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English Version

Soil quality - Leaching procedures for subsequent chemical and ecotoxicological testing of soil and soil materials - Part 1: Batch test using a liquid to solid ratio of 2 l/kg dry matter (ISO/TS 21268-1:2007)

Qualité du sol - Modes opératoires de lixiviation en vue d'essais chimiques et écotoxicologiques ultérieurs des sols et matériaux du sol - Partie 1: Essai en bûchée avec un rapport liquide/solide de 2 l/kg de matière sèche (ISO/TS 21268-1:2007)

Bodenbeschaffenheit - Eluierungsverfahren für die anschließende chemische und ökotoxikologische Untersuchung von Boden und von Bodenmaterialien - Teil 1: Schüttelverfahren mit einem Flüssigkeits-/Feststoffverhältnis von 2 l/kg Trockenmasse (ISO/TS 21268-1:2007)

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Foreword

The text of ISO/TS 21268-1:2007 has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 190 “Soil quality” of the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) and has been taken over as CEN ISO/TS 21268-1:2009 by Technical Committee CEN/TC 345 “Characterization of soils” the secretariat of which is held by NEN.

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Endorsement notice

The text of ISO/TS 21268-1:2007 has been approved by CEN as a CEN ISO/TS 21268-1:2009 without any modification.

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Introduction

In various countries, tests have been developed to characterise and assess the constituents which can be released from materials. The release of soluble constituents upon contact with water is regarded as a main mechanism of release, which results in a potential risk to the environment during the use or disposal of materials. The intent of these tests is to identify the leaching properties of materials. The complexity of the leaching process makes simplifications necessary.

Not all of the relevant aspects of leaching behaviour can be addressed in one standard.

Tests to characterise the behaviour of materials can generally be divided into three categories (EN 12920; EN 12457-2) and are addressed in ISO 18772^[9]. The relationships between these tests are summarised below.

- a) “Basic characterisation” tests are used to obtain information on the short- and long-term leaching behaviour and characteristic properties of materials. Liquid/solid (L/S) ratios, leachant composition, factors controlling leachability, such as pH, redox potential, complexing capacity, role of dissolved organic carbon (DOC), ageing of material and physical parameters are addressed in these defined tests.
- b) “Compliance” tests are used to determine whether the material complies with a specific behaviour or with specific reference values. These tests focus on key variables and leaching behaviour previously identified by basic characterisation tests.
- c) “On-site verification” tests are used as a rapid check to confirm that the material is the same as that which has been subjected to the compliance test(s). On-site verification tests are not necessarily leaching tests.

The test procedure described in this method belongs to category b): compliance tests.

NOTE Up to now, the test procedures described in this part of ISO/TS 21268 have not been validated.

Soil quality — Leaching procedures for subsequent chemical and ecotoxicological testing of soil and soil materials —

Part 1: Batch test using a liquid to solid ratio of 2 l/kg dry matter

1 Scope

This part of ISO/TS 21268 specifies a test providing information on leaching of soil and soil materials under the experimental conditions specified hereafter, and particularly at a liquid to solid ratio of 2 l/kg dry matter. It applies to soil and soil material with a particle size less than or equal to 4 mm.

This part of ISO/TS 21268 has been developed to measure the release of inorganic and organic constituents from soil and soil material and the ecotoxicological effects of eluates with respect to micro-organisms, fauna and flora. The test is not suitable for constituents that are volatile under ambient conditions. For ecotoxicological testing, see ISO 15799.

NOTE 1 Volatile organic constituents include the low-molecular-weight components in mixtures such as mineral oil.

NOTE 2 It is not always possible to optimise test conditions simultaneously for inorganic and organic constituents and optimum test conditions may also vary between different groups of organic constituents. Test requirements for organic constituents are generally more stringent than those for inorganic constituents. The test conditions suitable for measuring the release of organic constituents will generally also be applicable to inorganic constituents.

NOTE 3 For ecotoxicological testing, eluates representing the release of both inorganic and organic contaminants are needed. In this document, ecotoxicological testing is also meant to include genotoxicological testing.

The test procedure specified in this part of ISO/TS 21268 produces eluates, which are subsequently characterised by existing physical, chemical and ecotoxicological standard methods.

This procedure is not applicable to materials with a dry-matter-content ratio lower than 33 %.

This test is mainly aimed at being used for routine and control purposes, and it cannot be used alone to describe all leaching properties of a soil. Additional leaching tests are needed for that extended goal. This part of ISO/TS 21268 does not address issues related to health and safety. It only determines the leaching properties as outlined in Clause 4.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 3696, *Water for analytical laboratory use — Specification and test methods*

ISO 5667-3, *Water quality — Sampling — Part 3: Guidance on the preservation and handling of water samples*

ISO 7027, *Water quality — Determination of turbidity*

ISO 10381-1, *Soil quality — Sampling — Part 1: Guidance on the design of sampling programmes*

ISO 10381-2, *Soil quality — Sampling — Part 2: Guidance on sampling techniques*

ISO 10381-3, *Soil quality — Sampling — Part 3: Guidance on safety*

ISO 10381-4, *Soil quality — Sampling — Part 4: Guidance on the procedure for investigation of natural, near-natural and cultivated sites*

ISO 10381-5, *Soil quality — Sampling — Part 5: Guidance on the procedure for the investigation of urban and industrial sites with regard to soil contamination*

ISO 10381-6, *Soil quality — Sampling — Part 6: Guidance on the collection, handling and storage of soil under aerobic conditions for the assessment of microbiological processes, biomass and diversity in the laboratory*

ISO 10523, *Water quality — Determination of pH*

ISO 11465, *Soil quality — Determination of dry matter and water content on a mass basis — Gravimetric method*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1 leaching test

test during which a material is put into contact with a leachant under strictly defined conditions and some constituents of the material are extracted

3.2 leachant

liquid used in a leaching test

NOTE For the purposes of this part of ISO/TS 21268, the leachant is water as specified in 5.1.

3.3 eluate

solution recovered from a leaching test

3.4 liquid to solid ratio

L/S
ratio between the total volume of liquid (L in litres), which in this extraction is in contact with the soil sample, and the dry mass of the sample (S in kg of dry matter).

NOTE L/S is expressed in l/kg.

3.5 dry matter content

w_{dm}
ratio, expressed in percent, between the mass of the dry residue, determined in accordance with ISO 11465, and the corresponding raw mass