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Hoonete küttesüsteemid. Süsteemide energiavajaduse ja süsteemide tõhususe arvutusmeetod. Osa 3-2: Hoonesisesed soojaveevarustuse süsteemid, liigitus

Heating systems in buildings - Method for calculation of system energy requirements and system efficiencies - Part 3-2: Domestic hot water systems, distribution



EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA

NATIONAL FOREWORD

Käsitlusala:	Scope:
- Dx	
standardiorganisatsioonist.	standardisation organisation.
Standard on kättesaadav Eesti	The standard is available from Estonian
ametlikus väljaandes.	standardisation organisation.
teade Eesti standardiorganisatsiooni	official publication of the Estonian national
22.11.2007 ja selle kohta on avaldatud	with the notification being published in the
Käesolev dokument on jõustatud	This document is endorsed on 22.11.2007
15316-3-2:2007 ingliskeelset teksti.	European standard EN 15316-3-2:2007.
3-2:2007 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN	2:2007 consists of the English text of the
Käesolev Eesti standard EVS-EN 15316-	This Estonian standard EVS-EN 15316-3-

Käsitlusala:	Scope:
This European Standard is part of a set of	This European Standard is part of a set of
standards covering methods for	standards covering methods for
calculation of system energy requirements	calculation of system energy requirements
and system efficiencies of heating	and system efficiencies of heating
systems in buildings. In particular this	systems in buildings. In particular this
European Standard is one of a number of	European Standard is one of a number of
standards dealing with domestic hot water	standards dealing with domestic hot water
systems. The scope of this specific part is to standardise the methods for calculation	systems. The scope of this specific part is to standardise the methods for calculation
of:- thermal losses from the domestic hot	of:- thermal losses from the domestic hot
water distribution system; recoverable	water distribution system;- recoverable
thermal losses for space heating from the	thermal losses for space heating from the
domestic hot water distribution system;-	domestic hot water distribution system;-
auxiliary energy of the domestic hot water	auxiliary energy of the domestic hot water
distribution system.	distribution system.
ICS 91.140.10	
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Eesti Standardikeskusele kuulub standardite reprodutseerimis- ja levitamisõigus

EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE **EUROPÄISCHE NORM**

EN 15316-3-2

October 2007

ICS 91.140.10

English Version

Heating systems in buildings - Method for calculation of system energy requirements and system efficiencies - Part 3-2: Domestic hot water systems, distribution

Systèmes de chauffage dans les bâtiments - Méthode de calcul des besoins énergétiques et des rendements des systèmes - Partie 3-2 : Systèmes de production d'eau chaude sanitaire, distribution

Heizungsanlagen in Gebäuden - Verfahren zur Berechnung der Energieanforderungen und Nutzungsgrade der Anlagen - Teil 3-2: Trinkwassererwärmung, Verteilung

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 18 August 2007.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

Management Centre: rue de Stassart, 36 B-1050 Brussels

Ref. No. EN 15316-3-2:2007: E

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Foreword

This document (EN 15316-3-2:2007) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 228 "Heating systems in buildings", the secretariat of which is held by DS.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by April 2008, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by April 2008.

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association (Mandate M/343), and supports essential requirements of EU Directive 2002/91/EC on the energy performance of buildings (EPBD). It forms part of a series of standards aimed at European harmonisation of the methodology for calculation of the energy performance of buildings. An overview of the whole set of standards is given in prCEN/TR 15615.

The subjects covered by CEN/TC 228 are the following:

- design of heating systems (water based, electrical etc.);
- installation of heating systems;
- commissioning of heating systems;
- instructions for operation, maintenance and use of heating systems;
- methods for calculation of the design heat loss and heat loads;
- methods for calculation of the energy performance of heating systems.

Heating systems also include the effect of attached systems such as hot water production systems.

All these standards are systems standards, i.e. they are based on requirements addressed to the system as a whole and not dealing with requirements to the products within the system.

Where possible, reference is made to other European or International Standards, a.o. product standards. However, use of products complying with relevant product standards is no guarantee of compliance with the system requirements.

The requirements are mainly expressed as functional requirements, i.e. requirements dealing with the function of the system and not specifying shape, material, dimensions or the like.

The guidelines describe ways to meet the requirements, but other ways to fulfil the functional requirements might be used if fulfilment can be proved.

Heating systems differ among the member countries due to climate, traditions and national regulations. In some cases requirements are given as classes so national or individual needs may be accommodated.

In cases where the standards contradict with national regulations, the latter should be followed.

EN 15316 Heating systems in buildings — Method for calculation of system energy requirements and system efficiencies consists of the following parts:

Part 1: General

Part 2-1: Space heating emission systems

- Part 2-3: Space heating distribution systems
- Part 3-1: Domestic hot water systems, characterisation of needs (tapping requirements)

Part 3-2: Domestic hot water systems, distribution

Part 3-3: Domestic hot water systems, generation

Part 4-1: Space heating generation systems, combustion systems (boilers)

Part 4-2: Space heating generation systems, heat pump systems

Part 4-3: Heat generation systems, thermal solar systems

Part 4-4: Heat generation systems, building-integrated cogeneration systems

Part 4-5: Space heating generation systems, the performance and quality of district heating and large volume systems

Part 4-6: Heat generation systems, photovoltaic systems

Part 4-7: Space heating generation systems, biomass combustion systems

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

Introduction

This European Standard is one of a number of standards that together describe methods for calculation of system energy requirements and system efficiencies related to domestic hot water systems. In particular this European Standard specifies methods for calculation of the energy losses of the distribution system.

The user needs to refer to other European Standards or to national documents for input data and detailed calculation procedures not provided by this European Standard.

Only the calculation methods are normative. Values necessary to complete the calculations should be given in a national annex.

1 Scope

This European Standard is part of a set of standards covering methods for calculation of system energy requirements and system efficiencies of heating systems in buildings. In particular this European Standard is one of a number of standards dealing with domestic hot water systems.

The scope of this specific part is to standardise the methods for calculation of:

- thermal losses from the domestic hot water distribution system;
- recoverable thermal losses for space heating from the domestic hot water distribution system;
- auxiliary energy of the domestic hot water distribution system.

These values are input data for calculation of the overall energy use according to prEN 15603 and EN 15316-1.

This European Standard specifies the:

- inputs;
- calculation methods;
- outputs.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

Not applicable

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1

auxiliary energy

electrical energy used by technical building systems for heating, cooling, ventilation and/or domestic hot water to support energy transformation to satisfy energy needs

NOTE 1 This includes energy for fans, pumps, electronics etc. Electrical energy input to a ventilation system for air transport and heat recovery is not considered as auxiliary energy, but as energy use for ventilation.

NOTE 2 In EN ISO 9488, the energy used for pumps and valves is called "parasitic energy".

3.2

building

construction as a whole, including its envelope and all technical building systems, for which energy is used to condition the indoor climate, to provide domestic hot water and illumination and other services related to the use of the building

NOTE The term can refer to the building as a whole or to parts thereof that have been designed or altered to be used separately.