Industrial-process measurement, control and automation - Evaluation of system properties for the purpose of system assessment - Part 2: Assessment methodology



## EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA

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See Eesti standard EVS-EN 61069-2:2016 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN 61069-2:2016 ingliskeelset teksti.	This Estonian standard EVS-EN 61069-2:2016 consists of the English text of the European standard EN 61069-2:2016.
Standard on jõustunud sellekohase teate avaldamisega EVS Teatajas	This standard has been endorsed with a notification published in the official bulletin of the Estonian Centre for Standardisation.
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## ICS 25.040.40

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## EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

EN 61069-2

October 2016

ICS 25.040.40

Supersedes EN 61069-2:1994

#### **English Version**

Industrial-process measurement, control and automation -Evaluation of system properties for the purpose of system assessment - Part 2: Assessment methodology (IEC 61069-2:2016)

Mesure, commande et automation dans les processus industriels - Appréciation des propriétés d'un système en vue de son évaluation - Partie 2: Méthodologie à appliquer pour l'évaluation (IEC 61069-2:2016)

Leittechnik für industrielle Prozesse - Ermittlung der Systemeigenschaften zum Zweck der Eignungsbeurteilung eines Systems - Teil 2: Methodik der Eignungsbeurteilung (IEC 61069-2:2016)

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European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

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### **European foreword**

The text of document 65A/790/FDIS, future edition 2 of IEC 61069-2, prepared by SC 65A "System aspects" of IEC/TC 65 "Industrial-process measurement, control and automation" was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and approved by CENELEC as EN 61069-2:2016.

The following dates are fixed:

•	latest date by which the document has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement	(dop)	2017-04-28
•	latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the document have to be withdrawn	(dow)	2019-10-28

This document supersedes EN 61069-2:1994.

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The text of the International Standard IEC 61069-2:2016 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

In the official version, for Bibliography, the following notes have to be added for the standards indicated:

IEC/TS 62603-1:2014	NOTE	Harmonized as CLC/TS 62603-1:2014.
IEC 60584-1:2013	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 60584-1:2013 (not modified).
IEC 61069-4	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 61069-4.
IEC 61709	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 61709.
ISO 9001:2015	NOTE	Harmonized as EN ISO 9001:2015.
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# Annex ZA (normative)

# Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE 1 When an International Publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

NOTE 2 Up-to-date information on the latest versions of the European Standards listed in this annex is available here: www.cenelec.eu

<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	EN/HD	<u>Year</u>
IEC 61069-1	2016	Industrial-process measurement, control and automation - Evaluation of system properties for the purpose of system assessment - Part 1: Terminology and basic concepts	EN 61069-1	2016
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#### INTRODUCTION

IEC 61069 deals with the method which should be used to assess system properties of a basic control system (BCS). IEC 61069 consists of the following parts:

- Part 1: Terminology and basic concepts
- Part 2: Assessment methodology
- Part 3: Assessment of system functionality
- Part 4: Assessment of system performance
- Part 5: Assessment of system dependability
- Part 6: Assessment of system operability
- Part 7: Assessment of system safety
- Part 8: Assessment of other system properties

Assessment of a system is the judgement, based on evidence, of the suitability of the system for a specific mission or class of missions.

To obtain total evidence would require complete evaluation (for example under all influencing factors) of all system properties relevant to the particular mission or class of missions.

Since this is rarely practical, the rationale on which an assessment of a system should be based is:

- the identification of the importance of each of the relevant system properties;
- the planning for evaluation of the relevant system properties with a cost-effective dedication of effort to the various system properties.

In conducting an assessment of a system, it is crucial to bear in mind the need to gain a maximum increase in confidence in the suitability of a system within practical cost and time constraints.

An assessment can only be carried out if a mission has been stated (or given), or if any mission can be hypothesized. In the absence of a mission, no assessment can be made; however, evaluations can still be specified and carried out for use in assessments performed by others. In such cases, the standard can be used as a guide for planning an evaluation and it provides methods for performing evaluations, since evaluations are an integral part of assessment.

In preparing the assessment, it may be discovered that the definition of the system is too narrow. For example, a facility with two or more revisions of the control systems sharing resources, e.g., a network, should consider issues of co-existence and inter-operability. In this case, the system to be investigated should not be limited to the "new" BCS; it should include both. That is, it should change the boundaries of the system to include enough of the other system to address these concerns.

The part structure and the relationship among the parts of IEC 61069 are shown in Figure 1.

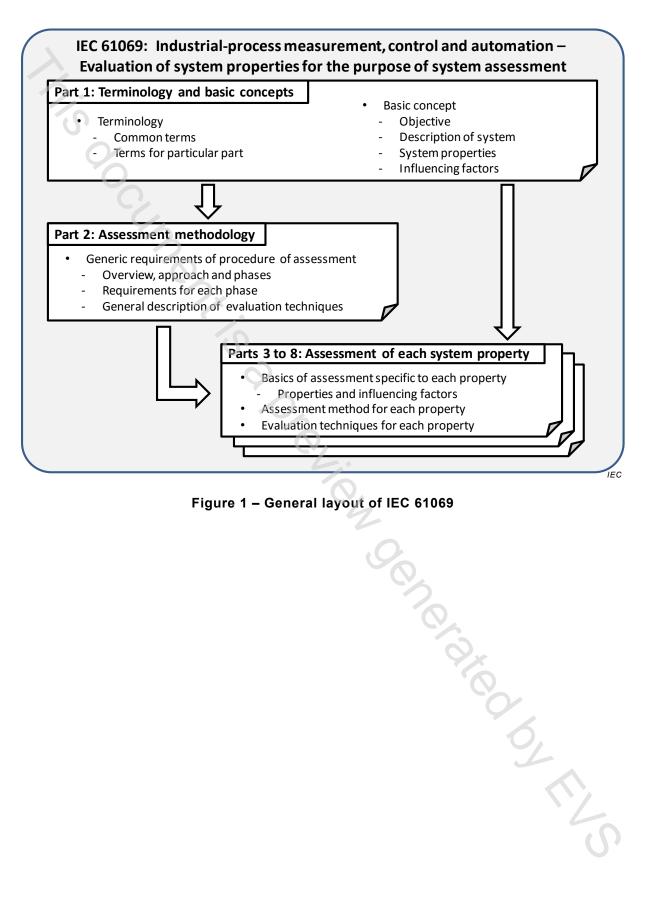


Figure 1 - General layout of IEC 61069