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Railway applications Railway rolling stock - Buffers CONSOLIDATED TEXT



EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA

NATIONAL FOREWORD

Käesolev Eesti standard EVS-EN 15551:2009+A1:2010 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN 15551:2009+A1:2010 ingliskeelset teksti.

Standard on kinnitatud Eesti Standardikeskuse 31.12.2010 käskkirjaga ja jõustub sellekohase teate avaldamisel EVS Teatajas.

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Standard on kättesaadav Eesti standardiorganisatsioonist.

This Estonian standard EVS-EN 15551:2009+A1:2010 consists of the English text of the European standard EN 15551:2009+A1:2010.

This standard is ratified with the order of Estonian Centre for Standardisation dated 31.12.2010 and is endorsed with the notification published in the official bulletin of the Estonian national standardisation organisation.

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Andmete paljundamine, taastekitamine, kopeerimine, salvestamine elektroonilisse süsteemi või edastamine ükskõik millises vormis või millisel teel on keelatud ilma Eesti Standardikeskuse poolt antud kirjaliku loata.

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English Version

Railway applications - Railway rolling stock - Buffers

Applications ferroviaires - Wagons - Tampons

Bahnanwendungen - Schienenfahrzeuge - Puffer

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 31 January 2009 and includes Amendment 1 approved by CEN on 28 September 2010.

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Foreword

This document (EN 15551:2009+A1:2010) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 256 "Railway applications", the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by May 2011, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by May 2011.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document includes Amendment 1, approved by CEN on 2010-09-28.

This document supersedes EN 15551:2009.

The start and finish of text introduced or altered by amendment is indicated in the text by tags [A].

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN/CENELEC/ETSI by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association, and supports essential requirements of EU Directive 2008/57/EC.

For relationship with EU Directive 2008/57/EC, see informative Annex ZA, which is an integral part of this document. (A)

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

Introduction

The main purpose of normative documents used until now for the delivery of buffers (UIC leaflets, national standards) was a complete definition of the acceptance procedures and of the buffers characteristics which were to be verified.

Product qualification was sometimes mentioned but the procedures used and the product characteristics to be verified during qualification were not given.

This European Standard addresses all buffer characteristics that are assembly characteristics and finished product characteristics and do not arise from a choice of design parameters such as diameters, interferences, materials etc.

The buffer and its components are delivered by suppliers that operate a quality system.

NOTE The quality systems used should offer equivalence with EN ISO 9001.

This European Standard is based on UIC 526-1, UIC 526-3, UIC 527-1, UIC 528, UIC 573, UIC 827-1 and UIC 827-2.

For coaches the technical content at present is limited to that given in UIC 528:2007.

1 Scope

This European Standard defines the requirements for buffers with 105 mm, 110 mm and 150 mm stroke for vehicles or units which use buffers and screw coupling at the coupling interface with other interoperable rolling stock. It covers the functionality, interfaces and testing procedures, including pass fail criteria, for buffers.

NOTE Typically, buffers with a stroke of 105 mm are used on freight wagons and locomotives, buffers with a stroke of 110 mm are used on coaches and locomotives and buffers with a stroke of 150 mm are used on freight wagons.

It defines the different categories of buffers, the space envelope, static and dynamic characteristics and energy absorption.

It includes a calculation method to determine the minimum size of the buffer head to avoid override between buffers.

It defines the static and dynamic characteristics of the elastic systems.

It also defines the requirements for buffers with integrated crash elements (crashworthy buffers) for tank wagons only according to RID.

The requirements of this European Standard also apply to locomotives and passenger coaches which have to meet the crashworthiness requirements of EN 15227 for buffers in normal service only. The properties for the energy absorbing function are defined in EN 15227 and the requirements specified in Clause 7 for tank wagons according to RID are not applicable to locomotives and passenger coaches.

Diagonal buffers are excluded from this European Standard.

For vehicles which have to comply with crashworthiness requirements (locomotives, cab cars or passenger coaches according to EN 15227, tank wagons according to RID), typically crashworthy buffers (buffers with a deformable housing and/or the need for an opening in their mounting flange) or buffers which form part of a combined system consisting of a special buffer (e.g. middle flange buffer) and a deformation element are used. For these types of buffers, interoperability is possible, but interchangeability with freight wagon buffers is not required, and therefore the requirements of 5.2 (Fixing on vehicle and interchangeability), 5.3 (Buffer dimensions) do not apply, those of 5.4 (mechanical characteristics of buffers) and 5.6 (marking) apply with restrictions.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 1369, Founding — Magnetic particle inspection

EN 1370, Founding — Surface roughness inspection by visualtactile comparators

EN 10025-2, Hot rolled products of structural steels — Part 2: Technical delivery conditions for non-alloy structural steels

EN 10204:2004, Metallic products — Types of inspection documents

prEN 12663-2, Railway applications — Structural requirements of railway vehicle bodies — Part 2: Freight wagons

EN 15085-5, Railway applications — Welding of railway vehicles and components — Part 5: Inspection, testing and documentation

EN 15227, Railway applications — Crashworthiness requirements for railway vehicle bodies

EN ISO 868, Plastics and ebonite — Determination of indentation hardness by means of a durometer (Shore hardness) (ISO 868:2003)

ISO 37, Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic — Determination of tensile stress-strain properties

ISO 48, Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic — Determination of hardness (hardness between 10 IRHD and 100 IRHD)

ISO 188, Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic — Accelerated ageing and heat resistance tests

ISO 815-1, Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic — Determination of compression set — Part 1: At ambient or elevated temperatures

ISO 815-2, Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic — Determination of compression set — Part 2: At low temperatures

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1

buffer

absorber device of compressible type constituted by housing, elastic system, buffer head and flange fitted at each side of the end of wagons which have to be in contact with other interoperable rolling stock

NOTE For this European Standard, buffer means side buffer.

3.2

housing

assembly consisting of a plunger, a buffer base and an anti-rotation device but without elastic system

NOTE Casing or body are other words for housing, but only housing is used in this European Standard.

3.3

plunger

movable part of the housing consisting of a sliding and guiding tube and an active face named buffer head

3.4

base

part of the housing fixed to the wagon headstock

NOTE The base consists of a guiding tube and a supporting plate (flange)

3.5

anti-rotation device

device preventing the rotation of the plunger around the longitudinal axis of the buffer

3 6

elastic system

system allowing the reversible deflection of the plunger and absorbing energy during buffing or running operation

NOTE Spring system is another common word for elastic system.