INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 13041-2

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Test conditions for numerically controlled turning machines and turning centres —

Part 2:

Geometric tests for machines with a vertical workholding spindle

Conditions d'essai des tours à commande numérique et des centres de tournage —

Partie 2: Essais géométriques pour les machines à broche verticale



Reference number ISO 13041-2:2008(E)

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in traison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are orafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical convertues is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for gentifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 13041-2 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 39, Machine tools, Subcommittee SC 2, Test conditions for metal cutting machine tools.

ISO 13041 consists of the following parts, under the general title Test conditions for numerically controlled turning machines and turning centres:

- Part 1: Geometric tests for machines with horizontal workholding spindle
- Part 2: Geometric tests for machines with vertical workholding spindle
- Part 3: Geometric tests for machines with inverted vertical workholding spindles
- Next of the of t Part 4: Accuracy and repeatability of positioning of linear and rotary axes
- Part 5: Accuracy of feeds, speeds and interpolations
- Part 6: Accuracy of a finished test piece
- Part 7: Evaluation of contouring performance in the coordinate planes
- Part 8: Evaluation of thermal distortions

Introduction

The object of ISO 13041 (all parts) is to supply information as wide and comprehensive as possible on geometric, positional, contouring, thermal and machining tests which can be carried out for comparison, acceptance, maintenance or any other purpose.

ISO 13041 (all pare) specifies, with reference to ISO 230-1 and ISO 230-7, tests for turning centres and numerically controlled turning machines with/without tailstocks standing alone or integrated in flexible values for the test results corresponding to general-purpose and normal-accuracy turning centres and numerically controlled turning machines. ISO 13041 (all parts) specifies, with reference to ISO 230-1 and ISO 230-7, tests for turning centres and numerically controled turning machines with/without tailstocks standing alone or integrated in flexible

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Test conditions for numerically controlled turning machines and turning centres —

Part 2:

Geometric tests for machines with a vertical workholding spindle

1 Scope

This part of ISO 13041 specifies, with reference to ISO 230-1 and ISO 230-7, the geometric tests on general purpose numerically controlled (NC) turning machines and tuning centres with vertical workholding spindles, as well as the corresponding applicable tolerances.

This part of ISO 13041 explains different concepts or configurations and common features of NC turning machines and turning centres with vertical workholding spindles. It also provides a terminology and designation of controlled axes (see Figures 2, 2, 3, and 4).

This part of ISO 13041 deals only with the verification of the accuracy of the machine. It does not apply to the operational testing of the machine (e.g. vibration abnormal noise, stick slip motion of components) nor to machine characteristics (e.g. speeds, feeds) as such checks are generally carried out before testing the accuracy.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 230-1:1996, Test code for machine tools — Part 1: Geometric Scuracy of machines operating under no-load or finishing conditions

ISO 230-7:2006, Test code for machine tools — Part 7: Geometric accuration

ISO 841:2001, Industrial automation systems and integration — Numerical control of machines — Coordinate system and motion nomenclature