

Tahkel kütusel töötavad aeglaselt soojust eraldavad kütteseadmed. Nõuded ja katsemetoodika

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EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA

NATIONAL FOREWORD

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English Version

Slow heat release appliances fired by solid fuel - Requirements and test methods

Appareils de chauffage domestique à combustible solide à
libération lente de chaleur - Exigences et méthodes d'essai

Speicherfeuerstätten für feste Brennstoffe - Anforderungen
und Prüfverfahren

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 13 January 2007.

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Contents

Page

Foreword	4
1 Scope	5
2 Normative references	5
3 Terms and definitions	6
4 Materials, design and construction	9
4.1 Production documentation	9
4.2 Construction	10
4.2.1 General construction.....	10
4.2.2 Cleaning of heating surfaces	10
4.2.3 Flue spigot or socket.....	10
4.2.4 Flueways.....	10
4.2.5 Ashpan and ash removal	11
4.2.6 Bottomgrate	11
4.2.7 Combustion air supply.....	11
4.2.8 Control of flue gas	11
4.2.9 Firedoors and charging doors	12
4.2.10 Flue bypass device.....	12
4.2.11 Front firebars and/or deepening plate.....	12
5 Safety	12
5.1 Temperature rise in the fuel storage container	12
5.2 Temperature rise of the operating components.....	12
5.3 Temperature of adjacent combustible materials.....	12
5.4 Electrical safety	13
6 Performance	13
6.1 Flue gas temperature	13
6.2 Carbon monoxide emission	13
6.3 Efficiency.....	13
6.4 Flue draught	13
6.5 Refuelling intervals.....	13
6.6 Thermal storage capacity	13
7 Appliance instructions	14
7.1 General	14
7.2 Installation instructions	14
7.3 User operating instructions.....	15
8 Marking	16
9 Evaluation of conformity	16
9.1 General	16
9.2 Type testing.....	17
9.2.1 Initial type testing	17
9.2.2 Further type testing	18
9.3 Factory production control (FPC)	20
9.3.1 General	20
9.3.2 Raw materials and components.....	20
9.3.3 Control of inspection, measuring and test equipment.....	20
9.3.4 Process control.....	20
9.3.5 Product inspection, testing and evaluation	21
9.3.6 Non conforming products	22
9.3.7 Corrective and preventive action.....	22
9.3.8 Handling, storage, packaging, preservation and delivery.....	22

Annex A (normative) Test methods	23
A.1 Test environment	23
A.1.1 Ambient room temperature	23
A.1.2 Cross-draught	23
A.1.3 External sources	23
A.2 Test assembly	23
A.2.1 General	23
A.2.2 Trihedron	24
A.2.3 Measurement section	24
A.2.4 Connection of appliance to measurement section	25
A.2.5 Measurement of appliance surface temperature for slow heat release appliances	25
A.3 Measurement equipment	26
A.4 Test procedures	27
A.4.1 Appliance installation	27
A.4.2 Fuel load	27
A.4.3 Fuelling and de-ashing the fire	28
A.4.4 Flue gas losses	28
A.4.5 Combustible heat losses in the residue	28
A.4.6 Burning rate performance test	28
A.4.7 Temperature safety test for woodburning and multifuel appliances	29
A.5 Test results	30
A.6 Calculation methods	31
A.6.1 Notations and units used	31
A.6.2 Equations	32
A.7 Test report	36
Annex B (normative) Test fuels and recommended fuels	47
B.1 General	47
B.2 Test fuel	47
B.2.1 Selection of test fuel	47
B.2.2 Storage, preparation and analysis	47
B.3 Tests for recommended fuels	48
B.3.1 Basis of testing	48
B.3.2 Test methods and criteria	48
Annex C (informative) Calculation of an approximate heat release curve against time	54
Annex ZA (informative) Clauses of this European standard addressing the provisions of the EU Construction Products Directive	57
ZA.1 Scope and relevant characteristics	57
ZA.2 Procedure for the attestation of conformity of slow heat release appliances fired by solid fuels	59
ZA.2.1 System of attestation of conformity	59
ZA.2.2 EC Declaration of conformity	60
ZA.3 CE Marking and labelling	60
Bibliography	63

Foreword

This document (EN 15250:2007) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 295 “Residential solid fuel burning appliances”, the secretariat of which is held by BSI.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by September 2007, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by September 2007.

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association, and supports essential requirements of EU Directive(s).

For relationship with EU Directive(s), see informative Annex ZA, which is an integral part of this document.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

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1 Scope

This European Standard specifies requirements relating to the design, manufacture, construction, safety and performance (efficiency and emission) instructions and marking together with associated test methods and test fuels for type testing residential slow heat release appliances fired by solid fuel.

This European Standard is applicable to hand fuelled intermittent burning slow heat release appliances having thermal storage capacity such that they can provide heat for a declared period of time after the fire has gone out. This European Standard also specifies a minimum time period from the appliance achieving the maximum differential surface temperature and falling to 50 % of that maximum value. These appliances provide heat into the space where they are installed.

These slow heat release appliances may be supplied either as an assembled appliance or as a manufacturer's pre-designed unit consisting of pre-fabricated components designed to be built on site in accordance with the manufacturer's specified assembly instructions. One off installations are not included.

These appliances may burn either solid mineral fuels, peat briquettes, natural or manufactured wood logs or be multi-fuel in accordance with the appliance manufacturer's instructions. Wood pellets which are hand fuelled may also be burned either on the existing appliance bottomgrate or in a special basket arrangement which is placed by the user into the existing firebox.

This European Standard is not applicable to mechanically fed appliances, appliances having fan assisted combustion air or appliances with boiler.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 50165:1997, *Electrical equipment for non-electric appliances for household and similar purposes — Safety requirements*

ISO 334:1992, *Solid mineral fuels — Determination of total sulfur — Eschka method*

ISO 351:1996, *Solid mineral fuels — Determination of total sulfur — High temperature combustion method*

ISO 501:2003, *Hard coal — Determination of the crucible swelling number*

ISO 562:1998, *Hard coal and coke — Determination of volatile matter*

ISO 609:1996, *Solid mineral fuels — Determination of carbon and hydrogen — High temperature combustion method*

ISO 687:2004, *Solid mineral fuels — Coke — Determination of moisture in the general analysis test sample*

ISO 1171:1997, *Solid mineral fuels — Determination of ash*

ISO 1928:1995, *Solid mineral fuels — Determination of gross calorific value by the bomb calorimetric method, and calculation of net calorific value*

ISO 2859 (all parts), *Sampling procedures for inspection by attributes*

ISO 11722:1999, *Hard coal — Determination of moisture in the general analysis test sample by drying in nitrogen*