High-strength structural bolting assemblies for preloading - Part 10: System HRC - Bolt and nut assemblies with calibrated preload



EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA

NATIONAL FOREWORD

See Eesti standard EVS-EN 14399-10:2018 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN 14399-10:2018 ingliskeelset teksti.	This Estonian standard EVS-EN 14399-10:2018 consists of the English text of the European standard EN 14399-10:2018.
Standard on jõustunud sellekohase teate avaldamisega EVS Teatajas.	This standard has been endorsed with a notification published in the official bulletin of the Estonian Centre for Standardisation.
Euroopa standardimisorganisatsioonid on teinud Euroopa standardi rahvuslikele liikmetele kättesaadavaks 03.05.2018.	Date of Availability of the European standard is 03.05.2018.
Standard on kättesaadav Eesti Standardikeskusest.	The standard is available from the Estonian Centre for Standardisation.

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ICS 21.060.01

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EUROPEAN STANDARD

NORME EUROPÉENNE

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

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EN 14399-10

ICS 21.060.01

Supersedes EN 14399-10:2009

English Version

High-strength structural bolting assemblies for preloading - Part 10: System HRC - Bolt and nut assemblies with calibrated preload

Boulonnerie de construction métallique à haute résistance apte à la précontrainte - Partie 10 : Système HRC - Boulons (vis + écrou + rondelle) à précontrainte calibrée Hochfeste vorspannbare Garnituren für Schraubverbindungen im Metallbau - Teil 10: System HRC - Garnituren aus Schrauben und Muttern mit kalibrierter Vorspannung

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 22 October 2017.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and United Kingdom.



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels

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European foreword

This document (EN 14399-10:2018) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 185 "Fasteners", the secretariat of which is held by BSI.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by November 2018 and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by November 2018.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN 14399-10:2009.

In comparison with EN 14399-10:2009, the following modifications have been made:

- Table 1 containing the overview of the marking of components of bolting assemblies for preloading was added;
- specifications for the designation of the bolting assemblies have been revised;
- dimensions and markings of HRC bolts with countersunk heads have been added;
- dimensions and limiting values of M36 diameter bolts and nuts have been added;
- the requirement for the coefficient of variation has been revised.

EN 14399 consists of the following parts, under the general title *High-strength structural bolting assemblies for preloading*:

- Part 1: General requirements
- Part 2: Suitability for preloading
- Part 3: System HR Hexagon bolt and nut assemblies
- Part 4: System HV Hexagon bolt and nut assemblies
- Part 5: Plain washers
- Part 6: Plain chamfered washers
- Part 7: System HR Countersunk head bolt and nut assemblies
- Part 8: System HV Hexagon fit bolt and nut assemblies
- Part 9: System HR or HV Direct tension indicators for bolt and nut assemblies
- Part 10: System HRC Bolt and nut assemblies with calibrated preload

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Polans, ed Kingdo. France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

Introduction

This document on structural bolting reflects the situation in Europe where two technical solutions exist to achieve the necessary ductility of bolt/nut/washer(s) assemblies. These solutions consist of two different types (HR and HV) of bolt/nut/washer assemblies, see Table 1. Both types are well proven and it is the responsibility of the experts using structural bolting whether they use the one or the other type.

It is, however, important for the performance of the assembly to avoid mixing up the components of both types. Therefore, bolts and nuts for both types are standardized in one single part of this European Standard each and the marking of the components of the bolting assemblies is uniform.

Preloaded bolted assemblies are very sensitive to differences in manufacture and lubrication. Therefore it is important that the bolting assemblies are supplied by one manufacturer, who is always responsible for the functionality of the bolting assemblies as supplied.

For the same reason it is important that coating of the bolting assemblies is under the control of one manufacturer.

Beside the mechanical properties of the components, the functionality of the bolting assemblies requires that the specified preload can be achieved if the bolting assemblies are tightened with a suitable procedure. For this purpose a test method for the suitability of the bolting assemblies for preloading was created, which will demonstrate whether the functionality of the bolting assemblies is fulfilled.

It should be pointed out that compared to ISO 272 the width across flats (large series) for M12 and M20 have been changed to 22 mm and 32 mm respectively. These changes are justified by the following reasons.

Under the specific conditions of structural bolting, the compressive stresses under the bolt head or nut for the sizes M12 may become too large with the width across flats of 21 mm, especially if the washer is fitted eccentrically to the bolt axis.

For the size M20, the width across flats of 34 mm is very difficult to be produced. The change to 32 mm is primarily motivated by economics but it should also be pointed out that the width across flats of 32 mm was common practice in Europe.

Table 1 — Composition of high-strength structural bolting assemblies and component marking

			•)))	•		
Турє	Type of bolting assembly		Syste	System HR		Syst	System HV	S	System HRC
Gene	General requirements	EN 14399-1	1-1					0	
Suita	Suitability for preloading	EN 14399	1–2 and, if a	EN 14399-2 and, if any, additional	al testing s	l testing specified in the product standard	standard		
Bolt	Bolt and nut	EN 14399-3	1–3	EN 14399-	-7	EN 14399-4	EN 14399-8	EN 14399-10	
3ui	Bolt	HR8.8	HR10.9	HR8.8	HR10.9	HV10.9	HVP10.9		HRC10.9
Mark	Nut	HR8 or HR10	HR10	HR8 or HR10	HR10	HV10	HV10	HR10	HRD10
Was	Washer(s)	EN 14399	EN 14399-5 ª or EN 14399-6	14399-6	_	EN 14399-6			EN 14399–5 a or EN 14399–6
Marking	king		H or	H or HR ^b		ю Н	H or HV ^b	H or HR ^b	H or HR $^{\mathrm{b}}$ or HD $^{\mathrm{c}}$
Dire nut i	Direct tension indicator and nut face washer or bolt face washer, if any	EN 14399-9	6-1		4	2/6			
81	Direct tension indicator	Н8	H10	Н8	H10	H	H10	Ż	Not applicable
arkir	Nut face washer		Н	HN		i	HN		
M	Bolt face washer	H	HB	Notappli	plicable		НВ		
,	1	-							

EN 14399-5 can only be used under the nut.

At the choice of the manufacturer.

Mandatory mark for washers with enlarged outer diameter according to EN 14399-5 only.

1 Scope

This document specifies, together with EN 14399-1 and EN 14399-2, the requirements for assemblies of high-strength structural bolts and nuts of system HRC suitable for preloaded joints, with hexagon head (large width across flats), cup head or countersunk head, thread sizes M12 to M36 and property class 10.9/10.

Bolting assemblies in accordance with this document have been designed to allow preloading of at least 0,7 $f_{\rm ub} \times A_{\rm s^{13}}$ according to EN 1993-1-8 (Eurocode 3) and to obtain ductility predominantly by plastic elongation of the bolt. For this purpose the components have the following characteristics:

- regular nut height according to style 1, see EN ISO 4032; or
- nut with height m = 1 D;
- thread length of the bolt according to ISO 888.

Bolting assemblies in accordance with this document include washers according to EN 14399-6 or to EN 14399-5 (under the nut only).

NOTE Attention is drawn to the importance of ensuring that the bolting assemblies are correctly used if satisfactory results are to be obtained. For recommendations concerning proper application, reference to EN 1090–2 is made.

General requirements and requirements for suitability for preloading are specified in EN 14399-2 and in Clause 8 of this document.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 14399-1, High-strength structural bolting assemblies for preloading — Part 1: General requirements

EN 14399-2:2015, High-strength structural bolting assemblies for preloading — Part 2: Suitability for preloading

EN 14399-3, High-strength structural bolting assemblies for preloading — Part 3: System HR — Hexagon bolt and nut assemblies

EN 14399-5, High-strength structural bolting assemblies for preloading — Part 5: Plain washers

EN 14399-6, High-strength structural bolting assemblies for preloading — Part 6: Plain chamfered washers

EN 26157-1, Fasteners — Surface discontinuities — Part 1: Bolts, screws and studs for general requirements (ISO 6157-1)

EN ISO 898-1, Mechanical properties of fasteners made of carbon steel and alloy steel — Part 1: Bolts, screws and studs with specified property classes — Coarse thread and fine pitch thread (ISO 898-1)

¹⁾ $f_{\rm uh}$ is the nominal tensile strength $(R_{\rm m})$ and $A_{\rm s}$ is the nominal stress area of the bolt.

EN ISO 898-2, Mechanical properties of fasteners made of carbon steel and alloy steel — Part 2: Nuts with specified property classes — Coarse thread and fine pitch thread (ISO 898-2)

EN ISO 3269, Fasteners — Acceptance inspection (ISO 3269)

EN ISO 4759-1, Tolerances for fasteners — Part 1: Bolts, screws, studs and nuts — Product grades A, B and C (ISO 4759-1)

EN ISO 6157-2, Fasteners — Surface discontinuities — Part 2: Nuts (ISO 6157-2)

EN ISO 10684, Fasteners — Hot dip galvanized coatings (ISO 10684)

ISO 261, ISO general purpose metric screw threads — General plan

ISO 965-2, ISO general purpose metric screw threads — Tolerances — Part 2: Limits of sizes for general purpose external and internal screw threads — Medium quality

ISO 965-5, ISO general purpose metric screw threads — Tolerances — Part 5: Limits of sizes for internal screw threads to mate with hot-dip galvanized external screw threads with maximum size of tolerance position h before galvanizing

ISO 3508, Thread run-outs for fasteners with thread in accordance with ISO 261 and ISO 262

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1

shear wrench

non-impacting electric or manual tool, equipped with two co-axial sockets which react by torque one against the other:

- the outer socket which engages the nut rotating clockwise;
- the inner socket which engages the spline-end of the bolt (i.e. bi-hexagonal) rotating anticlockwise;

Note 1 to entry: The shear wrench operates as follows:

- $\boldsymbol{-}$ during the tightening operation of an assembly, the socket in rotation is the one that finds the least resistance to it;
- from the outset and right up to the final tightening stage, the outer socket on the nut rotates clockwise while the inner socket holds the spline-end without rotating, the result being that the bolt assembly is progressively tightened by the increasing torque applied to the nut;
- at the final stage of tightening, i.e. when the torsional resistance plateau of the break-neck section is attained, the inner socket rotates anticlockwise while the outer socket on the nut provides the reaction without rotating;
- the bolt assembly installation is complete when the spline-end shears off at the break-neck section.