INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 17170

First edition 2015-12-15

Fine ceramics (advanced ceramics, advanced technical ceramics) — Test method for spherical indentation of porous ceramics

Céramiques techniques — Méthode d'essai d'indentation des céramiques poreuses avec un indenteur sphérique





© ISO 2015, Published in Switzerland

nroduced or utilized 'be internet or an or ISO's mem' All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office Ch. de Blandonnet 8 • CP 401 CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva, Switzerland Tel. +41 22 749 01 11 Fax +41 22 749 09 47 copyright@iso.org www.iso.org

Contents				Page	
Fore	eword			iv	
1	Scor	e		1	
2	Nori	mative references		1	
3	Terr	ns and definitions		1	
4	Test specimens			2	
-	4.1				
	4.2				
	4.3	-			
5					
	5.1 5.2				
	5.3				
	5.4				
	5.5	Dial gauges		3	
	5.6				
6		ing method		3	
	6.1				
	6.2 6.3		:hod		
	6.4	*			
	6.5				
	6.6	.6 Measurement of temperature and humidity			
	6.7	Reuse of spherical indenter	·	5	
	6.8				
7	Treatment of test result			5	
	7.1		e		
	7.2 7.3	Strength of spherical indentation	rd variation	5	
8	Test 8.1	Treport		6	
	0.2	rems preferred to be reported			
			0,		

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical 06, Fine \(\) Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: Foreword - Supplementary information

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 206, *Fine ceramics*.

Fine ceramics (advanced ceramics, advanced technical ceramics) — Test method for spherical indentation of porous ceramics

1 Scope

This International Standard describes the test methods for determining spherical indentation strength of porous ceramics, such as those employed for filters and catalyst carriers, that are carried out in air at room temperature.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 463, Geometrical Product Specifications (GPS) — Dimensional measuring equipment — Design and metrological characteristics of mechanical dial gauges

ISO 683-1, Heat-treatable steels, alloy steels and free-cutting steels — Part 1: Non-alloy steels for quenching and tempering

ISO 683-3, Heat-treatable steels, alloy steels and free-cutting steels — Part 3: Case-hardening steels

ISO 1101, Geometrical product specifications (GPS) — Geometrical tolerancing — Tolerances of form, orientation, location and run-out

ISO 3290-1, Rolling bearings — Balls — Part 1: Steel balls

ISO 3611, Geometrical product specifications (GPS) — Dimensional measuring equipment: Micrometers for external measurements — Design and metrological characteristics

ISO 4287, Geometrical Product Specifications (GPS) — Surface texture: Profile method — Terms, definitions and surface texture parameters

ISO 7500-1, Metallic materials — Verification of static uniaxial testing machines — Part 1: Tension/compression testing machines — Verification and calibration of the force-measuring system

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1

porous ceramics

ceramics with porosity of 30 % to 60 %, and pore diameter of 1 μ m to 100 μ m, for applications such as filters, catalyst carriers, humidity sensors, or molecular sieves, excluding structured honeycomb cellular channels

3.2

spherical indenter

sphere through which a compressive load is applied to the specimen