Requirements for sleeping bags - Part 2: Fabric and material properties (ISO 23537-2:2016)



### EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA

### NATIONAL FOREWORD

See Eesti standard EVS-EN ISO 23537-2:2016 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN ISO 23537-2:2016 ingliskeelset teksti.	This Estonian standard EVS-EN ISO 23537-2:2016 consists of the English text of the European standard EN ISO 23537-2:2016.		
Standard on jõustunud sellekohase teate avaldamisega EVS Teatajas	This standard has been endorsed with a notification published in the official bulletin of the Estonian Centre for Standardisation.		
Euroopa standardimisorganisatsioonid on teinud Euroopa standardi rahvuslikele liikmetele kättesaadavaks 26.10.2016.	Date of Availability of the European standard is 26.10.2016.		
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## EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE

### **EN ISO 23537-2**

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

October 2016

ICS 97.200.30

Supersedes EN 13537:2012

### **English Version**

# Requirements for sleeping bags - Part 2: Fabric and material properties (ISO 23537-2:2016)

Exigences pour les sacs de couchage - Partie 2: Propriétés de l'étoffe et des matières (ISO 23537-2:2016) Anforderungen an Schlafsäcke - Teil 2: Gewebe- und Materialeigenschaften (ISO 23537-2:2016)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 5 September 2016.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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### **European foreword**

This document (EN ISO 23537-2:2016) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 83 "Sports and other recreational facilities and equipment" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 136 "Sports, playground and other recreational facilities and equipment" the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by April 2017, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by April 2017.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN 13537:2012.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

#### **Endorsement notice**

The text of ISO 23537-2:2016 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 23537-2:2016 without any modification.

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### Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see <a href="www.iso.org/directives">www.iso.org/directives</a>).

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For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

ISO 23537 was prepared by the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 136, Sports, playground and other recreational facilities and equipment in collaboration with ISO Technical Committee TC 83, Sports and other recreational facilities and equipment, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

, ile, K. ISO 23537 consists of the following parts, under the general title, *Requirements for sleeping bags*:

- Part 1: Thermal and dimensional requirements
- Part 2: Fabric and material properties

### Introduction

This is the first edition of this part of ISO 23537. It is based on continued development of the European Standard, EN 13537.

This International Standard consists of two parts which allows for separate validation of thermal properties and product and material performance. This separation of parts also allows for continued development of new product combinations as it encourages manufacturers to consider new combinations of materials which for example may not be suitable to test by traditional textile physical tests, but which can still have thermal properties evaluated.

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mal proper This part of ISO 23537 considers important aspects to the physical and performance properties of the sleeping bag. The thermal properties are covered in ISO 23537-1.

### Requirements for sleeping bags —

### Part 2:

### Fabric and material properties

### 1 Scope

This part of ISO 23537 specifies the fabric and material properties as well as provisions for labelling of adult sized sleeping bags for use in sports and leisure time activities. Thermal and dimensional requirements are specified in ISO 23537-1.

This part of ISO 23537 does not apply to sleeping bags intended for specific purpose such as military use and extreme climate zone expedition. It does not apply to sleeping bags for children or babies.

NOTE No prediction model exists for the determination of the limiting temperatures based on the thermal resistance of the sleeping bag for children and babies. Moreover, such a model for testing cannot be developed because the necessary controlled sleep trials with children or babies in climatic chambers are, out of ethical reasons, not permitted.

### 2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 105-B02, Textiles — Tests for colour fastness — Part B02: Colour fastness to artificial light: Xenon arc fading lamp test

ISO 105-C06, Textiles — Tests for colour fastness — Part C06: Colour fastness to domestic and commercial laundering

ISO 105-E04, Textiles — Tests for colour fastness — Part E04: Colour fastness to perspiration

ISO 105-X12, Textiles — Tests for colour fastness — Part X12: Colour fastness to rubbing

ISO 139, Textiles — Standard atmospheres for conditioning and testing

ISO 3758, Textiles — Care labelling code using symbols

ISO 12947-1, Textiles — Determination of the abrasion resistance of fabrics by the Martindale method — Part 1: Martindale abrasion testing apparatus

ISO 12947-2, Textiles — Determination of the abrasion resistance of fabrics by the Martindale method — Part 2: Determination of specimen breakdown

ISO 13937-1, Textiles — Tear properties of fabrics — Part 1: Determination of tear force using ballistic pendulum method (Elmendorf)

EN 12130, Feather and down — Test methods — Determination of the filling power (bulk density)

EN 12132-1, Feather and down — Methods of testing the down proof properties of fabrics — Part 1: Rubbing test

 ${\tt EN\,12934}$ , Feather and down — Composition labelling of processed feathers and down for use as sole filling material

EN 12935, Feather and down — Hygiene and cleanliness requirements

EN 13088, Manufactured articles filled with feather and down — Method for the determination of a filled product's total mass and for the determination of the mass of the filling

EN 13538-3, Determination of dimensional characteristics of sleeping bags — Part 3: Volume under load and easiness of packing

EN 15586, Textiles — Methods of testing the fibre proof properties of fabrics: Rubbing test

EN 29073-1, Textiles — Test method for nonwovens — Part 1: Determination of mass per unit area

### 3 Requirements and test methods

#### 3.1 Fabrics

### 3.1.1 Down proofness

When testing the fabric/fabric combinations of the shell or lining of the sleeping bag in accordance with EN 12132-1, the number of feather and/or down particles counted as described in EN 12132-1 shall not exceed 10 for each fabric/fabric combination.

### 3.1.2 Synthetic fibre proofness

When tested in accordance with EN 15586, the number of synthetic fibres protruded through the shell or lining of the sleeping bags shall be  $\leq 30$  for each cushion.

### 3.1.3 Mechanical properties

#### **3.1.3.1** Abrasion

When tested in accordance with ISO 12947-1 and ISO 12947-2, the shell of sleeping bags shall with stand  $\geq$ 20 000 test cycles.

### 3.1.3.2 Tear force

When tested in accordance with ISO 13937-1, the tear force of shell and lining fabrics shall be ≥10 N.

### 3.1.3.3 Colour fastness

The colour fastness of the shell and lining shall be tested as follows.

- a) When testing the colour fastness to rubbing according to ISO 105-X12 wet and dry, the requirement for staining shall be a grade  $\geq 3$  to 4.
- b) When testing the colour fastness to washing according to ISO 105-C06 at care label temperature, the requirements for staining and change of colour shall be a grade ≥4.
- c) When testing the colour fastness to perspiration according to ISO 105-E04, the requirement for staining and change of colour shall be a grade ≥3 to 4.
- d) When testing the colour fastness to light according to ISO 105-B02, the requirement for change of colour shall a grade ≥4 to 5.