INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 128-43

> First edition 2015-07-01

Technical pro (TPD) — Genera presentation — Part 43: Projection metawings **Technical product documentation** (TPD) — General principles of

Projection methods in building

Documentation technique de produits (TPD) — Principes généraux de es de pro, représentation —

Partie 43: Méthodes de projection dans les dessins de bâtiment





© ISO 2015, Published in Switzerland

nroduced or utilized 'te internet or an or ISO's mem' All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office Ch. de Blandonnet 8 • CP 401 CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva, Switzerland Tel. +41 22 749 01 11 Fax +41 22 749 09 47 copyright@iso.org www.iso.org

Co	ontents	Page
Fore	reword	iv
1	Scope	1
2	Direct orthographic projection	1
3	Mirrored orthographic projection	2
4	Symbolization	2
	Cumonitis a preview seneral de sur la	
© ISO	50 2015 – All rights reserved	iii

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see the following URL: Foreword — Supplementary information.

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 10, *Technical product documentation*, SC 8, *Construction documentation*.

This first edition of ISO 128-43 cancels and replaces ISO 2594:1972, after being renumbered to be included in the ISO 128 series.

ISO 128 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Technical drawings* — *General principles of presentation*:

- Part 1: Introduction and index
- Part 15: Representation of shipbuilding drawings
- Part 20: Basic conventions for lines
- Part 21: Preparation of lines by CAD systems
- Part 22: Basic conventions and applications for leader lines and reference lines
- Part 23: Lines on construction drawings
- Part 24: Lines on mechanical engineering drawings
- Part 25: Lines on shipbuilding drawings
- Part 30: Basic conventions for views
- Part 34: Views on mechanical engineering drawings
- Part 40: Basic conventions for cuts and sections
- Part 43: Projection methods in building drawings
- Part 44: Sections on mechanical engineering drawings

5

- Part 71: Simply.

This document is a previous generated by tills

Technical product documentation (TPD) — General principles of presentation —

Part 43:

Projection methods in building drawings

1 Scope

This part of ISO 128 defines two projection methods used in building drawings, namely

- direct orthographic projection method and
- mirrored orthographic projection method,

and also provides the symbols applicable for each method.

2 Direct orthographic projection

Direct orthographic projection is the representation of an object obtained by the intersection at right angles of projection lines with a plane.

The view shows the side of the object which faces the artist's eye.

Orthographic projection is the method generally used.

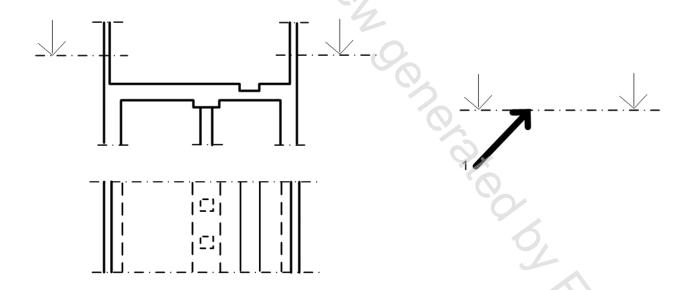


Figure 1 — Direct orthographic projection

Key

1 symbol