Geometrical product specifications (GPS) - Filtration - Part 20: Linear profile filters: Basic concepts (ISO 16610-20:2015)



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# EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE

## **EN ISO 16610-20**

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## **English Version**

# Geometrical product specifications (GPS) - Filtration - Part 20: Linear profile filters: Basic concepts (ISO 16610-20:2015)

Spécification géométrique des produits (GPS) - Filtrage -Partie 20: Filtres de profil linéaires: Concepts de base (ISO 16610-20:2015) Geometrische Produktspezifikation (GPS) - Filterung - Teil 20: Lineare Profilfilter: Grundlegende Konzepte (ISO 16610-20:2015)

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## **Foreword**

This document (EN ISO 16610-20:2015) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 213 "Dimensional and geometrical product specifications and verification" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 290 "Dimensional and geometrical product specification and verification" the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by October 2015, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by October 2015.

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### **Endorsement notice**

proved L The text of ISO 16610-20:2015 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 16610-20:2015 without any modification.

Cor	ntents	Page
Fore	word	iv
Intro	oduction	vi
1	Scope	1
2	Normative references	1
3	Terms and definitions	1
4	Basic concepts	
	4.1 General	
	<ul><li>4.2 Discrete representation of data</li><li>4.3 Discrete representation of the linear profile filter</li></ul>	
	4.4 Discrete representation of the weighting function	
5	Linear profile filters	6
	5.1 Filter equations	
	5.2 Discrete convolution 5.3 Transfer function	
	5.4 Filter banks	10
Anno	ex A (informative) Concept diagram	11
Anno	ex B (informative) Relationship to the filtration matrix model	12
Anne	ex C (informative) Relationship to the GPS matrix model	13
Bibli	ography	15
	ogi apriy	
@ ICO	2015 All viehts recovered	:::

## Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

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For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: Foreword - Supplementary Information

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 213, Dimensional and geometrical product specifications and verification.

This first edition cancels and replaces ISO/TS 16610-20:2006 which has been technically revised.

tit. ISO 16610 consists of the following parts, under the general title Geometrical product specifications (GPS) — Filtration:

- Part 1: Overview and basic concepts
- Part 20: Linear profile filters: Basic concepts
- Part 21: Linear profile filters: Gaussian filters
- Part 22: Linear profile filters: Spline filters
- Part 28: Profile filters: End effects
- Part 29: Linear profile filters: Spline wavelets
- Part 30: Robust profile filters: Basic concepts
- Part 31: Robust profile filters: Gaussian regression filters
- Part 32: Robust profile filters: Spline filters
- Part 40: Morphological profile filters: Basic concepts
- Part 41: Morphological profile filters: Disk and horizontal line-segment filters
- Part 49: Morphological profile filters: Scale space techniques
- Part 60: Linear areal filters: Basic concepts
- Part 61: Linear areal filters: Gaussian filters

- Part 71: Robust areal filters: Gaussian regression filters
- Part 85: Morphological areal filters: Segmentation

## The following parts are planned:

- Part 26: Linear profile filters: Filtration on nominally orthogonal grid planar data sets
- Part 27: Linear profile filters: Filtration on nominally orthogonal grid cylindrical data sets
- Part 45: Morphological profile filters: Segmentation
- Part 62: Linear areal filters: Spline filters
- Part 69: Linear areal filters: Spline wavelets
- Part 70: Robust areal filters: Basic concepts
- Part 72: Robust areal filters: Spline filters
- Part 80: Morphological areal filters: Basic concepts
- scale spa. Part 81: Morphological areal filters: Sphere and horizontal planar segment filters
- Part 89: Morphological areal filters: Scale space techniques

## Introduction

This part of ISO 16610 is a geometrical product specification (GPS) standard and is to be regarded as a general GPS standard (see ISO/TR 14638). It influences chain links 3 and 5 in the GPS matrix structure.

The ISO/GPS Masterplan given in ISO 14638 gives an overview of the ISO/GPS system of which this part of ISO 16610 is a part. The fundamental rules of ISO/GPS given in ISO 8015 apply to this part of ISO 16610 and the default decision rules given in ISO 14253-1 apply to the specifications made in accordance with this part of ISO 16610, unless otherwise indicated.

For more detailed information about the relation of this part of ISO 16610 to the GPS matrix model, see Annex C.

oasiec This part of ISO 16610 develops the basic concepts of linear filters, which include spline filters and spline wavelets, and the Gaussian filters.

# Geometrical product specifications (GPS) — Filtration —

## **Part 20:**

## Linear profile filters: Basic concepts

## 1 Scope

This part of ISO 16610 describes the basic concepts of linear profile filters.

## 2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 16610-1, Geometrical product specifications (GPS) — Filtration — Part 1: Overview and basic concepts

ISO/IEC Guide 99:2007, International vocabulary of metrology — Basic and general concepts and associated terms (VIM)

## 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO/IEC Guide 99, ISO 16610-1, and the following apply.

## 3.1

## linear profile filter

profile filter which separates profiles into long wave and short wave components and is also a linear function

Note 1 to entry: If F is a function and X and Y are profiles, then F being a linear function implies F(aX + bY) = aF(X) + bF(Y).

## 3.2

### phase correct profile filter

## phase correct linear profile filter

*linear profile filter* (3.1) which does not cause phase shifts leading to asymmetrical profile distortions

Note 1 to entry: Phase correct filters are a particular kind of the so called linear phase filters because any linear phase filter can be transformed (simply by shifting its weighting function) to a zero phase filter which is a phase correct filter.

#### 3.3

## weighting function

function for calculating the mean line which indicates, for each point, the weight attached by the profile in the vicinity of that point

Note 1 to entry: The transmission characteristic of the mean line is the Fourier transformation of the weighting function.