## INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



First edition 2010-03-01

# Titanium pipes and tubes — Non-destructive testing —

Part 2: Ultrasonic testing for the detection of longitudinal imperfections

Canalisations et tubes en titane — Essai non destructif — Partie 2: Contrôle par ultrason pour la détection des défauts longitudinaux



Reference number ISO 25902-2:2010(E)

#### PDF disclaimer

This PDF file may contain embedded typefaces. In accordance with Adobe's licensing policy, this file may be printed or viewed but shall not be edited unless the typefaces which are embedded are licensed to and installed on the computer performing the editing. In downloading this file, parties accept therein the responsibility of not infringing Adobe's licensing policy. The ISO Central Secretariat accepts no liability in this area.

Adobe is a trademark of Adobe Systems Incorporated.

Details of the software products used to create this PDF file can be found in the General Info relative to the file; the PDF-creation parameters were optimized for printing. Every care has been taken to ensure that the file is suitable for use by ISO member bodies. In the unlikely event that a problem relating to it is found, please inform the Central Secretariat at the address given below.

the series a preview denerated by FUS



### **COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT**

#### © ISO 2010

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Geneva 20 Tel. + 41 22 749 01 11 Fax + 41 22 749 09 47 E-mail copyright@iso.org Web www.iso.org Published in Switzerland

## Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possible that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 25902-2 was prepared by Technic Committee ISO/TC 79, Light metals and their alloys, Subcommittee SC 11, Titanium.

ISO 25902 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Titanium pipes and tubes — Non-destructive testing*:

- Part 1: Eddy-current examination
- Part 2: Ultrasonic testing for the detection of longitudinal imperfections

this document is a preview denerated by EUS

## Titanium pipes and tubes — Non-destructive testing —

## Part 2:

## Ultrasonic testing for the detection of longitudinal imperfections

## 1 Scope

This part of ISO 25902 specifies an ultrasonic testing method for detecting longitudinal imperfections in titanium seamless tubes or werded tubes.

This part of ISO 25902 also applies to titanium alloy tubes.

In this part of ISO 25902

- a) the minimum wall thickness is 0,3 mm
- b) only rectangular notches are permitted as reference reflectors, and
- c) the minimum notch depth is 0,08 mm.

### 2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable or the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated or erences, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 9712, Non-destructive testing — Qualification and certification opersonnel

ISO 10375, Non-destructive testing — Ultrasonic inspection — Chara Orization of search unit and sound field

ISO 18175, Non-destructive testing — Evaluating performance characteristics of ultrasonic pulse-echo testing systems without the use of electronic measurement instruments

### 3 General

#### 3.1 Applicable dimension range

The range of the applicable dimensions of a tube shall be 10 mm to 150 mm outside diameter and 0,3 mm to 10 mm thickness. The ratio of thickness to outside diameter shall be less than or equal to 0,2 (20 %).

#### 3.2 Testing technique

The test shall be carried out using an ultrasonic angle beam technique, effected by rotating the ultrasonic transducer or the tube.

The ultrasonic testing system shall be an immersion technique (including a local immersion technique).