# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

**ISO** 3821

Fourth edition 2008-10-15

# Gas welding equipment — Rubber hoses for welding, cutting and allied processes

Matériel de soudage aux gaz — Tuyaux souples en caoutchouc pour le soudage, le coupage et les techniques connexes

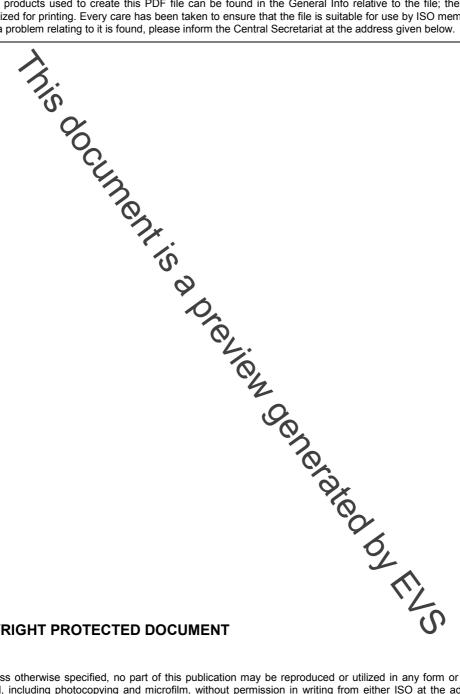


### PDF disclaimer

This PDF file may contain embedded typefaces. In accordance with Adobe's licensing policy, this file may be printed or viewed but shall not be edited unless the typefaces which are embedded are licensed to and installed on the computer performing the editing. In downloading this file, parties accept therein the responsibility of not infringing Adobe's licensing policy. The ISO Central Secretariat accepts no liability in this area.

Adobe is a trademark of Adobe Systems Incorporated.

Details of the software products used to create this PDF file can be found in the General Info relative to the file; the PDF-creation parameters were optimized for printing. Every care has been taken to ensure that the file is suitable for use by ISO member bodies. In the unlikely event that a problem relating to it is found, please inform the Central Secretariat at the address given below.



## COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT

### © ISO 2008

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Geneva 20 Tel. + 41 22 749 01 11 Fax + 41 22 749 09 47 E-mail copyright@iso.org Web www.iso.org

Published in Switzerland

Contents	Page

Forewo	ord	iv
1	Scope	1
2	Normative references	1
3	Terms and definitions	2
4	Abbreviated terms	2
5	Application	2
6	Hose designation	2
7 7.1	Hose designation  Materials  Construction  Manufacture	3 3
7.2	Manufacture	3
8 8.1	Dimensions and tolerances	3
8.2 8.3	Cut lengths and tolerances	4 4
9 9.1	Requirements and type tests	4 ⊿
9.2 9.3	Racic requirements	1
10 10.1	Special requirements  Hose colour and gas identification  General  Gas identification	8 8
10.2	Marking	8 8
Annex	Gas identification  Marking  A (normative) Method of test for non-ignition  B (normative) Method of test for resistance to n-pentage	9
Annex	B (normative) Method of test for resistance to n-pentale	.11
		4.0
Annex	D (normative) Summary of requirements and type tests	.14
Annex	E (normative) Alternative oxygen gas colour codes	.15
Bibliog	raphy	.16
	D (normative) Method of test for resistance to incandescent particles and not surfaces  D (normative) Summary of requirements and type tests  E (normative) Alternative oxygen gas colour codes	
	0,	

## **Foreword**

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in Maison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 3821 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 44, Welding and allied processes, Subcommittee SC 8, Equipment for gas welding, cutting and allied processes.

This fourth edition cancels and replaces the third edition (ISO 3821:1998), which has been technically and editorially revised.

Requests for official interpretations of any aspect of this International Standard should be directed to the Secretariat of ISO/TC 44/SC 8 via your national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at <a href="https://www.iso.org">www.iso.org</a>.

## Gas welding equipment — Rubber hoses for welding, cutting and allied processes

## 1 Scope

This International Standard specifies requirements for rubber hoses (including twin hoses) for welding, cutting and allied processes.

This International Standard specifies requirements for rubber hoses for normal duty of 2 MPa (20 bar) and light duty [limited to hoses for naximum working pressure of 1 MPa (10 bar) and with bore up to and including 6,3 mm].

This International Standard applies to hoses operated at temperatures –20 °C to +60 °C and used in:

- gas welding and cutting;
- arc welding under the protection of archert or active gas;
- processes allied to welding and cutting, in particular, heating, brazing, and metallization.

This International Standard applies neither to thermoplastics hoses nor to hoses used for high pressure [>0,15 MPa (>1,5 bar)] acetylene.

## 2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 37, Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic — Determination of tensile stress-strain properties

ISO 188, Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic — Accelerated ageing and heat resistance tests

ISO 1307:2006, Rubber and plastics hoses — Hose sizes, minimum and maximum inside diameters, and tolerances on cut-to-length hoses

ISO 1402, Rubber and plastics hoses and hose assemblies — Hydrostatic testing

ISO 1746, Rubber or plastics hoses and tubing — Bending tests

ISO 1817, Rubber, vulcanized — Determination of the effect of liquids

ISO 4080, Rubber and plastics hoses and hose assemblies — Determination of permeability to gas

ISO 4671, Rubber and plastics hoses and hose assemblies — Methods of measurement of the dimensions of hoses and the lengths of hose assemblies

ISO 4672:1997, Rubber and plastics hoses — Sub-ambient temperature flexibility tests

ISO 7326:2006, Rubber and plastics hoses — Assessment of ozone resistance under static conditions

© ISO 2008 – All rights reserved

ISO 8033:2006, Rubber and plastics hoses — Determination of adhesion between components

ISO 8330, Rubber and plastics hoses and hose assemblies — Vocabulary

ISO 11114-3, Transportable gas cylinders — Compatibility of cylinder and valve materials with gas contents — Part 3: Autogenous ignition test in oxygen atmosphere

ISO 23529, Rubber — General procedures for preparing and conditioning test pieces for physical test

## Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 8330 and the following apply.

## 3.1

## twin hose

two normal rubber hoses joined together longitudinally

## 3.2

## universal fuel gas hose

hoses which can be used for all fuel gases except fluxed fuel gas

NOTE Fuel gases are listed in Table 4.

## 3.3

## flux fuel gas hose

flux fuel gas hose
hose suitable for fuel gas containing a flux

4 Abbreviated terms

For the purposes of this document, the following abbreviations apply

LPG liquefied petroleum gases

**MPS** methylacetylene-propadiene mixtures

## **Application**

Hoses shall only be used for the gas service for which they are identified (see

## Hose designation

The hoses covered by this International Standard are designated using the following information:

- nominal bore, see Table 1; a)
- light or normal duty (pressure rating), see Table 3; b)
- colour and marking (gas service), see Table 4.

**EXAMPLE 1** 6,3 mm, light duty.

**EXAMPLE 2** 10 mm, normal duty.

**EXAMPLE 3** 6,3 mm, light duty, FLUX.