Kraanad. Ujuvkraanad. Osa 1: Üldotstarbelised ujuvkraanad

Cranes - Offshore cranes - Part 1: General-purpose Tex offshore cranes



EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA

NATIONAL FOREWORD

See Eesti standard EVS-EN 13852-1:2013 sisaldab	This Estonian standard EVS-EN 13852-1:2013
Euroopa standardi EN 13852-1:2013 ingliskeelset	consists of the English text of the European standard
teksti.	EN 13852-1:2013.
Standard on jõustunud sellekohase teate avaldamisega EVS Teatajas.	This standard has been endorsed with a notification published in the official bulletin of the Estonian Centre for Standardisation.
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EUROPEAN STANDARD

EN 13852-1

NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

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English Version

Cranes - Offshore cranes - Part 1: General-purpose offshore cranes

Appareils de levage à charge suspendue - Grues off-shore - Partie 1: Grues off-shore pour usage général

Krane - Offshore-Krane - Teil 1: Offshore-Krane für allgemeine Verwendung

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CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

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Foreword

This document (EN 13852-1:2013) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 147 "Cranes - Safety", the secretariat of which is held by BSI.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by March 2014, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by March 2014.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN 13852-1:2004.

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association, and supports essential requirements of EU Directive(s).

For relationship with EU Directive(s), see informative Annex ZA and Annex ZB which are integral parts of this document.

Since the previous version, major changes have been made including the scope. New requirements are introduced on load chart, electrotechnical and non electrical equipment, mode and rigging selector, back-up brake on luffing winches, wire ropes, lighting, dropped object protection, controls, data recorder, motion limiters, rated capacity limiter, boom backstop, emergency operation system, fire protection and protective earthing, etc. Major changes have also been made to Annexes B, F, G, K, M and O.

There are several updates in standard references, and a number of clauses have been redrafted for reasons of clarity and technical and editorial accuracy.

EN 13852, Cranes — Offshore cranes, is composed of the following parts:

- Part 1: General-purpose offshore cranes (the present document);
- Part 2: Floating cranes.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

5

Introduction

This European Standard has been prepared to be a harmonised standard to provide one means for general purpose offshore cranes to conform to the essential health and safety requirements of the Machinery Directive, as mentioned in Annex ZA.

Absolute safety of cranes cannot be ensured by design alone, as their operation depends on the skill of operators, maintenance personnel and inspectors as well as on the numerous technical parameters relating to the crane and its operating environment, which can have large scatter.

As many of the hazards related to general-purpose offshore cranes relate to their operating environment and use, it is assumed in the preparation of this European Standard that all the relevant information relating to the use and operating environment of the crane has been exchanged between the manufacturer and user (as recommended in ISO 9374-1:1989 and ISO 9374-4:1989) covering such issues as, for example:

- clearances;
- requirements concerning protection against hazardous environments;
- processed materials, such as potentially flammable or explosive material (e.g. hydrocarbons, combustible dust, etc).

This European Standard is a type C standard as stated in EN ISO 12100:2010.

The machinery concerned and the extent to which hazards, hazardous situations and hazardous events are covered and indicated in the scope of this European Standard.

When provisions of this type C standard are different from those which are stated in type A or B standards, the provisions of this type C standard take precedence over the provisions of the other standards, for machines that have been designed and built according to the provisions of this type C standard.

A floating crane is a crane mounted on a vessel or barge designed for its support and transport, primarily intended for construction/deconstruction operations in a marine environment.

NOTE 2 EN 13852-2 is not a harmonised standard.

1 Scope

This European Standard specifies the requirements for general-purpose offshore cranes including their supporting pedestals or structures.

The standard is applicable to general-purpose offshore cranes covered by the scope of this European Standard which are manufactured after the date of its publication as EN.

This European Standard is not applicable to general-purpose offshore cranes which are manufactured before the date of its publication as an EN.

This European Standard does not cover use of - or hazards relating to the following:

- a) fabrication, transportation, assembly, dismantling, disabling, scrapping or changing the configuration of the crane;
- b) lifting accessories, i.e. any item between the hook and the load;
- c) minimum design temperature below -20 °C;
- d) operations at an ambient temperature above 45 °C;

NOTE: For equipment designed for operation in explosive atmospheres, the normal ambient temperature range is -20 °C to +40 °C, unless otherwise specified and marked. See Annex O and relevant standards indicated for complete information.

- e) lifting operations involving more than one crane;
- f) accidental loads due to collisions;
- g) hand powered cranes and other cranes with a rated capacity less than 2 t or outreach less than 8 m;
- h) emergency rescue operations; (except training)
- i) subsea lifting operations.

The significant hazards covered by this European standard are identified in Clause 4.

This European Standard includes requirements for the lifting of personnel by a general-purpose offshore crane.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 614-1:2006+A1:2009, Safety of machinery — Ergonomic design principles — Part 1: Terminology and general principles

EN 842:1996+A1:2008, Safety of machinery — Visual danger signals — General requirements, design and testing

EN 953:1997+A1:2009, Safety of machinery — Guards — General requirements for the design and construction of fixed and movable guards

EN 1127-1:2011, Explosive atmospheres — Explosion prevention and protection — Part 1: Basic concepts and methodology

EN 10025-1:2004, Hot rolled products of structural steels — Part 1: General technical delivery conditions

EN 10025-2:2004, Hot rolled products of structural steels — Part 2: Technical delivery conditions for non-alloy structural steels

EN 10025-3:2004, Hot rolled products of structural steels — Part 3: Technical delivery conditions for normalized/normalized rolled weldable fine grain structural steels

EN 10025-4:2004, Hot rolled products of structural steels — Part 4: Technical delivery conditions for thermomechanical rolled weldable fine grain structural steels

EN 10025-5:2004, Hot rolled products of structural steels — Part 5: Technical delivery conditions for structural steels with improved atmospheric corrosion resistance

EN 10025-6:2004+A1:2009, Hot rolled products of structural steels — Part 6: Technical delivery conditions for flat products of high yield strength structural steels in the quenched and tempered condition

EN 10083-1:2006, Steels for quenching and tempering — Part 1: General technical delivery conditions

EN 10083-2:2006, Steels for quenching and tempering — Part 2: Technical delivery conditions for non alloy steels

EN 10204:2004, Metallic products — Types of inspection documents

EN 12077-2:1998+A1:2008, Cranes safety — Requirements for health and safety — Part 2: Limiting and indicating devices

EN 12385-1:2002+A1:2008, Steel wire ropes — Safety — Part 1: General requirements

EN 12385-2:2002+A1:2008, Steel wire ropes — Safety — Part 2: Definitions, designation and classification

EN 12385-3:2004+A1:2008, Steel wire ropes — Safety — Part 3: Information for use and maintenance

EN 12385-4:2002+A1:2008, Steel wire ropes — Safety — Part 4: Stranded ropes for general lifting applications

EN 12644-1:2001+A1:2008, Cranes — Information for use and testing — Part 1: Instructions

EN 12644-2:2000+A1:2008, Cranes — Information for use and testing — Part 2: Marking

EN 13001-1:2004+A1:2009, Cranes — General design — Part 1: General principles and requirements

EN 13001-2:2011¹), Crane safety — General design — Part 2: Load actions

CEN/TS 13001-3-1:2004, Cranes — General design — Part 3-1: Limit states and proof of competence of steel structures

CEN/TS 13001-3-2:2008, Cranes — General design — Part 3-2: Limit states and proof of competence of wire ropes in reeving systems

CEN/TS 13001-3-5:2010, Cranes — General design — Part 3-5: Limit states and proof of competence of forged hooks

EN 13135:2013, Cranes — Safety — Design — Requirements for equipment

¹⁾ This standard is impacted by the corrigendum EN 13001-2:2011/AC:2012.

EN 13411-3:2004+A1:2008, Terminations for steel wire ropes — Safety — Part 3: Ferrules and ferrule-securing

EN 13411-4:2011, Terminations for steel wire ropes — Safety — Part 4: Metal and resin socketing

EN 13411-6:2004+A1:2008, Terminations for steel wire ropes — Safety — Part 6: Asymmetric wedge socket

EN 13411-7:2006+A1:2008, Terminations for steel wire ropes — Safety — Part 7: Symmetric wedge socket

EN 13463-1:2009, Non-electrical equipment for use in potentially explosive atmospheres — Part 1: Basic method and requirements

EN 13478:2001+A1:2008, Safety of machinery — Fire prevention and protection

EN 13557:2003+A2:2008, Cranes — Controls and control stations

EN 13586:2004+A1:2008, Cranes — Access

EN 14502-1:2010, Cranes — Equipment for the lifting of persons — Part 1: Suspended baskets

EN 60079-0:2009, Explosive atmospheres — Part 0: Equipment — General requirements (IEC 60079-0:2007 + corrigendum Dec. 2010)

EN 60079-14:2008, Explosive atmospheres — Part 14: Electrical installations design, selection and erection (IEC 60079-14:2007)

EN 60079-15:2010, Explosive atmospheres — Part 15: Equipment protection by type of protection "n" (IEC 60079-15:2010)

EN 60204-32:2008, Safety of machinery — Electrical equipment of machines — Part 32: Requirements for hoisting machines (IEC 60204-32:2008)

EN 61000-6-2:2005, Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) — Part 6-2: Generic standards — Immunity for industrial environments (IEC 61000-6-2:2005)

EN 61000-6-4:2007 ²⁾, Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) — Part 6-4: Generic standards — Emission standard for industrial environments (IEC 61000-6-4:2006)

EN 61508 (all parts), Functional safety of electrical/electronic/programmable electronic safety-related systems (IEC 61508)

EN ISO 898-1:2013, Mechanical properties of fasteners made of carbon steel and alloy steel — Part 1: Bolts, screws and studs specified property classes — Coarse thread and fine pitch thread (ISO 899-1:2013)

EN ISO 3744:2010, Acoustics — Determination of sound power levels and sound energy levels of noise sources using sound pressure — Engineering methods for an essentially free field over a reflecting plane (ISO 3744:2010)

EN ISO 4413:2010, Hydraulic fluid power — General rules and safety requirements for systems and their components (ISO 4413:2010)

EN ISO 4414:2010, Pneumatic fluid power — General rules and safety requirements for systems and their components (ISO 4414:2010)

²⁾ This text is impacted by the stand-alone amendment EN 61000-6-4:2007/A1:2011 (IEC 61000-6-4:2006/A1:2010).

EN ISO 4871:2009, Acoustics — Declaration and verification of noise emission values of machinery and equipment (ISO 4871:1996)

EN ISO 7731:2008, Ergonomics — Danger signals for public and work areas — Auditory danger signals (ISO 7731:2003)

EN ISO 11201:2010, Acoustics — Noise emitted by machinery and equipment — Determination of emission sound pressure levels at a work station and at other specified positions in an essentially free field over a reflecting plane with negligible environmental corrections (ISO 11201:2010)

EN ISO 11688-1:2009, Acoustics — Recommended practice for the design of low-noise machinery and equipment — Part 1: Planning (ISO/TR 11688-1:1995)

EN ISO 12100:2010, Safety of machinery — General principles for design — Risk assessment and risk reduction (ISO 12100:2010)

EN ISO 13849-1:2008, Safety of machinery — Safety-related parts of control systems — Part 1: General principles for design (ISO 13849-1:2006)

EN ISO 13850:2008, Safety of machinery — Emergency stop — Principles for design (ISO 13850:2006)

IEC 60529 ed2.1 (2001)³⁾, Degrees of protection provided by enclosures (IP Code)

ISO 8566-1:2010, Cranes — Cabins and control stations — Part 1: General

ISO 9927-1:2013, Cranes — Inspections — Part 1: General

ISO 12478-1:1997, Cranes — Maintenance manual — Part 1: General

ISO 12480-1:1997, Cranes — Safe use — Part 1: General

ISO 12482-1:1995, Cranes — Condition monitoring — Part 1: General

ISO 20332:2008, Cranes — Proof of competence of steel structures

FEM 1.001 (10.1998), Rules for the design of hoisting appliances

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in EN ISO 12100:2010 and the following apply.

NOTE Additional terms and definitions specifically addressed in this document are added below.

3.1

actual hook load

total static weight of the load including any equipment placed between the load and the hook

3.2

automatic overload protection system

AOPS

system that automatically safeguards and protects the crane against the effects of a gross overload during operation by allowing the hook to be pulled away from the crane in downwards direction within specified offlead and sidelead angles, without causing significant damage to the crane

³⁾ This standard is impacted by IEC Corrigenda 1 (2003) and 2 (2007).