# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 10893-2

First edition 2011-04-01

# Non-destructive testing of steel tubes —

# Part 2:

Automated eddy current testing of seamless and welded (except submerged arc-welded) steel tubes for the detection of imperfections

Essais non destructifs des tubes en acier —

Partie 2: Contrôle automatisé par courants de Foucault pour la détection des imperfections des tubes en acier sans soudure et soudés (sauf à l'arc immergé sous flux en poudre)

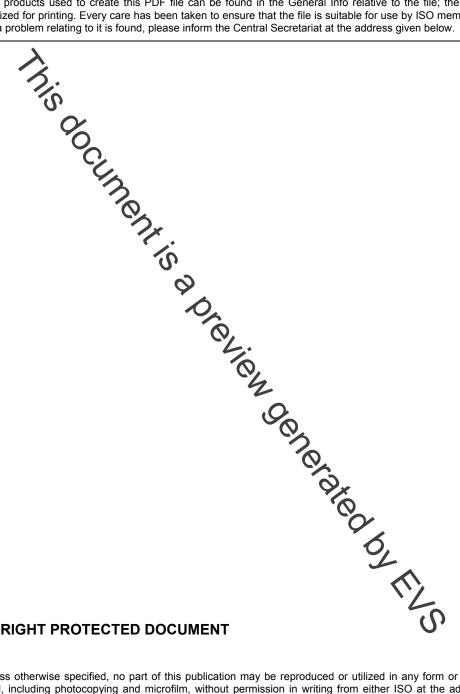


#### PDF disclaimer

This PDF file may contain embedded typefaces. In accordance with Adobe's licensing policy, this file may be printed or viewed but shall not be edited unless the typefaces which are embedded are licensed to and installed on the computer performing the editing. In downloading this file, parties accept therein the responsibility of not infringing Adobe's licensing policy. The ISO Central Secretariat accepts no liability in this area.

Adobe is a trademark of Adobe Systems Incorporated.

Details of the software products used to create this PDF file can be found in the General Info relative to the file; the PDF-creation parameters were optimized for printing. Every care has been taken to ensure that the file is suitable for use by ISO member bodies. In the unlikely event that a problem relating to it is found, please inform the Central Secretariat at the address given below.





#### COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT

© ISO 2011

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Geneva 20 Tel. + 41 22 749 01 11 Fax + 41 22 749 09 47 E-mail copyright@iso.org Web www.iso.org

Published in Switzerland

Contents	Page

vord	IV
Scope	1
Normative references	1
*/-	
General requirements	2
Test method October Test technique Test equipment	2 2 3
Concentric coil technique  Segment coil technique  Fixed and rotating coil/paricaké technique	6 6 7
Acceptance	10
Test report	10
SW Oenerated by FLS	
	Scope Normative references Terms and definitions General requirements Test method Test techniques Test equipment Reference tube General Concentric coil technique Segment coil technique Dimensions of the reference Candards Equipment calibration and checking. Acceptance Test report A (informative) Guidance notes on limitations of eddy current test method

#### **Foreword**

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in Maison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 10893-2 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 17, Steel, Subcommittee SC 19, Technical delivery conditions for steel tubes for pressure purposes.

This first edition cancels and replaces ISO 9304:1989 which has been technically revised.

ISO 10893 consists of the following parts, under the general title Non-destructive testing of steel tubes:

- Part 1: Automated electromagnetic testing of seamless and welded (except submerged arc-welded) steel tubes for the verification of hydraulic leaktightness
- Part 2: Automated eddy current testing of seamless and welled (except submerged arc-welded) steel tubes for the detection of imperfections
- Part 3: Automated full peripheral flux leakage testing of seamles and welded (except submerged arcwelded) ferromagnetic steel tubes for the detection of longitudinal and/or transverse imperfections
- Part 4: Liquid penetrant inspection of seamless and welded steel tules for the detection of surface imperfections
- Part 5: Magnetic particle inspection of seamless and welded ferromagnetic steel tubes for the detection of surface imperfections
- Part 6: Radiographic testing of the weld seam of welded steel tubes for the detection of imperfections
- Part 7: Digital radiographic testing of the weld seam of welded steel tubes for the detection of imperfections
- Part 8: Automated ultrasonic testing of seamless and welded steel tubes for the detection of laminar imperfections
- Part 9: Automated ultrasonic testing for the detection of laminar imperfections in strip/plate used for the manufacture of welded steel tubes
- Part 10: Automated full peripheral ultrasonic testing of seamless and welded (except submerged arcwelded) steel tubes for the detection of longitudinal and/or transverse imperfections

- Part 11: Automated ultrasonic testing of the weld seam of welded steel tubes for the detection of longitudinal and/or transverse imperfections
- Part 12: Automated full peripheral ultrasonic thickness testing of seamless and welded (except submerged arc-welded) steel tubes

This document is a preview denetated by EUS

Inis document is a preview denetated by EUS

# Non-destructive testing of steel tubes —

# Part 2:

Automated eddy current testing of seamless and welded (except submerged arc-welded) steel tubes for the detection of imperfections

# 1 Scope

This part of ISO 10893 specifies requirements for automated eddy current testing of seamless and welded tubes with the exception of submerged arc-welded (SAW) tubes, for the detection of imperfections according to the different acceptance levels as shown in Tables 1 and 2. It is applicable to the inspection of tubes with an outside diameter greater than or equal to 4 mm.

This part of ISO 10893 can also be applicable to the testing of hollow sections.

## 2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispersable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For unlested references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 9712, Non-destructive testing — Qualification and certification of personnel

ISO 11484, Steel products — Employer's qualification system for on-destructive testing (NDT) personnel

#### 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 11484 and the following apply.

## 3.1

#### reference standard

standard for the calibration of non-destructive testing equipment (e.g. drill holes, no ches and recesses)

# 3.2

#### reference tube

tube or length of tube containing the reference standard(s)

### 3.3

#### reference sample

sample (e.g. segment of tube, plate or strip) containing the reference standard(s)

NOTE Only the term "reference tube" is used in this part of ISO 10893, also covering the term "reference sample".

#### 3.4

#### tube

hollow long product open at both ends, of any cross-sectional shape