INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 28765

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Vitreous and porcelain enamels — Design of bolted steel tanks for the storage or treatment of water or municipal or industrial effluents and sludges

industriels Émaux vitrifiés — Conception de réservoirs en acier boulonnés pour le stockage ou le traitement des eaux ou des effluents d'eaux usées urbains ou industriels





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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: Foreword - Supplementary information

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 107, *Metallic and other inorganic coatings*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 28765:2008), which has been technically revised.

This document is a previous general ded by tills

Vitreous and porcelain enamels — Design of bolted steel tanks for the storage or treatment of water or municipal or industrial effluents and sludges

1 Scope

This International Standard establishes the requirements for the design and use of vitreous-enamel-coated bolted cylindrical steel tanks for the storage or treatment of water or municipal or industrial effluents and sludges.

It applies to the design of the tank and any associated roof and gives guidance on the requirements for the design of the foundation.

It applies where

- a) the tank is cylindrical and is mounted on a load-bearing base substantially at or above ground level;
- b) the product of the tank diameter in metres and the wall height in metres lies within the range 5 to 500;
- c) the tank diameter does not exceed 100 m and the total wall height does not exceed 50 m;
- d) the stored material has the characteristics of a liquid, exerting a negligible frictional force on the tank wall; the stored material may be undergoing treatment as part of a municipal or industrial effluent treatment process;
- e) the internal pressure in the headspace above the liquid does not exceed 50 kPa and the internal partial vacuum above the liquid does not exceed 10 kPa;
- f) the walls of the tank are vertical;
- g) the floor of the tank is substantially flat at its intersection with the wall; the floor of the tank may have a rise or fall built in to allow complete emptying of the tank contents, the slope of which does not exceed 1:100;
- h) there is negligible inertial and impact load due to tank filling;
- i) the minimum thickness of the tank shell is 1,5 mm;
- j) the material used for the manufacture of the steel sheets is carbon steel (tanks constructed of sheets made from aluminium or stainless steel are outside the scope of this International Standard);
- k) the temperature of the tank wall during operation is within the range -50 °C to +100 °C under all operating conditions.

This International Standard also gives details of procedures to be followed during installation on site and for inspection and maintenance of the installed tank.

It does not apply to chemical-reaction vessels.

It does not cover resistance to fire.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 28765:2016(E)

ISO 2178, Non-magnetic coatings on magnetic substrates — Measurement of coating thickness — Magnetic method

ISO 2746:2015, Vitreous and porcelain enamels — High voltage test

ISO 2859-1, Sampling procedures for inspection by attributes — Part 1: Sampling schemes indexed by acceptance quality limit (AQL) for lot-by-lot inspection

ISO 4532, Vitreous and porcelain enamels — Determination of the resistance of enamelled articles to impact — Pistol test

ISO 6370-2, Vitreous and porcelain enamels — Determination of the resistance to abrasion — Part 2: Loss in mass after sub-surface abrasion

ISO 8289:2000, Vitreous and porcelain enamels — Low voltage test for detecting and locating defects

ISO 15686-1, Buildings and constructed assets — Service life planning — Part 1: General principles and framework

ISO 28706-1:2008, Vitreous and porcelain enamels — Determination of resistance to chemical corrosion — Part 1: Determination of resistance to chemical corrosion by acids at room temperature

ISO 28706-2:2008, Vitreous and porcelain enamels — Determination of resistance to chemical corrosion — Part 2: Determination of resistance to chemical corrosion by boiling acids, boiling neutral liquids and/or their vapours

ISO 28706-3:2008, Vitreous and porcelain enamels — Determination of resistance to chemical corrosion — Part 3: Determination of resistance to chemical corrosion by alkaline liquids using a hexagonal vessel

ISO 28706-4:2008, Vitreous and porcelain enamels — Determination of resistance to chemical corrosion — Part 4: Determination of resistance to chemical corrosion by alkaline liquids using a cylindrical vessel

ISO 28763:2008, Vitreous and porcelain enamels — Regenerative, enamelled and packed panels for air-gas and gas-gas heat exchangers — Specifications

EN 15771, Vitreous and porcelain enamels — Determination of surface scratch hardness according to the Mohs scale

EN 1993-1-6, Eurocode 3 — Design of steel structures — Part 1-6: Strength and Stability of Shell Structures

EN 1993-4-1, Eurocode 3 — Design of steel structures — Part 4-1: Silos

EN 1993-4-2, Eurocode 3 — Design of steel structures — Part 4-2: Tanks

EN 1998-4, Eurocode 8 — Design of structures for earthquake resistance — Part 4: Silos, tanks and pipelines

EN 10209:2013, Cold rolled low carbon steel flat products for vitreous enamelling — Technical delivery conditions

ANSI/AWWA D 103, Factory-Coated Bolted Steel Tanks for Water Storage

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1

brief

working document which specifies at any point in time the relevant needs and aims of the project, the resources to be provided by the client, the details of the project and any applicable design requirements within which all subsequent briefing (when needed) and designing can take place