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SEISUPIDURDUSE ARVUTAMISEKS. OSA 2:
ETAPIVIISILISED ARVUTUSED RONGILE VÕI
ÜKSIKVEEREMILE

Railway applications - Methods for calculation of
stopping and slowing distances and immobilization
braking - Part 2: Step by step calculations for train sets
or single vehicles

EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA

NATIONAL FOREWORD

See Eesti standard EVS-EN 14531-2:2015 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN 14531-2:2015 ingliskeelset teksti.	This Estonian standard EVS-EN 14531-2:2015 consists of the English text of the European standard EN 14531-2:2015.
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EUROPEAN STANDARD

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Railway applications - Methods for calculation of stopping and slowing distances and immobilization braking - Part 2: Step by step calculations for train sets or single vehicles

Applications ferroviaires - Méthodes de calcul des distances d'arrêt, de ralentissement et d'immobilisation - Partie 2 : Calcul pas à pas pour des compositions de trains ou véhicules isolés

Bahnanwendungen - Verfahren zur Berechnung der Anhalte- und Verzögerungsbremswege und der Feststellbremsung - Teil 2: Schrittweise Berechnungen für Zugverbände oder Einzelfahrzeuge

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European foreword

This document (EN 14531-2:2015) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 256 "Railway applications", the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by June 2016, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by June 2016.

This document supersedes EN 14531-6:2009.

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association, and supports essential requirements of EU Directive 2008/57/EC.

For relationship with EU Directive 2008/57/EC, see informative Annex ZA, which is an integral part of this document.

This series of European standards EN 14531, *Railway applications — Methods for calculation of stopping and slowing distances and immobilization braking* consists of:

- *Part 1: General algorithms utilizing mean value calculation for train sets or single vehicles;*
- *Part 2: Step-by-step calculations for train sets or single vehicles.*

The two parts are interrelated and should be considered together when conducting the step-by-step calculation of stopping and slowing distances.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organisations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

Introduction

This European Standard describes a common calculation method for railway applications. It describes the general algorithms utilizing step by step calculation for use in the design and validation of brake equipment and braking performance for all types of train sets and single vehicles. In addition, the algorithms provide a means of comparing the results of other braking performance calculation methods.

The EN 14531 series was originally planned to have six parts covering the calculation methodology to be used when conducting calculations relating to the braking performance of various types of railway vehicles under the heading 'EN 14531, *Railway applications – Methods for calculation of stopping, slowing distances and immobilization braking*'. The six parts were as follows:

- Part 1: General algorithms
- Part 2: Application to single freight wagon
- Part 3: Application to mass transit (LRVs and D- and E- MUs)
- Part 4: Application to single passengers coach
- Part 5: Application to locomotive
- Part 6: Application to high speed trains

EN 14531-1 was originally published in 2005 followed by EN 14531-6 which was published in 2009.

Following the publication of these parts, it was decided that a common methodology could be used for parts 2 to 5 and this should be contained under a revised version of Part 1 and Part 6 with a title of '*Railway applications — Methods for calculation of stopping and slowing distances and immobilisation braking — Part 2: Step by step calculations for train sets or single vehicles*' .

EN 14531-1:2005 and EN 14531-6:2009 are referenced in the current TSIs (Freight wagons and Locomotive and passenger RST). The tables of the Annex ZA give the equivalence of the TSI referenced clauses of the original EN 14531 series to the clauses of this issue of EN 14531-1 and EN 14531-2.

1 Scope

This European Standard describes the step-by-step method for the calculation of brake performance utilizing time step integration which may be used for all types of train sets, units or single vehicles, including high-speed, locomotive and passenger coaches, conventional vehicles and wagons.

This European Standard does not specify the performance requirements. It enables the calculation of the various aspects of the performance: stopping or slowing distances, adhesion requirements, force calculations, etc.

This European Standard enables the verification by calculation of the stopping and slowing performance for high-speed and conventional trains operating on high-speed and conventional infrastructure. It may also be used for the detailed investigation of stopping or slowing performance at any design/verification stage.

The proposed method of this standard is based on a numerical time integration algorithm. The standard explains a simple numerical integration scheme in order to provide a useful straightforward example of the proposed method. Other numerical time integration algorithms exist, especially more accurate ones, but they are not in the scope of this standard.

When such methods are used the order of accuracy that they achieve has to be in accordance with this European Standard.

This European Standard also includes examples of distance and other dynamic calculations, see Annex B.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 14067-4, *Railway applications - Aerodynamics - Part 4: Requirements and test procedures for aerodynamics on open track*

EN 14478, *Railway applications - Braking - Generic vocabulary*

EN 14531-1, *Railway applications - Methods for calculation of stopping and slowing distances and immobilization braking - Part 1: General algorithms utilizing mean value calculation for train sets or single vehicles*

3 Terms, definitions, symbols and indices

3.1 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in EN 14478 and EN 14531-1 and the following apply.

3.1.1

step-by-step calculation

numerical method with finite time steps

3.2 Symbols and indices

For the purposes of this document, the general symbols given in Table 1 and indices given in Table 2 apply.