Building hardware - Electrically controlled hold-open systems for fire/smoke door assemblies - Requirements, test methods, application and maintenance

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## **EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA**

## **NATIONAL FOREWORD**

Käesolev Eesti standard EVS-EN 14637:2007 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN 14637:2007 ingliskeelset teksti.

Käesolev dokument on jõustatud 18.12.2007 ja selle kohta on avaldatud teade Eesti standardiorganisatsiooni ametlikus väljaandes.

Standard on kättesaadav Eesti standardiorganisatsioonist.

This Estonian standard EVS-EN 14637:2007 consists of the English text of the European standard EN 14637:2007.

This document is endorsed on 18.12.2007 with the notification being published in the official publication of the Estonian national standardisation organisation.

The standard is available from Estonian standardisation organisation.

#### Käsitlusala:

This European Standard specifies requirements, methods of test and performance criteria against which the compatibility of components and their performance can be assessed when used in combination to form an electrically controlled hold-open system. It also specifies requirements for the integrity of such holdopen systems when connected to fire detection and fire alarm systems or other systems, including the signal exchange and technical data for interfaces. This European Standard provides requirements for the application of electrically controlled hold-open systems used for fire/smoke doors in buildings, where such doors are required to be self-closing. It covers planning, design (see Annex A), installation (see Annex B), commissioning, use and maintenance (see Annex E) of hold-open systems, intended for the protection of life and/or the protection of property. This may also include hold-open systems, or components of the hold-open system, that are self-contained in a single enclosure. Electrically controlled hold-open systems manufactured, installed and serviced in accordance with this European Standard are recommended for use wherever there is a requirement for reliable hold-open and release of an individual self-closing fire/smoke door assembly in the case of fire.

### Scope:

This European Standard specifies requirements, methods of test and performance criteria against which the compatibility of components and their performance can be assessed when used in combination to form an electrically controlled hold-open system. It also specifies requirements for the integrity of such holdopen systems when connected to fire detection and fire alarm systems or other systems, including the signal exchange and technical data for interfaces. This European Standard provides requirements for the application of electrically controlled hold-open systems used for fire/smoke doors in buildings, where such doors are required to be self-closing. It covers planning, design (see Annex A), installation (see Annex B), commissioning, use and maintenance (see Annex E) of hold-open systems, intended for the protection of life and/or the protection of property. This may also include hold-open systems, or components of the hold-open system, that are self-contained in a single enclosure. Electrically controlled hold-open systems manufactured, installed and serviced in accordance with this European Standard are recommended for use wherever there is a requirement for reliable hold-open and release of an individual self-closing fire/smoke door assembly in the case of fire.

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## EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

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## **English Version**

# Building hardware - Electrically controlled hold-open systems for fire/smoke door assemblies - Requirements, test methods, application and maintenance

Quincaillerie pour le bâtiment - Systèmes de retenue contrôlés électriquement pour blocs-portes, coupe-feu ou pare-fumée - Exigences, méthode d'essai, mise en œuvre et maintenance

Schlösser und Baubeschläge - Elektrisch gesteuerte Feststellanlagen für Feuer-/Rauchschutztüren -Anforderungen, Prüfverfahren, Anwendung und Wartung

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 30 September 2007.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

Management Centre: rue de Stassart, 36 B-1050 Brussels

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## **Foreword**

This document (EN 14637:2007) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 33 "Doors, windows, shutters, building hardware and curtain walling", the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by May 2008, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by May 2008.

This European Standard is part of a series of European Standards dedicated to building hardware products.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Oralian Sanatalan Sanatala Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

## Introduction

The purpose of an electrically controlled hold-open system is to reliably hold open and then release self-closing fire/smoke control door assemblies at the earliest practicable moment, in the event of fire, but not to generate an alarm signal. In this regard the required function of the fire detectors is different to the normal usage of fire detectors in fire detection and fire alarm systems. In the case of hold-open systems, conforming to this European Standard, the primary objective is to release a door reliably for self-closing and any incidence of false alarms is of secondary importance. In the case of fire detection and fire alarm systems, however, the incidence of false alarms needs to be kept to the absolute minimum (See 6.1.1 and 6.1.2). This does not, however, exclude the fact that detectors of fire detection and fire alarm systems may be used to initiate door release signals. A logic diagram for modes of operation of an electrically controlled hold-open system is shown in Figure 3.

This European Standard is drafted on the basis of essential system functions and components which are provided on all electrically controlled hold-open systems and which comprise hold-open device(s), a control unit, a power supply unit, and fire detector(s) (see Figure 1). Options with requirements for additional system functions and components can also be provided, such as remote indicating devices, interconnecting cables, door position sensors, interfaces with other systems, manual controls and a stand-by power supply (see Figure 2).

It is intended that the options be used for specific applications. The optional function(s) and components are included separately, with their own set of associated requirements, in order to permit electrically controlled hold-open systems with many different combinations of functions to conform to this European Standard. Where an option is taken, corresponding requirements are included.

The performance tests incorporated in this European Standard are reproducible and, as such, will provide a consistent and objective assessment of the performance of these hold-open systems.

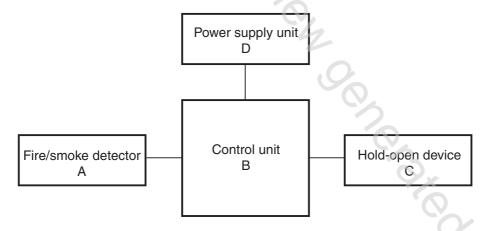
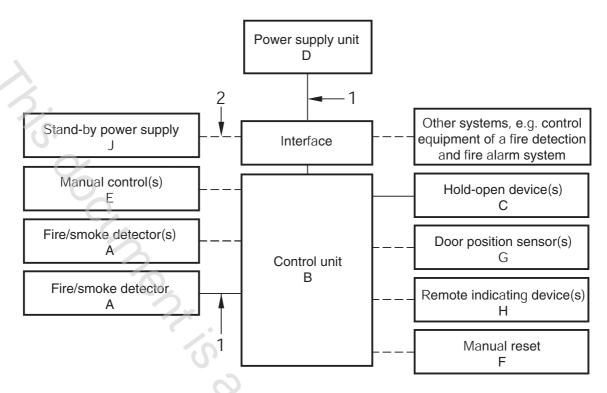


Figure 1 — Basic system components with essential functions



## Key

- 1 Connection cable
- 2 Connection cable (optional)

NOTE The dotted lines linking various components indicate the optional components that can be included in the system.

Figure 2 — Typical system with additional functions and components

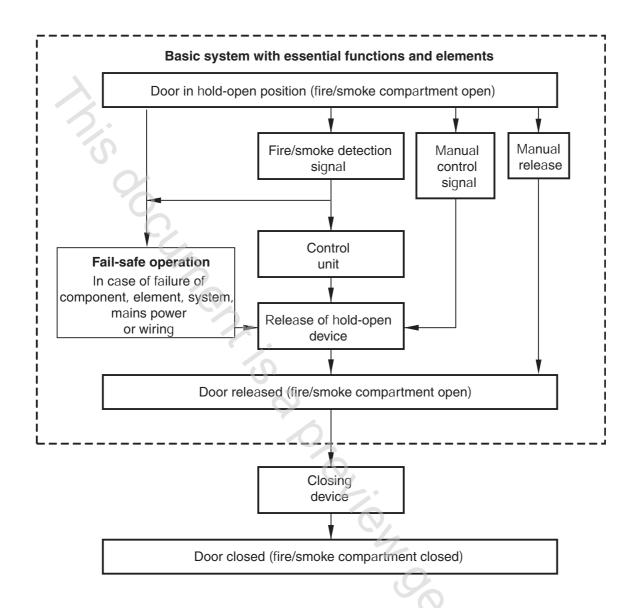


Figure 3 — Logic diagram for modes of operation of an electrically controlled hold-open system

## 1 Scope

This European Standard specifies requirements, methods of test and performance criteria against which the compatibility of components and their performance can be assessed when used in combination to form an electrically controlled hold-open system. It also specifies requirements for the integrity of such hold-open systems when connected to fire detection and fire alarm systems or other systems, including the signal exchange and technical data for interfaces.

This European Standard provides requirements for the application of electrically controlled hold-open systems used for fire/smoke doors in buildings, where such doors are required to be self-closing. It covers planning, design (see Annex A), installation (see Annex B), commissioning, use and maintenance (see Annex E) of hold-open systems, intended for the protection of life and/or the protection of property. This may also include hold-open systems, or components of the hold-open system, that are self-contained in a single enclosure.

Electrically controlled hold-open systems manufactured, installed and serviced in accordance with this European Standard are recommended for use wherever there is a requirement for reliable hold-open and release of an individual self-closing fire/smoke door assembly in the case of fire.

The use of hold-open systems for closures in conveyor systems conforming to EN 1366-7, which applies in conjunction with EN 1363-1, may require additional proof of suitability, which is not covered by this European Standard.

This European Standard does not cover design, installation, commissioning, use and maintenance of building fire detection and fire alarm systems (covered by CEN/TS 54-14) but does cover the connection of hold-open systems conforming to this European Standard to building fire detection and fire alarm systems, under certain prescribed conditions.

This European Standard does not cover the requirements of performance characteristics and operational environment conditions of particular components of a hold-open system, where these requirements are already covered by European specifications, and which include appropriate test methods to assure reproducible test results for the product conformity assessment. These European Standards are referred to in Clause 5.

This European Standard does not cover electrically controlled systems used for smoke venting purposes or systems that allow the door to remain open under fault conditions (i.e. not fail-safe).

This European Standard does not cover electrically controlled hold-open systems that are not connected to main power supply and are battery powered only.

## 2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 54-1:1996, Fire detection and fire alarm systems — Part 1: Introduction

EN 54-2:1997, Fire detection and fire alarm systems — Part 2: Control and indicating equipment

EN 54-4:1997, Fire detection and fire alarm systems — Part 4: Power supply equipment

EN 54-5, Fire detection and fire alarm systems — Part 5: Heat detectors — Point detectors

EN 54-7:2000, Fire detection and fire alarm systems — Part 7: Smoke detectors — Point detectors using scattered light, transmitted light or ionization

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CEN/TS 54-14:2004, Fire detection and fire alarm systems — Part 14: Guidelines for planning, design, installation, commissioning, use and maintenance

EN 1155:1997, Building hardware — Electrically powered hold-open devices for swing doors — Requirements and test methods

EN 1191, Windows and doors — Resistance to repeated opening and closing — Test method

EN 1634 (all parts), Fire resistance and smoke control tests for door and shutter assemblies, openable windows and elements of building hardware

EN 1670:1998, Building hardware — Corrosion resistance — Requirements and test methods

EN 12605, Industrial, commercial and garage doors and gates — Mechanical aspects — Test methods

prEN 12650-1:1996, Building hardware — Powered pedestrian doors — Part 1: Product requirements and test methods

EN 12978, Industrial, commercial and garage doors and gates — Safety devices for power operated doors and gates — Requirements and test methods

EN 60068-1, Environmental testing — Part 1: General and guidance (IEC 60068-1:1988 + Corrigendum 1988 + A1:1992)

EN 60068-2-1:2007, Environmental testing – Part 2: Tests — Tests A: Cold (IEC 60068-2-1:1990)

EN 60068-2-2:1993, Basic environmental testing procedures — Part 2: Tests, Tests B: Dry heat (IEC 60068-2-2:1974/A1:1993)

EN 60068-2-6:1995, Environmental testing — Part 2: Tests — Tests Fc: Vibration (sinusoidal) (IEC 60068-2-6:1995 + Corrigendum 1995)

EN 60068-2-78:2001, Environmental testing — Part 2-78: Tests; Test Cab: Damp heat, steady state (IEC 60068-2-78:2001)

EN 60669-1, Switches for household and similar fixed-electrical installations — Part 1: General requirements (IEC 60669- 1:1998, modified)

EN 60950-1, Information technology equipment — Safety — Part 1: General requirements (IEC 60950-1:2005, modified)

EN 61000-3-2, Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) — Part 3-2: Limits — Limits for harmonic current emissions (equipment input current up to and including 16 A per phase) (IEC 61000-3-2:2005)

EN 61000-3-3, Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) — Part 3: Limits — Section 3: Limitation of voltage fluctuations and flicker in low-voltage supply systems for equipment with rated current ≤ 16 A (IEC 61000-3-3:1994)

EN 61000-6-2, Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) — Part 6-2: Generic standards — Immunity for industrial environments (IEC 61000-6-2:2005)

EN 61000-6-3, Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) — Part 6-3: Generic standards; Emission standard for residential, commercial and light-industrial environments (IEC 61000-6-3:2006)