

Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems - Part
9-2: Ecodesign for power drive systems, motor starters,
power electronics and their driven applications -
Energy efficiency indicators for power drive systems
and motor starters

EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA

NATIONAL FOREWORD

See Eesti standard EVS-EN 61800-9-2:2017 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN 61800-9-2:2017 ingliskeelset teksti.	This Estonian standard EVS-EN 61800-9-2:2017 consists of the English text of the European standard EN 61800-9-2:2017.
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English Version

**Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems -
Part 9-2: Ecodesign for power drive systems, motor starters,
power electronics and their driven applications - Energy
efficiency indicators for power drive systems and motor starters
(IEC 61800-9-2:2017)**

Entraînements électriques de puissance à vitesse variable -
Partie 9-2: Ecoconception des entraînements électriques de
puissance, des démarreurs de moteurs, de l'électronique de
puissance et de leurs applications entraînées - Indicateurs
d'efficacité énergétique pour les entraînements électriques
de puissance et les démarreurs de moteurs
(IEC 61800-9-2:2017)

Drehzahlveränderbare elektrische Antriebe -
Teil 9-2: Ökodesign für Antriebssysteme, Motorstarter,
Leistungselektronik und deren angetriebene Einrichtungen -
Indikatoren für die Energieeffizienz von Antriebssystemen
und Motorstartern
(IEC 61800-9-2:2017)

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European foreword

The text of document 22G/349/FDIS, future edition 1 of IEC 61800-9-2, prepared by SC 22G "Adjustable speed electric drive systems incorporating semiconductor power converters", of IEC/TC 22 "Power electronic systems and equipment" was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and approved by CENELEC as EN 61800-9-2:2017.

The following dates are fixed:

- latest date by which the document has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement (dop) 2018-01-07
- latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the document have to be withdrawn (dow) 2020-04-07

This document supersedes EN 50598-2:2014.

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This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CENELEC by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association, and supports essential requirements of EU Directive(s).

For the relationship with EU Directive(s) see informative Annex ZZ, which is an integral part of this document.

Endorsement notice

The text of the International Standard IEC 61800-9-2:2017 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

In the official version, for Bibliography, the following notes have to be added for the standards indicated:

IEC 60034	NOTE	Harmonized in EN 60034 series.
IEC/TS 60034-25	NOTE	Harmonized as CLC/TS 60034-25.
IEC 60034-30	NOTE	Harmonized in EN 60034-30 series.
IEC/TS 60034-31	NOTE	Harmonized as CLC/TS 60034-31.
IEC 60146-1-1	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 60146-1-1.
IEC 60947-4-2	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 60947-4-2.
IEC 61000-3-12	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 61000-3-12.
IEC 61800-2	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 61800-2.

IEC 61800-3	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 61800-3.
IEC 61800-5-1	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 61800-5-1.
IEC 61800-9	NOTE	Harmonized in EN 61800-9 series.
IEC 61800-9-1	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 61800-9-1.

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Annex ZA

(normative)

Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE 1 When an International Publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

NOTE 2 Up-to-date information on the latest versions of the European Standards listed in this Annex is available here: www.cenelec.eu.

<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>EN/HD</u>	<u>Year</u>
IEC 60038 (mod)	2009	IEC standard voltages	EN 60038	2011
IEC 60050-161	-	International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) - Chapter 161: Electromagnetic compatibility	-	-
IEC 60034-1	-	Rotating electrical machines - Part 1: Rating and performance	EN 60034-1	2010
IEC 60034-2-1	2014	Rotating electrical machines - Part 2-1: Standard methods for determining losses and efficiency from tests (excluding machines for traction vehicles)	EN 60034-2-1	2014
IEC/TS 60034-2-3	-	Rotating electrical machines - Part 2-3: Specific test methods for determining losses and efficiency of converter-fed AC induction motors	-	-
IEC 60034-30-1	-	Rotating electrical machines - Part 30-1: Efficiency classes of line operated AC motors (IE code)	EN 60034-30-1	2014
IEC 60947-4-1	-	Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear - Part 4-1: Contactors and motor-starters - Electromechanical contactors and motor-starters	EN 60947-4-1 + A1	2010 2012
IEC/TS 61800-8	-	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems - Part 8: Specification of voltage on the power interface	-	-
IEC/TS 62578	-	Power electronics systems and equipment - Operation conditions and characteristics of active infeed converter (AIC) applications including design recommendations for their emission values below 150 kHz	-	-

Annex ZZ (informative)

Relationship between this European Standard and the ecodesign requirements of Commission Regulation (EC) No 640/2009 of 22 July 2009 implementing Directive 2005/32/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to ecodesign requirements for electric motors aimed to be covered

This standard has been prepared following the Commission's standardization request mandate to CEN, CENELEC and ETSI for Standardisation in the field of electrical motors with variable speed control and/or Power Drive System products, M/476 EN, to provide one voluntary means of conforming to ecodesign requirements of Commission Regulation (EC) No 640/2009 of 22 July 2009 implementing Directive 2005/32/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to ecodesign requirements for electric motors.

Once this standard is cited in the Official Journal of the European Union under that Regulation, compliance with the normative clauses of this standard given in Table ZZ.1 confers, within the limits of the scope of this standard, a presumption of conformity with the corresponding ecodesign requirements of that Regulation, and associated EFTA regulations.

Table ZZ.1 – Correspondence between this European Standard and Commission Regulation (EC) No 640/2009 of 22 July 2009, Articles 2.2, 3.2 and 3.3 and Annex I, implementing Directive 2005/32/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to ecodesign requirements for electric motors and Mandate to CEN, CENELEC and ETSI for Standardisation in the field of variable speed drives and/or Power Drive System products M/476, relating to Directive 2009/125/EC establishing a framework for the setting of ecodesign requirements for energy-related products (recast)

Ecodesign requirements of Regulation (EC) No 640/2009	Clause(s) / sub-clause(s) of this EN 61800-9-2	Remarks / Notes
Article 2.2: Definition of variable speed control	Clause 3 sets the international confirmed definitions to comprehensively understand the correct terms needed to purchase and to apply the VSD technology and auxiliaries, as VSD is not the standardized term.	The comprehensive definitions are necessary to clarify possible misunderstandings and to set the link for fulfilling this regulation with necessary equipment in terms of: VSD, ASD, VFD, BDM, CDM, PDS.
Article 3.2: From 1. January 2015: motors with a rated output of 7,5-375 kW shall not be less efficient than the IE3 efficiency level, as defined in Annex I, point 1, or meet the IE2 efficiency level, as defined in Annex I, point 1, and be equipped with a variable speed drive. Article 3.3: From 1 January 2017: motors with a rated output of 0,75-375 kW shall not be less efficient than the IE3 efficiency level, as defined in Annex I, point 1, or meet the IE2 efficiency level, as defined in Annex I, point 1, and be equipped with a variable speed drive.	Subclauses 4.1 and 4.2 set the definitions for the concept of reference losses and for the optional relevant "torque versus speed operating points (including part load conditions)". Subclause 4.3 sets the workflow requirements to analyse the variable speed drive in combination with driven equipment. Subclauses 4.4 - 4.8 set the IE and the IES classification system for converters and variable speed drives. Clause 7 sets the requirements for losses determination and type testing to verify the efficiency classes.	The option to use an IE2 motor in a variable speed application instead of an IE3 motor depends mainly on the torque versus speed characteristic of the driven equipment and how it is applied. In order to do the right optional decision for maximum energy savings, EN 61800-9-2 gives the fundamental requirements, the workflows and the classification system for variable speed drives to do the fundamental assessment in the power range of 0,12 kW up to 1000 kW.

Ecodesign requirements of Regulation (EC) No 640/2009	Clause(s) / sub-clause(s) of this EN 61800-9-2	Remarks / Notes
<p>Annex I, point 2:</p> <p>Information on the mandatory requirement to equip motors, which do not meet the IE3 efficiency level with a variable speed drive, shall be visibly displayed on the rating plate, technical documentation of the motor.</p>	<p>Clause 8 sets the requirements for the documentation that shall be provided by the manufacturers of the electronic frequency converters and the variable speed drives.</p>	<p>All energy efficiency related equipment labels (IE as well as IES classes) are addressed, in order to ensure a classification of the CDM, PDS.</p> <p>Also the provisions of sufficient information are fixed, to recognize this classification for the final application and/or system, where the converters or variable speed drives are used as components.</p>
<p>Annex I, point 2:</p> <p>Manufacturers shall provide information in the technical documentation on any specific precautions that must be taken when motors are assembled, installed, maintained or used with variable speed drives, including information on how to minimize electrical and magnetic fields from variable speed drives.</p>	<p>Subclause 8.4 sets requirements for the determination of additional energy losses and part load conditions depending on the BDM/CDM/PDS architecture and the possible use of options for compliance to other performance or environmental requirements.</p> <p>Clause 2 sets the relevant information on how to minimize electrical and magnetic fields from variable speed drives and the specific information by requesting reference to EN 61800-3 "Electromagnetic compatibility requirements and specific test methods".</p> <p>Subclauses B.3.1 and B.3.2 are describing the use of high frequency electromagnetic interference filters and low frequency line harmonics filters to minimize electrical and magnetic fields from variable speed drive systems.</p>	<p>Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) requirements are specific items for variable speed drives and are handled in the dedicated product standard EN 61800-3.</p> <p>Following those requirements leads to a fully compliant operation of variable speed drives since decades.</p>

WARNING 1: Presumption of conformity stays valid only as long as a reference to this European Standard is maintained in the list published in the Official Journal of the European Union. Users of this standard should consult frequently the latest list published in the Official Journal of the European Union.

WARNING 2: Other Union legislation may be applicable to the motor systems falling within the scope of this standard.

CONTENTS

FOREWORD.....	8
INTRODUCTION.....	10
1 Scope.....	12
2 Normative references	13
3 Terms, definitions, symbols and abbreviated terms.....	14
3.1 Terms and definitions.....	14
3.2 Symbols and abbreviated terms	17
4 Reference PDS (RPDS), reference CDM (RCDM) and reference motor (RM).....	24
4.1 General.....	24
4.2 Reference operating points of the RPDS, RCDM, RM and associated losses	25
4.3 Combining PDS losses with the driven equipment – Workflow for the semi-analytical model (SAM)	27
4.4 IE classes of line-fed motors	29
4.5 IE classes of converter-fed motors	29
4.6 IE Classes of frequency converters (complete drive modules, CDM)	29
4.7 IES Classes of a PDS	29
4.8 Consistency of IE and IES classes	30
4.9 Determination of the IES class of a PDS by application of "reference" and "test" devices and guidance for the manufacturers	30
5 Mathematical model of CDM, motor and PDS	32
5.1 General.....	32
5.2 CDM losses	32
5.2.1 General procedure and definition of the CDM and the test load	32
5.2.2 Output inverter losses	34
5.2.3 Input converter losses	37
5.2.4 Input choke losses	38
5.2.5 DC link losses.....	39
5.2.6 Current conductor losses	39
5.2.7 Control and standby losses.....	40
5.2.8 Cooling loss factor	40
5.2.9 Other CDM losses	40
5.2.10 Overall CDM losses	40
5.3 Motor losses	41
5.3.1 General	41
5.3.2 Additional harmonic losses of three-phase asynchronous motors fed by a CDM	42
5.3.3 Reference motor (RM) data	42
5.4 Reference PDS (RPDS)	43
5.4.1 Reference PDS losses	43
5.4.2 PDS losses at different switching frequencies	44
5.5 PDS losses for regenerative operation	45
5.6 Losses of motor starters	45
6 Limits of IE and IES classes	46
6.1 General.....	46
6.2 CDM	46
6.3 Motor	48
6.4 PDS	48

7	Loss determination	51
7.1	General.....	51
7.2	Type testing of CDM for IE classification	51
7.3	Type testing of PDS for IES classification	52
7.4	Determination procedures for CDM and PDS losses in part load operation.....	52
7.5	CDM loss calculation	53
7.6	PDS loss calculation	53
7.7	Input-output measurement method.....	53
7.7.1	Input-output measurement of CDM losses	53
7.7.2	Input-output measurement of PDS losses	54
7.7.3	Requirements of input-output measurement methods	54
7.8	Calorimetric measurement of CDM losses.....	57
7.9	Testing conditions for CDM testing.....	58
7.10	Testing conditions for PDS testing	59
7.11	Flowcharts for test procedures	59
8	Requirements for the user's documentation	62
8.1	General.....	62
8.2	Information for selection	62
8.3	Information for determination of energy efficiency classification	63
8.4	Information on the determination of additional energy losses and part load conditions	63
8.4.1	General	63
8.4.2	Losses in part load conditions.....	63
8.4.3	Losses of auxiliaries and options	63
8.4.4	Losses in stand-by mode	64
8.4.5	Losses in regenerative mode	64
Annex A	(normative) Losses of RCDM, RM and RPDS.....	65
A.1	Relative loss tables.....	65
Annex B	(informative) Description of the elements of an extended product using PDS with regard to their impact on losses.....	69
B.1	General.....	69
B.2	Losses in the mains cabling and feeding section	69
B.3	Input filter	70
B.3.1	High frequency EMI filter	70
B.3.2	Low frequency line harmonics filter	71
B.4	Input converter.....	71
B.4.1	General	71
B.4.2	Diode rectifier	72
B.4.3	Active infeed converter	72
B.4.4	Power factor of the input converter	74
B.5	DC link.....	75
B.6	Output inverter.....	76
B.7	Output filter and motor cables	77
B.7.1	General	77
B.7.2	Sine wave filters	78
B.7.3	dV/dt filters and motor chokes.....	79
B.7.4	High frequency EMI motor filters.....	79
B.7.5	Motor cables.....	79

B.8	Motor	79
B.9	Mechanical load	79
B.10	Control and standby losses	79
B.11	Cooling losses	80
B.11.1	Primary cooling losses	80
B.11.2	Secondary cooling losses	80
Annex C (informative)	Converter topology	81
C.1	General	81
C.2	Voltage source output inverter topologies different from those mathematically described in 5.2.2	81
C.3	Voltage source input converter topologies different from those mathematically described in 5.2.3	81
C.4	CDM topologies different from voltage source type	82
Annex D (informative)	Motor model and loss interpolation	83
D.1	Overview	83
D.2	Losses of AC motors	83
D.2.1	General	83
D.2.2	Stator and rotor winding I^2R losses ($P_{LS} + P_{LR}$ (for induction or wound rotor motors))	83
D.2.3	Additional losses (P_{LL})	83
D.2.4	Iron losses (P_{Lfe})	84
D.2.5	Friction and windage losses (P_{Lfw})	84
D.2.6	Additional harmonic losses (P_{LHL})	85
D.3	Interpolation formula	85
D.4	Analytical determination of the interpolation coefficients	86
D.4.1	General	86
D.4.2	Additional losses due to frequency converter voltage drop	87
D.4.3	Alternate operating points to determine interpolation coefficients	88
D.4.4	Motors for square-torque applications	89
D.5	Determination of interpolation error	89
D.6	Numerical determination of the interpolation coefficients	89
D.7	Typical IE2 induction motor efficiency	90
Annex E (informative)	Application example for loss calculations of a CDM and a PDS	93
E.1	General	93
E.2	CDM loss determination	93
E.2.1	General	93
E.2.2	Loss determination by maximum losses of neighbouring loss points	94
E.2.3	Loss determination by two-dimensional interpolation of losses of neighbouring loss points	94
E.2.4	Loss determination by the mathematical model described in 5.2	97
E.3	Loss determination of the motor	99
E.4	Loss determination of the PDS	100
Annex F (informative)	Uncertainty of loss determination method	101
F.1	General	101
F.2	Calculation of uncertainty at randomly occurring errors	101
F.3	Comparison of uncertainties for different loss determination methods	101
Annex G (informative)	Calorimetric measurement for CDM losses	102
G.1	General	102
G.2	Calorimeter with two chambers with air as a cooling medium	102

G.3	Calorimeter with one chamber with air as a cooling medium	103
G.4	Calorimeter with liquid as a cooling medium.....	104
Bibliography.....		105
Figure 1 – Illustration of core requirements of energy efficiency standardization		10
Figure 2 – Illustration of the extended product with included motor system		15
Figure 3 – Torque-speed-characteristic of servo PDS		16
Figure 4 – Illustration of the operating points (shaft speed, torque) for the determination of relative losses of the power drive system (RPDS)		25
Figure 5 – Illustration of the operating points (shaft speed, torque) for the determination of relative losses of the reference motor (RM).....		26
Figure 6 – Illustration of the operating points (relative motor stator frequency, relative torque-producing current) for the determination of losses of the reference complete drive module (RCDM)		26
Figure 7 – Illustration of the workflow to determine the energy efficiency index (EEI) of an extended product		28
Figure 8 – Illustration how to combine different data sources to determine the energy efficiency index (EEI) of an extended product		28
Figure 9 – Metrical relation of IE, IES classes.....		30
Figure 10 – Guidance for CDM and Motor manufacturers for the usage of "test" and "reference" devices to determine the IE/IES classes		31
Figure 11 – Illustration of the CDM and the test load.....		32
Figure 12 – Relative losses $p_{L,CDM}$ of the 9,95 kVA RCDM		41
Figure 13 – Example of the relative power losses of PDS as function of speed and torque		44
Figure 14 – Example of the relative power losses versus switching frequency.....		45
Figure 15 – Example of a CDM with resistor for dissipating generated power		45
Figure 16 – Illustration of IE classes for a CDM		48
Figure 17 – Illustration of IES classes of a PDS		49
Figure 18 – Losses of CDM are provided as the sum of the determined losses plus the uncertainty of the determination method		52
Figure 19 – Input-output measurement setup for determination of CDM losses		54
Figure 20 – Input-output measurement setup for PDS losses		54
Figure 21 – Order of CDM measurements from [1] to [8]		56
Figure 22 – Order of PDS measurements from [1] to [8].....		57
Figure 23 – Calorimetric measurement setup for determining CDM losses		58
Figure 24 – Determination of IE classification for CDM and loss determination for part load operating points		60
Figure 25 – Determination of IES classification for PDS and loss determination for part load operating points		61
Figure B.1 – Overview of the extended product and energy flow		69
Figure B.2 – Equivalent circuit of the mains and mains cabling		70
Figure B.3 – Illustration of a single phase line harmonics filter		71
Figure B.4 – PDS with a diode rectifier input converter		72
Figure B.5 – PDS with a standard AIC input converter		73
Figure B.6 – PDS with a F3E-AIC input converter without line choke.....		74

Figure B.7 – Typical waveform of a diode rectifier line current	74
Figure B.8 – DC link circuit	75
Figure B.9 – DC link circuit with additional DC chokes	76
Figure B.10 – Output inverter of the PDS	77
Figure B.11 – Motor cable and optional output filter of the PDS	77
Figure B.12 – Typical waveform of inverter output voltage and motor voltage when using a sine wave output filter.....	78
Figure D.1 – Normative operating points	87
Figure E.1 – Segments of operating points.....	93
Figure E.2 – Two-dimensional interpolation	95
Figure G.1 – One-step calorimetric measurement setup for comparative loss measurement (CDM and heating resistor are loaded simultaneously).....	103
Figure G.2 – Two-step calorimetric measurement setup for comparative loss measurement (CDM and heating resistor are not loaded simultaneously).....	104
Figure G.3 – Liquid cooled calorimetric measurement setup for CDM loss measurement.....	104
Table 1 – Minimum test load currents at different points of operation	33
Table 2 – Test load displacement factor between fundamental output current and fundamental output voltage at different points of operation	33
Table 3 – Reference parameters for Formula (5).....	35
Table 4 – Variables for Formula (5).....	35
Table 5 – Reference parameters for Formula (6).....	35
Table 6 – Reference parameters for Formula (7).....	36
Table 7 – Reference parameters for Formula (8).....	37
Table 8 – Reference parameters for Formula (10).....	38
Table 9 – Variables for Formula (10).....	38
Table 10 – Reference parameters for Formula (11):.....	38
Table 11 – Reference parameters for Formula (12).....	39
Table 12 – Reference parameters for Formula (13).....	39
Table 13 – Reference parameter for Formula (15).....	40
Table 14 – Reference parameter for Formula (14).....	40
Table 15 – Relative losses of the 400 V/9,95 kVA reference CDM at the operating points described in Figure 6	41
Table 16 – Reference parameter for Formula (19).....	43
Table 17 – Relative losses of the 400 V/7,5 kW RPDS	44
Table 18 – Reference CDM losses for class IE1 definition	47
Table 19 – Reference PDS losses of IES class 1 definition	50
Table 20 – Information requirements.....	62
Table A.1 – Relative losses (%) of reference CDMs at different power ratings at the operating points described in Figure 6	65
Table A.2 – Relative losses (%) of reference motors at different power ratings at the operating points described in Figure 5	66
Table A.3 – Relative losses (%) for a reference PDS at different power ratings at the operating points described in Figure 4	67
Table B.1 – Typical values of λ for different input converter topologies	75

Table D.1 – Recommended split of windage and friction losses for IC 411 self-ventilated motors	85
Table D.2 – Normative operating points with graphical representation	86
Table D.3 – Non-normative alternate operating points.....	88
Table D.4 – Interpolation coefficients of typical 4-pole reference IE2 induction machines	91
Table D.5 – Interpolation coefficients of typical 2-pole reference IE2 induction machines	92
Table E.1 – Relative losses of a 400 V/9,95 kVA example CDM at the predefined operating points	94
Table E.2 – Parameters of the example CDM.....	98
Table E.3 – Results of the CDM calculation according to the mathematical model	99
Table E.4 – Comparison of different loss evaluation methods	99
Table E.5 – Loss data of the 7,5kW reference motor	99

INTRODUCTION

This part of IEC 61800 has been developed to allow evaluation of power losses of CDMs (complete drive modules) and PDSs (power drive systems).

The requirements for measuring energy efficiency of motors with non-sinusoidal supply are under the responsibility of IEC/TC 2 and will be published under the IEC 60034 series.

IEC SC 22G includes the standardization task force for dealing with this topic. It has close collaboration with several other technical committees (for example, IEC TC 2, IEC SC 121A).

IEC SC 22G maintains responsibility for all relevant aspects in the field of energy efficiency and ecodesign requirements for power electronics, switchgear, control gear and power drive systems and their industrial applications.

The core requirements of energy efficiency standardization are illustrated in Figure 1. The work has been agreed to provide the reasonable target as a best compromise.

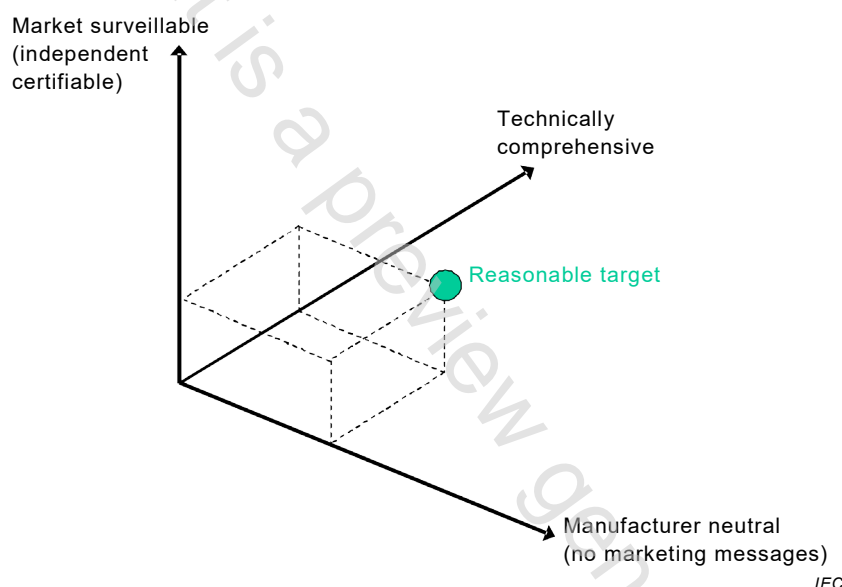


Figure 1 – Illustration of core requirements of energy efficiency standardization

IEC 61800 (all parts) does not deal with mechanical engineering components.

NOTE Geared motors (motors with directly adapted gearboxes) are treated like power drive systems (converter plus motor). See IEC 60034-30-1 for classification of the losses of a geared motor. The efficiency classes of gearboxes as individual components are under consideration.

IEC 61800-9-2 is a subpart of the IEC 61800 series, which has the following structure:

- *Part 1: General requirements – Rating specifications for low voltage adjustable speed DC power drive systems*
- *Part 2: General requirements – Rating specifications for low voltage adjustable speed AC power drive systems*
- *Part 3: EMC requirements and specific test methods*
- *Part 4: General requirements – Rating specifications for AC power drive systems above 1 000 V AC and not exceeding 35 kV*
- *Part 5: Safety requirements*