### INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 11862

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## Earth-moving machinery — Auxiliary starting aid electrical connector

Engins de terrassement — Connecteur électrique pour aides auxiliaires au démarrage



Reference number ISO 11862:1993(E)

### Foreword

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ISO/TC 127, Earth-moving machinery, Sub-Committee State of partice and the second state of the secon ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national Organization for Standardization) is a Worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

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International Organization for Standardization

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# Earth-moving machinery — Auxiliary starting aid electrical connector

#### 1 Scope

This International Standard specifies the details, dimensions and design of both plug male) and receptacle (female) which must mate properly to permit interchangeable use of different makes of electrical connectors providing an auxiliary starting circuit for earth-moving machinery as defined in 150 6165. It lays down a universal connecting device, with correct polarity, standard circuit coding and protection from electrical shorts, which may also be used with any other machinery, vehicle or automotive equipment with the same electrical system voltage range.

#### 2 Normative references

The following standards contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this International Standard. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this International Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the standards indicated below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 6165:1987, Earth-moving machinery — Basic types — Vocabulary.

ISO 9247:1990, Earth-moving machinery — Electrical wires and cables — Principles of identification and marking.

IEC 228:1978, Conductors of insulated cables.

IEC 245-4:1980, Rubber insulated cables of rated voltages up to and including 450/750 V — Part 4: Cords and flexible cables.

IEC 269-1:1986, *Low-voltage fuses — Part 1: General requirements.* 

#### **3** General requirements

#### 3.1 Receptacle

The receptacle assembly shall be as shown in figure 1 and shall be permanently installed in a machine. The receptacle contains the male terminals [see figure 3 b)]; the configuration shall provide positive means of ensuring correct polarity when coupled with the mating plug.

#### 3.2 Plug assembly

The plug assembly shall be as shown in figure 2; it provides auxiliary starting from one machine to anether [see figure 2 a)], or from an external power source, such as a battery cart, to the machine [see tigure 2 b)]. The plug contains the female terminals [see figure 3 a)] and mates with the receptacle assembly in 3.1.

4 Construction

4.1 Materials

Connector bodies shall be made of glass-fibrereinforced nylon of other mouldable insulating material of equal or superior properties. The contact parts shall be coated to ensure low deterioration and low electrical resistance.

#### 4.2 Terminals

Terminals shall be in accordance with figure 3 and permanently attached to the cable ends before moulding, by soldering, brazing, welding or by other suitable method to provide a connection which will be mechanically and electrically secure.

#### 4.3 Cables

Current-carrying cables shall be 50 mm<sup>2</sup>, 70 mm<sup>2</sup> or 95 mm<sup>2</sup> wire size and shall conform with IEC 228