Water quality - Guidance on the use of in vivo absorption techniques for the estimation of chlorophyllna.

Sabration Seneralis de la filte a concentration in marine and fresh water samples



EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA

NATIONAL FOREWORD

See Eesti standard EVS-EN 16161:2012 sisaldab	This Estonian standard EVS-EN 16161:2012 consists
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EUROPEAN STANDARD

EN 16161

NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

July 2012

ICS 13.060.70

English Version

Water quality - Guidance on the use of in vivo absorption techniques for the estimation of chlorophyll-a concentration in marine and fresh water samples

Qualité de l'eau - Lignes directrices sur l'utilisation des techniques d'absorption in vivo pour l'estimation de la concentration de chlorophylle-a dans les eaux douces et eaux marines Wasserbeschaffenheit - Anleitung für die Anwendung der in-vivo-Absorption zur Abschätzung der Chlorophyll a-Konzentration in Meer- und Süßwasser

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 17 May 2012.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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Foreword

This document (EN 16161:2012) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 230 "Water analysis", the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by January 2013, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by January 2013.

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Introduction

Surveys of chlorophyll and nutrient concentration are fundamental descriptors of primary productivity and eutrophic threat in coastal and inland waters.

Chlorophyll-a concentration can be determined by sampling and laboratory analysis using the techniques described in ISO 10260. Achieving consistent results with this technique requires careful attention during the various steps of the process commonly used, such as during sampling, transport, filtering, freezing, storage and extraction and subsequent pigment estimation.

The in vivo technique described here can be applied to surveys where a rapid non-destructive and repeatable measurement capability is required. It can be used either in the field or laboratory. No chemicals are required. Utilised in association with other methods of chlorophyll-a determination such as ISO 10260, HPLC pigment analysis and chlorophyll fluorescence measurements techniques, it can help identify sources of inconsistency or be used as an alternative technique in its own right. As chlorophyll-a estimates can be achieved in times as short as one minute, the technique can enhance surveying capability considerably. rand ve.

This standard describes procedures to implement and verify performance.

1 Scope

This European Standard provides guidance in the use of *in vivo* absorption techniques to quantify chlorophyll-a concentration in marine and fresh waters.

This European Standard is comprised of the following:

- definition of the equipment requirement;
- a priori data and mathematical tools;
- recommendations for verification of measurement system performance and consideration of factors that can influence measurements;
- listing of the procedures to be implemented.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ENV 13005, Guide to the expression of uncertainty in measurement

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1

absorption coefficient

a

natural logarithm of the ratio between the light intensity entering and corresponding intensity emerging directly through a sample of water divided by the sample path length (in metres) in cases where the scattering of light is negligible

Note 1 to entry: The unit is m^{-1} .

Note 2 to entry: A spectrophotometer often gives the Log₁₀ of the ratio in place of the natural logarithm.

3.2

extinction

c

sum of losses of directly transmitted light by absorption and scattering

Note 1 to entry: The unit is m⁻¹.

Note 2 to entry: The extinction c is related to absorption a and scattering b, by c = a + b.

3.3

extractive photometric

EΡ

method of chlorophyll concentration estimation involving extraction and absorption measurement