INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

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Information technology — Process assessment —

Part 3:

Guidance on performing an assessment

Technologies de l'information — Évaluation des procédés du logiciel — Partie 3: Réalisation d'une évaluation



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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work. In the field of information technology, ISO and EC have established a joint technical committee, ISO/IEC JTC 1.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of the joint echnical committee is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the joint technical committee are circulated to the national bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO/IEC 15504-3 was prepared by Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC/TC JTC 1, Information technology, Subcommittee SC 7, Software and system in gineering.

▲R 15504-4:1998 and ISO/IEC TR 15504-6:1998, which have This first edition cancels and replaces ISO/IEC been technically revised.

under the general title Information technology — Process ISO/IEC 15504 consists of the following parts, assessment:

- Part 2: Performing an assessment
- Part 3: Guidance on performing an assessment
- Part 3: Guidance on perionning an assessment.

 Part 4: Guidance on use for process improvement and process capability determination

The following parts are in preparation:

- Part 1: Concepts and vocabulary
- Part 5: An exemplar Process Assessment Model

The complete series will replace ISO/IEC TR 15504-1 to ISO/IEC TR 15504-

Introduction

This part of ISO/IEC 15504 assumes familiarity with the normative part of the standard. It is primarily addressed to the competent assessor and other people, such as the sponsor of the assessment, who need guidance on ensuring that the requirements for performing an assessment have been met. It will also be of value to developers of assessment methods and of tools to support an assessment.

ISO/IEC 15504-1 will provide a general introduction to the concepts of process assessment and a glossary for assessment related terms.

ISO/IEC 15504-2 sets out the prinimum requirements for performing an assessment that ensure consistency and repeatability of the ratings. The requirements help to ensure that the assessment output is self-consistent and provides evidence to substantiate the ratings and to verify compliance with the requirements.

ISO/IEC 15504-2 defines the Measurement Framework for process capability and the requirements for:

- a) performing an assessment;
- b) process reference models;
- c) process assessment models;
- d) verifying conformity of process assessment.

This part of ISO/IEC 15504 provides guidance for interpreting the minimum requirements for performing an assessment. It also provides guidance on:

- the nature of the measurement framework;
- the role and function of process reference models;
- the requirements for and selection of a process assessment model
- the selection and use of assessment tools;
- criteria for assessor competence; and
- verification of conformity of process assessment.

ISO/IEC 15504-3 incorporates, as Annex A, an exemplar documented assessment process

Process assessment, as defined in this International Standard, is based on a two dimensional model containing a process dimension and a capability dimension. The process dimension is provided by an external process reference model, which defines a set of processes characterized by statements of process purpose and process outcomes. The capability dimension consists of a measurement framework comprising six process capability levels and their associated process attributes.

The assessment output consists of a set of process attribute ratings for each process assessed, termed the process profile, and may also include the capability level achieved by that process.

Process assessment is applicable in the following circumstances:

 a) by or on behalf of an organization with the objective of understanding the state of its own processes for process improvement;

- b) by or on behalf of an organization with the objective of determining the adequacy of its own processes for a particular requirement or class of requirements;
- c) by or on behalf of an organization with the objective of determining the adequacy of another organization's processes for a particular contract or class of contracts.

As described in ISO/IEC 15504-4, process assessment is an activity that can be performed either as part of a process improvement initiative or as part of a capability determination approach. The formal entry to the assessment process occurs with the compilation of the assessment input, which defines the purpose of the assessment (why it is being carried out), the scope of the assessment, what constraints apply to the assessment and any additional information that needs to be gathered. The assessment input also defines the responsibility of the various parties in the performance of an assessment. An assessor who has the necessary competence and skills oversees the assessment. Assessors may be from within the organization, external to the organization or a combination of both.

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An assessment is carbet out against a defined assessment input utilizing conformant process assessment model(s) related to one of more conformant or compliant process reference models. ISO/IEC 15504-5 contains an exemplar process assessment model that is based upon the process reference model defined in Annex F of ISO/IEC 12207: 1954 Amd 1:2002.

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Information technology — Process assessment —

Part 3:

Guidance on performing an assessment

1 Scope

This part of ISO/IEC 15504 provides guidance on meeting the minimum set of requirements for performing an assessment contained in ISO/IEC 15504-2.

It provides an overview of process assessment and interprets the requirements through the provision of guidance on:

- a) performing an assessment;
- b) the measurement framework for process capability;
- process reference models and process assessment models;
- d) selecting and using assessment tools;
- e) competency of assessors;
- f) verification of conformity.

This document uses the following schema: the text inside a box s quoted from the normative ISO/IEC 15504-2 and the text following a box is guidance about the normative text. If the quoted text includes a clause reference, it is understood that ISO/IEC 15504-2 should be referred to.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO/IEC 15504-2:2003, Information technology — Process assessment — Part 2: Performing an assessment

ISO/IEC TR 15504-9, Information technology — Software process assessment — Part 9: Vocabulary 1)

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO/IEC TR 15504-9 apply.

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¹⁾ A revision of this document is in preparation under the following reference: ISO/IEC 15504-1.