

**Stationary source emissions -
Determination of mass concentration of
sulphur dioxide - Reference method**

Stationary source emissions - Determination of mass concentration of sulphur dioxide - Reference method

EESTI STANDARDI EESSÖNA**NATIONAL FOREWORD**

Käesolev Eesti standard EVS-EN 14791:2005 sisaldb Euroopa standardi EN 14791:2005 ingliskeelset teksti.	This Estonian standard EVS-EN 14791:2005 consists of the English text of the European standard EN 14791:2005.
Käesolev dokument on jõustatud 28.12.2005 ja selle kohta on avaldatud teade Eesti standardiorganisatsiooni ametlikus väljaandes.	This document is endorsed on 28.12.2005 with the notification being published in the official publication of the Estonian national standardisation organisation.
Standard on kätesaadav Eesti standardiorganisatsioonist.	The standard is available from Estonian standardisation organisation.

Käsitlusala: This European Standard describes a manual method for sampling and determining SO ₂ content in ducts and stacks emitting to the atmosphere by two analytical methods: Ion chromatography and Thorin method.	Scope: This European Standard describes a manual method for sampling and determining SO ₂ content in ducts and stacks emitting to the atmosphere by two analytical methods: Ion chromatography and Thorin method.
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ICS 13.040.40**Võtmesõnad:** air, air pollution, air purification, analysis methods, chimneys

EUROPEAN STANDARD
NORME EUROPÉENNE
EUROPÄISCHE NORM

EN 14791

November 2005

ICS 13.040.40

English Version

Stationary source emissions - Determination of mass concentration of sulphur dioxide - Reference method

Emissions de sources fixes - Détermination de la concentration massique du dioxyde de soufre - Méthode de référence

Emissionen aus stationären Quellen - Bestimmung der Massenkonzentration von Schwefeldioxid - Referenzverfahren

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 30 September 2005.

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This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION
COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION
EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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Contents

	Page
Foreword	5
1 Scope	6
2 Normative references	6
3 Terms, definitions, symbols and abbreviations	6
3.1 Terms and definitions	6
3.2 Symbols	11
3.3 Abbreviations	12
4 Principle.....	13
4.1 General	13
4.2 Measuring principle	13
5 Reagents.....	13
5.1 General	13
5.2 Hydrogen peroxide	13
5.3 Water.....	13
5.4 Absorption solution, H₂O₂.....	13
5.5 Reagents for chromatographic analysis	14
5.5.1 Eluent solution	14
5.5.2 Standard sulphate stock solution, 10,4x10⁻³ mol/l SO₄²⁻	14
5.5.3 Regeneration solution for suppressor	14
5.6 Reagent for Thorin analysis	14
5.6.1 2-propanol [CH₃CH(OH)CH₃]	14
5.6.2 Barium perchlorate, standard volumetric solution, [Ba(ClO₄)₂] = 0,005 mol/l.....	14
5.6.3 Potassium hydroxide, standard volumetric solution, [KOH] = 0,1 mol/l.....	15
5.6.4 Perchloric acid, standard volumetric solution, [HClO₄] = 0,1 mol/l.....	15
5.6.5 Thorin, {4-[2-arsonophenyl]-azo]-3-hydroxy-2,7 naphthalene-disulfonic acid disodium salt} 2 g/l solution.....	15
6 Sampling equipment.....	15
6.1 General	15
6.2 Sampling probe	15
6.3 Filter housing	16
6.4 Particle filter	16
6.5 Temperature controller.....	16
6.6 Absorbers	16
6.6.1 General	16

6.6.2	Test of absorption efficiency	17
6.7	Sampling pump	17
6.8	Gas volume meter	17
7	Sampling procedure	18
7.1	General requirements	18
7.2	Preparation and installation of equipment.....	18
7.2.1	Sampling location	18
7.2.2	Sampling point(s).....	18
7.2.3	Assembling the equipment	19
7.2.4	Heating of the sampling line	19
7.2.5	Leak test	19
7.3	Performing sampling	19
7.3.1	Introduction of the probe in the duct.....	19
7.3.2	Sampling.....	19
7.3.3	Rinsing of the sampling system and preparation of the samples.....	20
7.4	Measuring series.....	20
7.5	Field blank	20
7.6	Absorption efficiency	21
8	Analysis equipment	21
8.1	Ion chromatograph	21
8.2	Thorin method.....	22
8.2.1	General	22
8.2.2	Spectrophotometer (optional).....	22
8.2.3	Glass optical cuvette	22
9	Analytical procedure.....	22
9.1	General	22
9.2	Ion Chromatography method	22
9.2.1	General procedure	22
9.2.2	Interferences	23
9.2.3	Calibration	23
9.3	Thorin Method	24
9.3.1	Pre-treatment of sample solution before analysis for Thorin method.....	24
9.3.2	General procedure	24
9.3.3	Preparation of a chemical blank solution	25
9.3.4	Interferents	25
10	Determination of the characteristics of the method: sampling and analyse.....	26
10.1	General	26
10.2	Relevant performance characteristics of the method and performance criteria	26
10.2.1	General	26

10.2.2 Sampling procedure	26
10.2.3 Analyse procedure.....	27
10.3 Establishment of the uncertainty budget.....	28
11 Expression of results.....	29
12 Evaluation of the method in the field.....	31
13 Equivalence of Thorin and ion chromatography methods	31
13.1 General	31
13.2 Range.....	31
13.3 Matrix effect.....	31
13.4 Comparison of repeatability and trueness.....	31
14 Equivalence with an alternative method	31
15 Test report	32
Annex A (informative) Type of sampling equipment.....	33
Annex B (informative) Examples of absorbers.....	34
Annex C (informative) Example of assessment of compliance or reference method for SO ₂ with requirements on emission measurements.....	35
Annex D (informative) Evaluation of the method	43
Annex E (informative) Test of equivalency of Thorin method and ion chromatography	50
Annex ZA (informative) Relationship with EU Directives	60
Bibliography.....	61

Foreword

This European Standard (EN 14791:2005) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 264 "Air quality", the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by May 2006, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by May 2006.

This European Standard has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association, and supports essential requirements of EU Directive(s).

For relationship with EU Directive(s), see informative Annex ZA, which is an integral part of this European Standard.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

1 Scope

This European Standard describes a manual method for sampling and determining SO₂ content in ducts and stacks emitting to the atmosphere by two analytical methods: Ion chromatography and Thorin method.

This European Standard is the Standard Reference Method (SRM) for periodic monitoring and for calibration or control of Automatic Measuring Systems (AMS) permanently installed on a stack, for regulatory purposes or other purposes. To be used as the SRM, the user shall demonstrate that the performance characteristics of the method are better than the performance criteria defined in this European Standard and that the overall uncertainty of the method is less than $\pm 20,0\%$ relative at the daily Emission Limit Value (ELV).

An Alternative Method to this SRM may be used provided that the user can demonstrate equivalence according to the Technical Specification CEN TS 14793, to the satisfaction of his national accreditation body or law.

This Standard Reference Method has been evaluated during field tests on waste incineration, co-incineration and large combustion installations. It has been validated for sampling periods of 30 min in the range of (0,5 to 2 000) mg/m³ SO₂ for Ion Chromatography variant and 5 mg/m³ to 2 000 mg/m³ SO₂ for Thorin method according to emission limit values laid down in the following Council Directives:

- Council Directive 2001/80/EC on the limitation of emissions of certain pollutants into the air from large combustion plants;
- Council Directive 2000/76/EC on waste incineration plants.

The limit values of EU Directives are expressed in mg SO₂/m³, on dry basis and at the reference conditions of 273 K and 101,3 kPa.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this European Standard. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ENV 13005, *Guide to the expression of uncertainty in measurement*.

EN 13284-1, *Stationary source emissions — Determination of low range mass concentration of dust — Part 1: Manual gravimetric method*.

CEN/TS 14793, *Stationary source emission — Intralaboratory validation procedure for an alternative method compared to a reference method*.

3 Terms, definitions, symbols and abbreviations

3.1 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this European Standard, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1.1

absorber

device in which sulphur oxide is absorbed into an absorption liquid