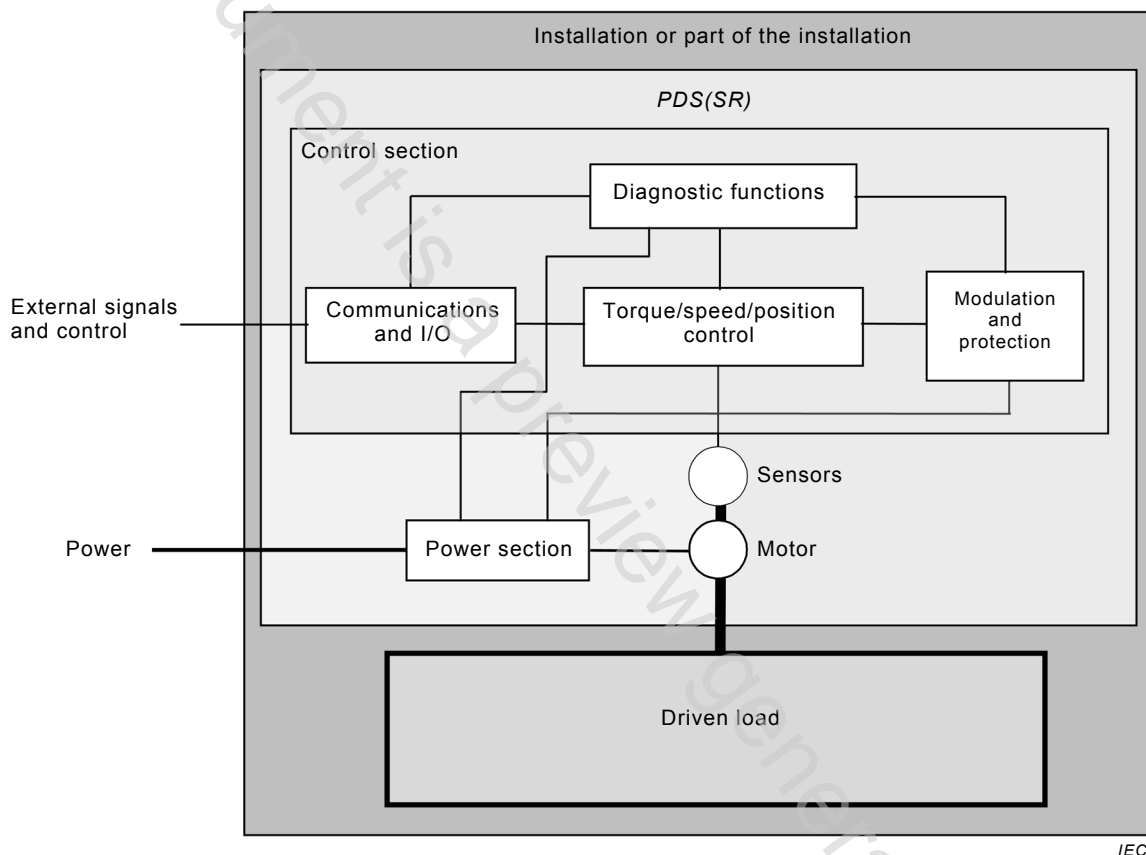


Figure 1 – Installation and functional parts of a *PDS(SR)*

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60204-1, *Safety of machinery – Electrical equipment of machines – Part 1: General requirements*

IEC 61000-2-4:2002, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 2-4: Environment – Compatibility levels in industrial plants for low-frequency conducted disturbances*

IEC 61000-4-2:2008, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-2: Testing and measurement techniques – Electrostatic discharge immunity test*

IEC 61000-4-3:2006, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-3: Testing and measurement techniques – Radiated, radio-frequency, electromagnetic field immunity test*
IEC 61000-4-3:2006/AMD1:2007
IEC 61000-4-3:2006/AMD2:2010

IEC 61000-4-4:2012, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-4: Testing and measurement techniques – Electrical fast transient/burst immunity test*

IEC 61000-4-5:2014, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-5: Testing and measurement techniques – Surge immunity test*

IEC 61000-4-6:2013, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-6: Testing and measurement techniques – Immunity to conducted disturbances, induced by radio-frequency fields*

IEC 61000-4-29:2000, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-29: Testing and measurement techniques – Voltage dips, short interruptions and voltage variations on d.c. input power port immunity tests*

IEC 61000-4-34:2005, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-34: Testing and measurement techniques – Voltage dips, short interruptions and voltage variations immunity tests for equipment with input current more than 16 A per phase*

IEC 61000-6-7:2014, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 6-7: Generic standards – Immunity requirements for equipment intended to perform functions in a safety-related system (functional safety) in industrial locations*

IEC 61400-21:2008, *Wind turbines – Part 21: Measurement and assessment of power quality characteristics of grid connected wind turbines*

IEC 61508-1:2010, *Functional safety of electrical/electronic/programmable electronic safety-related systems – Part 1: General requirements*

IEC 61508-2:2010, *Functional safety of electrical/electronic/programmable electronic safety-related systems – Part 2: Requirements for electrical/electronic/programmable electronic safety-related systems*

IEC 61508-3:2010, *Functional safety of electrical/electronic/programmable electronic safety-related systems – Part 3: Software requirements*

IEC 61508-6:2010, *Functional safety of electrical/electronic/programmable electronic safety-related systems – Part 6: Guidelines on the application of IEC 61508-2 and IEC 61508-3*

IEC 61508-7:2010, *Functional safety of electrical/electronic/programmable electronic safety-related systems – Part 7: Overview of techniques and measures*

IEC 61800-1, *Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems – Part 1: General requirements – Rating specifications for low voltage adjustable speed d.c. power drive systems*

IEC 61800-2:2015, *Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems – Part 2: General requirements – Rating specifications for low voltage adjustable speed a.c. power drive systems*

IEC 61800-3:2004, *Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems – Part 3: EMC requirements and specific test methods*
IEC 61800-3:2004/AMD1:2011

IEC 61800-4, *Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems – Part 4: General requirements – Rating specifications for a.c. power drive systems above 1 000 V a.c. and not exceeding 35 kV*

IEC 61800-5-1:2007, *Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems – Part 5-1: Safety requirements – Electrical, thermal and energy*

ISO 13849-1:2006, *Safety of machinery – Safety-related parts of control systems – Part 1: General principles for design*

ISO 13849-2:2012, *Safety of machinery – Safety-related parts of control systems – Part 2: Validation*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply. Table 1 shows an alphabetical list of terms and definitions

Table 1 – Alphabetical list of terms and definitions

3.1	basic drive module BDM	3.12	hazard	3.23	safety sub-function(s) (of a PDS(SR))
3.2	category	3.13	installation	3.24	safety integrity
3.3	complete drive module CDM	3.14	mission time TM	3.25	safety integrity level SIL
3.4	common cause failure	3.15	mode of operation	3.26	safety-related system
3.5	dangerous failure	3.16	PDS(SR)	3.27	safety requirements specification SRS
3.6	diagnostic coverage DC	3.17	average frequency of a dangerous failure PFH	3.28	SIL capability
3.7	diagnostic test(s)	3.18	Performance Level PL	3.29	subsystem
3.8	fail safe	3.19	safe failure	3.30	systematic failure
3.9	fail safe state FS	3.20	safe failure fraction SFF	3.31	systematic safety integrity
3.10	fault reaction function	3.21	safe state	3.32	validation
3.11	functional safety	3.22	safety function	3.33	verification

NOTE Throughout this International Standard, references to the following definitions are identified by writing them in *italic* script.

3.1 basic drive module BDM

electronic power converter and related control, connected between an electric supply and a motor

Note 1 to entry: The *BDM* is capable of transmitting power from the electric supply to the motor and can be capable of transmitting power from the motor to the electric supply.

Note 2 to entry: The *BDM* controls some or all of the following aspects of power transmitted to the motor and motor output: current, frequency, voltage, speed, torque, force.