INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 11898-5

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Road vehicles — Controller area network (CAN) —

Part 5:

High-speed medium access unit with low-power mode

Véhicules routiers — Gestionnaire de réseau de communication (CAN) —

Partie 5: Unité d'accès au médium haute vitesse avec mode de puissance réduite

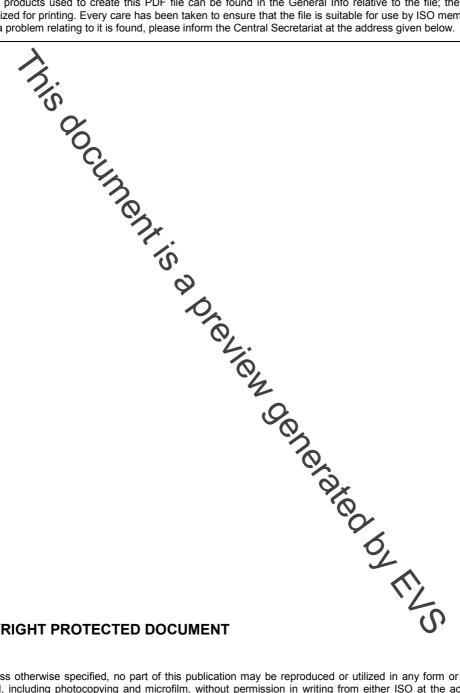


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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in Maison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical control tees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires applying by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 11898-5 was prepared by Technical committee ISO/TC 22, Road vehicles, Subcommittee SC 3, Electrical and electronic equipment.

the general title Road vehicles — Controller area network ISO 11898 consists of the following parts, under (CAN):

- Part 1: Data link layer and physical signalling
- Part 2: High-speed medium access unit
- Jeneraled by FLYS Part 3: Low-speed, fault-tolerant, medium-dependent interface
- Part 4: Time-triggered communication
- Part 5: High-speed medium access unit with low-power mode

Introduction

ISO 11898 was first published as one document in 1993. It covered the CAN data link layer as well as the high-speed physical layer.

In the reviewed and restructured ISO 11898 series:

- Part 1 describes the data link layer including the logical link control (LLC) sub layer and the medium access control (MAC) sub layer as well as the physical signalling (PLS) sub layer;
- Part 2 defines the high-speed medium access unit (MAU);
- Part 3 defines the tow-speed fault-tolerant medium access unit (MAU);
- Part 4 defines the time-triggered communication;
- Part 5 defines the power modes of the high-speed medium access unit (MAU).

ISO 11898-1 and ISO 11898-2 have been cancelled and replaced ISO 11898:1993.

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Road vehicles — Controller area network (CAN) —

Part 5:

High-speed medium access unit with low-power mode

1 Scope

This part of ISO 11898 specifies the CAN physical layer for transmission rates up to 1 Mbit/s for use within road vehicles. It describes the medium access unit functions as well as some medium dependent interface features according to ISO/IEC 8802-2.

This part of ISO 11898 represents an extension of ISO 11898-2, dealing with new functionality for systems requiring low-power consumption features while there is no active bus communication.

Physical layer implementations according to this part of ISO 11898 are compliant with all parameters of ISO 11898-2, but are defined differently within this part of ISO 11898. Implementations according to this part of ISO 11898 and ISO 11898-2 are interoperable and can be used at the same time within one network.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 7637-3, Road vehicles — Electrical disturbances from conduction and coupling — Part 3: Electrical transient transmission by capacitive and inductive coupling via lines other than supply lines

ISO 11898-2:2003, Road vehicles — Controller area network (CAN)— Part 2: High-speed medium access unit

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 11898-2 and the following apply.

3.1

VCC

 $\langle \text{CAN node} \rangle$ supply voltage of the physical layer used for the bus receiver, transmitter and optional split termination voltage V_{Split} during normal mode

NOTE Typical voltage of VCC is 5 V.

3.2

split termination voltage

 V_{Split}

(CAN node) output voltage of split termination support output relative to ground signal of the module (GND)

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