# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 13779-2

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# Implants for surgery — Hydroxyapatite — Part 2: Coatings of hydroxyapatite

Implants chirurgicaux — Hydroxyapatite —
Partie 2: Revêtements à base d'hydroxyapatite



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# **Foreword**

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International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 13779-2 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 150, *Implants for surgery*, Subcommittee SC 1, Materials.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 13779-2:2000), which has been technically revised.

ISO 13779 consists of the following parts, under the general title Implants for surgery — Hydroxyapatite:

- Part 1: Ceramic hydroxyapatite
- Part 2: Coatings of hydroxyapatite
- Part 3: Chemical analysis and characterization of crystallinity and phase purity
- Part 4: Determination of coating adhesion strength

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# Introduction

No known surgical implant material has ever been shown to be completely free of adverse reactions in the human body. However, long-term clinical experience of the use of the material referred to in ISO 13779 has shown that an acceptable level of biological response can be expected, if the material is used in appropriate applications.

The biological response to hydroxyapatite coatings has been demonstrated by a history of clinical use and by laboratory studies. See Bibliography.

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# Implants for surgery — Hydroxyapatite —

# Part 2:

# Coatings of hydroxyapatite

# 1 Scope

This part of ISO 13779 specifies requirements for ceramic hydroxyapatite coatings applied to metallic or non-metallic surgical implants.

This part of ISO 13779 does not ever coatings made from glasses, glass ceramics, alpha- and beta-calcium orthophosphate or other forms of calcium phosphate, nor does it cover coatings in which the hydroxyapatite is present in a powder form.

This part of ISO 13779 does not apply to an anoparticle-type materials.

## 2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For untated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 10993-17, Biological evaluation of medical devices Part 17: Establishment of allowable limits for leachable substances

ISO 13779-1, Implants for surgery — Hydroxyapatite — Part 1. Garamic hydroxyapatite

ISO 13779-3, Implants for surgery — Hydroxyapatite — Part 3: Chemical analysis and characterization of crystallinity and phase purity

ISO 13779-4; Implants for surgery — Hydroxyapatite — Part 4: Determination of coating adhesion strength

### 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 13779-1 and the following apply.

# 3.1 coating

hydroxyapatite that has been deposited on to the surface of a metallic or non-metallic substrate either by means of a thermal spray process, which produces a ceramic-type coating or by means of a solution-based technique, which can deposit hydroxyapatite directly or might require thermal or other treatment to convert it into a crystalline form

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