
**Geosynthetics — Guidelines for the
assessment of durability**

Géosynthétiques — Lignes directrices concernant la durabilité



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Published in Switzerland

Contents

Page

Foreword	vi
1 Scope	1
2 Normative references	1
3 Terms, definitions, symbols and abbreviated terms	1
3.1 Terms and definitions	1
3.2 Symbols	1
3.3 Abbreviated items	2
4 Generalized procedure	3
4.1 Introduction	3
4.2 Available and required properties	4
4.2.1 Condition of acceptability	4
4.2.2 Development of the required and available properties with time	5
4.3 Design life	6
4.4 Margin of safety	6
4.5 End of life (function)	7
4.6 Durability study	7
5 Constituents of geosynthetics	7
5.1 Types of geosynthetic	7
5.1.1 Polymeric durability considerations	7
5.1.2 Geotextiles	8
5.1.3 Geosynthetic barriers or polymeric and bituminous geosynthetic barriers	8
5.1.4 GSB-C	8
5.1.5 Geogrids	9
5.1.6 Geonets	9
5.1.7 Geocells	9
5.1.8 Geomats	9
5.1.9 Geocomposites	9
5.1.10 Geofoam	9
5.2 Individual polymer types	9
5.2.1 General	9
5.2.2 Polypropylene (PP)	9
5.2.3 Flexible polypropylene (fPP)	10
5.2.4 Polyethylene (PE)	10
5.2.5 Polyesters (i.e. PET, PEN)	10
5.2.6 Polyvinyl chloride (PVC)	10
5.2.7 Polyamides (PA)	10
5.2.8 Ethylene propylene diene monomer (EPDM)	10
5.2.9 Ethylene interpolymers alloy (EIA)	11
5.2.10 Chlorinated polyethylene (CPE)	11
5.2.11 Chlorosulfonated polyethylene (CSPE)	11
5.2.12 Bitumen (MB)	11
5.2.13 Aramid	11
5.2.14 Polyvinyl alcohol (PVA)	12
5.2.15 Polystyrene (PS)	12
5.3 Manufacturing process	12
5.3.1 General	12
5.3.2 Geotextiles	12
5.3.3 Geosynthetic barriers	14
5.3.4 Geogrids	14
5.3.5 Geonets	15

5.3.6	Geocomposites	15
5.3.7	Geocells	15
5.3.8	GBR-C	15
5.4	Recycled and reworked materials	15
5.5	Additives, stabilizers, fillers and reinforcement scrims	16
5.5.1	General	16
5.5.2	Antioxidants	16
5.5.3	Acid scavengers	16
5.5.4	Metal ion deactivators	16
5.5.5	UV stabilizers	16
5.5.6	Plasticizers	17
5.5.7	Lubricants	17
5.5.8	Mineral fillers	17
5.5.9	Scrims	17
6	Environmental factors that may lead to degradation	17
6.1	The environment above ground	17
6.2	The environment below ground	18
6.3	Chemical and biological effects on a geosynthetic	19
6.3.1	General	19
6.3.2	Hydrolysis of PET and PA	19
6.3.3	Oxidation of PE and PP	20
6.3.4	Biochemical attack	20
6.3.5	Chemical effects on other geosynthetic barriers	20
6.4	Effects of load and mechanical damage	22
6.4.1	Tensile load: creep and creep-rupture	22
6.4.2	Synergy of tensile load with environmental effects (environmental stress cracking)	22
6.4.3	Effect of mechanical load on weathering and oxidation	23
6.4.4	Loading during installation: mechanical damage	23
6.4.5	Normal pressure: compressive creep and penetration	23
6.4.6	Abrasion and dynamic loading	23
7	Evidence of the durability of geosynthetics	24
7.1	Historical development	24
7.2	Empirical evidence of durability from geosynthetics extracted from the soil	24
7.2.1	Geotextiles	24
7.2.2	Geosynthetic barriers	25
7.2.3	Geogrids	27
7.3	Summary	28
8	Procedure for assessment of durability	28
8.1	Introduction	28
8.1.1	Need for testing	28
8.1.2	Scope of durability assessment	28
8.2	Procedure	29
8.2.1	Material	29
8.2.2	Function and application	29
8.2.3	Environment	29
8.2.4	Mechanism of degradation	30
8.2.5	Design life	30
8.2.6	The "end-of-life" criterion	30
8.3	Degradation during storage and installation	31
8.3.1	Weathering	31
8.3.2	Mechanical damage	31
8.4	Short- and medium-term applications of up to 25 years	32
8.5	Assessment of long-term durability	32
8.5.1	General	32
8.5.2	Index test for long-term durability of polyester geosynthetics	33
8.5.3	Evidence from service	33
8.5.4	Accelerated testing	34
8.6	Prediction of durability	37

8.6.1	Statement of the durability	37
8.6.2	Level of confidence	37
8.7	Planning for future inspection	37
	Bibliography	39

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

In other circumstances, particularly when there is an urgent market requirement for such documents, a technical committee may decide to publish other types of document:

- an ISO Publicly Available Specification (ISO/PAS) represents an agreement between technical experts in an ISO working group and is accepted for publication if it is approved by more than 50 % of the members of the parent committee casting a vote;
- an ISO Technical Specification (ISO/TS) represents an agreement between the members of a technical committee and is accepted for publication if it is approved by 2/3 of the members of the committee casting a vote.

An ISO/PAS or ISO/TS is reviewed after three years in order to decide whether it will be confirmed for a further three years, revised to become an International Standard, or withdrawn. If the ISO/PAS or ISO/TS is confirmed, it is reviewed again after a further three years, at which time it must either be transformed into an International Standard or be withdrawn.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO/TS 13434 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 221, Geosynthetics.

This first edition cancels and replaces ISO/TR 13434:1998, which has been technically revised.

Geosynthetics — Guidelines for the assessment of durability

1 Scope

This Technical Specification provides guidelines for the assessment of the durability of geosynthetics, the object of which is to provide the design engineer with the necessary information, generally defined as changes in material properties or as partial safety factors, to ensure that the expected design life of a geosynthetic can be achieved with confidence.

This Technical Specification is not applicable to products designed to survive for only a limited time, such as erosion-control fabric based on natural fibres, or geotextiles for asphalt reinforcement.

This Technical Specification is applicable to the durability of the geosynthetics and not to the durability of the geotechnical structure as a whole.

NOTE The calculation of reduction factors for soil reinforcement applications is described in ISO/TR 20432.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 10318, *Geosynthetics — Terms and definitions*

ISO 13431, *Geotextiles and geotextile-related products — Determination of tensile creep and creep rupture behaviour*

ISO 13438:2004, *Geotextiles and geotextile-related products — Screening test method for determining the resistance to oxidation*

ISO/TR 20432:2007, *Guidelines for the determination of long-term strength of geosynthetics for soil reinforcement*

3 Terms, definitions, symbols and abbreviated terms

3.1 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 10318 apply.

3.2 Symbols

A rate of degradation

A_0 constant in Arrhenius equation

d_{50} 50 % soil gradation