High-voltage switchgear and controlgear - Part 212: Compact Equipment Assembly for Distribution Substation (CEADS)



EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA

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See Eesti standard EVS-EN 62271-212:2017 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN 62271-212:2017 ingliskeelset teksti.	This Estonian standard EVS-EN 62271-212:2017 consists of the English text of the European standard EN 62271-212:2017.
Standard on jõustunud sellekohase teate avaldamisega EVS Teatajas	This standard has been endorsed with a notification published in the official bulletin of the Estonian Centre for Standardisation.
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European foreword

The text of document 17C/645/FDIS, future edition 1 of IEC 62271-212, prepared by SC 17C "Assemblies" of IEC/TC 17 "High-voltage switchgear and controlgear" was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and approved by CENELEC as EN 62271-212:2017.

The following dates are fixed:

•	latest date by which the document has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement	(dop)	2017-08-30
•	latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the document have to be withdrawn	(dow)	2019-11-30

This document supersedes EN 50532:2010.

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Endorsement notice

The text of the International Standard IEC 62271-212:2016 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

In the official version, for Bibliography, the following notes have to be added for the standards indicated:

IEC 60059:1999	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 60059:1999 (not modified).
IEC 60076-13:2006	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 60076-13:2006 (not modified).
IEC 61936-1:2010	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 61936-1:2010 (modified).
IEC 62271-4:2013	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 62271-4:2013 (not modified).
IEC/TR 62271-208:2009	NOTE	Harmonized as IEC/TR 62271-208:2010 (not modified).

Annex ZA (normative)

Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE 1 When an International Publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

NOTE 2 Up-to-date information on the latest versions of the European Standards listed in this annex is available here: www.cenelec.eu

<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	EN/HD	<u>Year</u>
IEC 60050-441	1984	International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) - Chapter 441: Switchgear, controlgear and fuses	-	-
IEC 60050-461	2008	International Electrotechnical Vocabulary - Part 461: Electric cables	-	-
IEC 60076	Series	Power transformers	EN 60076	Series
IEC 60076-1	2011	Power transformers - Part 1: General	EN 60076-1	2011
IEC 60076-2	2011	Power transformers - Part 2: Temperature rise for liquid-immersed transformers	EN 60076-2	2011
IEC 60076-3	2013	Power transformers - Part 3: Insulation levels, dielectric tests and external clearances in air	EN 60076-3	2013
IEC 60076-5	2006	Power transformers - Part 5: Ability to withstand short circuit	EN 60076-5	2006
IEC 60076-7	-	Power transformers - Part 7: Loading guide for oil-immersed power transformers	e-	-
IEC 60076-10	2016	Power transformers - Part 10: Determination of sound levels	EN 60076-10	2016
IEC 60076-11	2004	Power transformers - Part 11: Dry-type transformers	EN 60076-11	2004
IEC 60076-12	2008	Power transformers - Part 12: Loading guide for dry-type power transformers	-	-
IEC 60076-15	2015	Power transformers - Part 15: Gas-filled power transformers	- 0/	-
IEC 60243-1	2013	Electric strength of insulating materials - Test methods - Part 1: Tests at power frequencies	EN 60243-1	2013
IEC 60364-4-41 (mod)	2005	Low-voltage electrical installations - Part 4-41: Protection for safety - Protection against electric shock	HD 60364-4-41 n corr. July	2007 2007
IEC 60529	1989	Degrees of protection provided by enclosures (IP Code)	EN 60529 + corr. May	1991 1993

<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	EN/HD	<u>Year</u>
IEC 60664-1	2007	Insulation coordination for equipment within low-voltage systems - Part 1: Principles, requirements and tests	EN 60664-1	2007
IEC 60721-1	1990	Classification of environmental conditions Part 1: Environmental parameters and the severities		1995
IEC 60721-2-2	2012	Classification of environmental conditions Part 2-2: Environmental conditions appearing in nature - Precipitation and wind	- EN 60721-2-2	2013
IEC 60721-2-4	1987	Classification of environmental conditions Part 2: Environmental conditions appearing in nature - Solar radiation and temperature	g	1989
IEC/TS 60815	Series	Selection and dimensioning of high-voltage insulators intended for use in polluted conditions	e-	-
IEC 60947-1	2007	Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear - Part 1: General rules	EN 60947-1	2007
IEC 61439	Series	Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear assemblies	EN 61439	Series
IEC 61439-1	2011	Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear assemblies - Part 1: General rules	EN 61439-1	2011
IEC 62262	2002	Degrees of protection provided by enclosures for electrical equipment agains external mechanical impacts (IK code)	EN 62262 t	2002
IEC 62271-1	2007	High-voltage switchgear and controlgear - Part 1: Common specifications	EN 62271-1	2008
+A1	2011		+A1	2011
IEC 62271-200	2011	High-voltage switchgear and controlgear - Part 200: AC metal-enclosed switchgear and controlgear for rated voltages above 1 kV and up to and including 52 kV	EN 62271-200	2012
IEC 62271-201	2014	High-voltage switchgear and controlgear - Part 201: AC solid-insulation enclosed switchgear and controlgear for rated voltages above 1 kV and up to and including 52 kV	EN 62271-201	2014
IEC 62271-202	2014	High-voltage switchgear and controlgear - Part 202: High-voltage/low-voltage prefabricated substation	EN 62271-202 +AC	2014 2014
ISO/IEC Guide 51	2014	Safety aspects - Guidelines for their inclusion in standards	- 7	-

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INTRODUCTION

Traditionally a high-voltage/low-voltage distribution substation has been constructed by installing the main electrical components —high-voltage switchgear, distribution transformer(s) and the corresponding low-voltage distribution panel(s)- within a closed electrical operating area. It can be a room within a building intended for other (non electrical uses) or a separated housing (prefabricated or not) designed specifically to contain the electrical equipment of the substation or an open area limited by fences.

Some years ago in the search for a more standardized and compact substation, the concept of prefabricated substation was developed. IEC 62271-202 covers this type of substation. According to this document, the main electrical components (high-voltage switchgear, transformer and low-voltage switchgear) are fully in compliance with their respective product standard, and the whole substation, including interconnections and enclosure is designed and type tested and later manufactured and routine tested in the factory. Correspondingly the quality of the substation is assured by the manufacturer.

Moreover, also other types of assemblies have been introduced in the market. These are assemblies comprising the main electrical active components of the substation and their interconnections, delivered as a single product. The product can therefore be type tested, manufactured, routine tested in the factory, transported and then installed in a closed electrical operating area.

This type of factory assembled and type-tested product is covered by this document receiving the generic name CEADS from Compact Equipment Assembly for Distribution Substation. Numerous arrangements are possible and this document provides guidance on basic types of assemblies, which might be envisaged.

A CEADS is not covered by IEC 61936-1. However CEADS is intended to become part of a distribution substation.

Taking into account the closer proximity of the components that even can share some parts (enclosure, solid or fluid insulation...) it is very relevant to pay attention to the potential interaction between them. Therefore to cover CEADS is neither sufficient nor always applicable to refer to the relevant product standards. This document covers any additional design and construction requirements and test methods applicable to the different types of CEADS. In addition to the specified characteristics, particular attention has been paid to the specification concerning the protection of persons, both operators and general public.

The CEADS is also for the interest of committee TC 14: Power transformers, and committee TC 121: Switchgear and controlgear and their assemblies for low voltage.

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HIGH-VOLTAGE SWITCHGEAR AND CONTROLGEAR -

Part 212: Compact Equipment Assembly for Distribution Substation (CEADS)

1 General

1.1 Scope

This part of IEC 62271 specifies the service conditions, rated characteristics, general structural requirements and test methods of the assemblies of the main electrical functional units of a high-voltage/low-voltage distribution substation, duly interconnected, for alternating current of rated operating voltages above 1 kV and up to and including 52 kV on the high-voltage side, service frequency 50 Hz or 60 Hz. This assembly is to be cable-connected to the network, and intended for installation within an indoor or outdoor closed electrical operating area.

A Compact Equipment Assembly for Distribution Substation (CEADS) as defined in this document is designed and tested to be a single product with a single serial number and one set of documentation.

The functions of a CEADS are:

- switching and control for the operation of the high-voltage circuit(s);
- protection of the high-voltage/low-voltage transformer functional unit;
- high-voltage/low-voltage transformation;
- switching and control for the operation and protection of the low-voltage feeders.

However relevant provisions of this document are also applicable to designs where not all of these functions exist (e.g. equipment comprising only high-voltage/low-voltage transformation and switching and control for the operation and protection of the low-voltage feeder functions or equipment without switching and control for the operation of the high-voltage circuit(s)).

NOTE For the purpose of this document a self-protected transformer is considered not as a CEADS, but as a functional unit, designed and type tested to its own product standard IEC 60076-13:2006.

1.2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60050-441:1984, International Electrotechnical Vocabulary – Switchgear, controlgear and fuses

IEC 60050-461:2008, International Electrotechnical Vocabulary – Part 461: Electric cables

IEC 60076 (all parts), Power transformers

IEC 60076-1:2011, Power transformers – Part 1: General

IEC 60076-2:2011, Power transformers – Part 2: Temperature rise for liquid-immersed transformers