Leather - Terminology - Key definitions for the leather trade



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Standard on jõustunud sellekohase teat avaldamisega EVS Teatajas	This standard has been endorsed with a notification published in the official bulletin of the Estonian Centre for Standardisation.	
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# EUROPEAN STANDARD

## EN 15987

## NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

April 2015

ICS 01.040.59; 59.140.99

Supersedes EN 15987:2011

#### **English Version**

## Leather - Terminology - Key definitions for the leather trade

Cuir - Terminologie - Définitions pour le commerce du cuir

Leder - Terminologie - Hauptdefinitionen für den Lederhandel

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 28 February 2015.

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This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B-1000 Brussels

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## **Foreword**

This document (EN 15987:2015) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 289 "Leather", the secretariat of which is held by UNI.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by October 2015, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by October 2015.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN 15987:2011.

The main changes with respect to the previous edition are listed below:

- addition of the new Clause 3 "Use of the term leather";
- addition of a new Annex A (Normative) "Exception" in order to cover the German term "Kunstleder";
- technical and editorial changes in order to better clarify the meaning of some terms (i.e. 4.3.3 "chamois").

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

## 1 Scope

This European Standard specifies the key terms and definitions used for the leather trade and provides guidance on the correct use of the term "leather".

Defined parameters in this standard need to be assessed using standard test methods specific for leather.

NOTE See Bibliography for leather test method standards.

## 2 Normative references

Not applicable.

#### 3 Use of term leather

The term 'leather', in any language, and those derived from it or synonyms, is reserved exclusively for the product as defined under 4.1.1 and, as appropriate, for qualifying articles or manufactures made thereof. This applies also in cases where the term "leather" is used as an adjective, a noun, or inserted as a prefix or suffix in other words. The term "leather" cannot be used in the denomination of man-made materials except for those specified in this standard and in accordance with their specific rules (Annex A).

The term 'leather' can be qualified with words characterizing the material as specified under 4.1 and 4.2, or, more generally, referring to the animal origin (e.g. calf leather), the country of origin (e.g. Italian leather), the market destination (e.g. footwear leather), the colour (e.g. black leather) or other similar valorising terms provided that they are corresponding to the truth and to the definition under 4.1.1.

### 4 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

### 4.1 Key terms

### 4.1.1

#### leather

hide or skin with its original fibrous structure more or less intact, tanned to be imputrescible, where the hair or wool may or may not have been removed, whether or not the hide or skin has been split into layers or segmented either before or after tanning and where any surface coating or surface layer, however applied, is not thicker than 0,15 mm

Note 1 to entry: If the tanned hide or skin is disintegrated mechanically and/or chemically into fibrous particles, small pieces or powders and then, with or without the combination of a binding agent, is made into sheets or other forms, such sheets or forms are not leather.

Note 2 to entry: If the grain layer has been completely removed, the term leather is not to be used without further qualification, e.g. split leather, suede leather.