INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 10893-10

First edition 2011-04-01

Non-destructive testing of steel tubes —

Part 10:

Automated full peripheral ultrasonic testing of seamless and welded (except submerged arc-welded) steel tubes for the detection of longitudinal and/or transverse imperfections

Essais non destructifs des tubes en acier —

Partie 10: Contrôle automatisé par ultrasons sur toute la circonférence des tubes en acier sans soudure et soudés (sauf à l'arc immergé sous flux en poudre) pour la détection des imperfections longitudinales et/ou transversales



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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in Maison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 10893-10 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 17, Steel, Subcommittee SC 19, Technical delivery conditions for steel tubes for pressure purposes.

This first edition cancels and replaces ISO 9303:1989 and ISO 9305:1989, which have been technically revised.

ISO 10893 consists of the following parts, under the general title Non-destructive testing of steel tubes:

- Part 1: Automated electromagnetic testing of seamless and welded (except submerged arc-welded) steel tubes for the verification of hydraulic leaktightness
- Part 2: Automated eddy current testing of seamless and wellow (except submerged arc-welded) steel tubes for the detection of imperfections
- Part 3: Automated full peripheral flux leakage testing of seamless and welded (except submerged arc-welded) ferromagnetic steel tubes for the detection of longitudinal and to transverse imperfections
- Part 4: Liquid penetrant inspection of seamless and welded steel tube for the detection of surface imperfections
- Part 5: Magnetic particle inspection of seamless and welded ferromagnetic steel tubes for the detection of surface imperfections
- Part 6: Radiographic testing of the weld seam of welded steel tubes for the detection of imperfections
- Part 7: Digital radiographic testing of the weld seam of welded steel tubes for the detection of imperfections
- Part 8: Automated ultrasonic testing of seamless and welded steel tubes for the detection of laminar imperfections
- Part 9: Automated ultrasonic testing for the detection of laminar imperfections in strip/plate used for the manufacture of welded steel tubes
- Part 10: Automated full peripheral ultrasonic testing of seamless and welded (except submerged arc-welded) steel tubes for the detection of longitudinal and/or transverse imperfections

- Part 11: Automated ultrasonic testing of the weld seam of welded steel tubes for the detection of longitudinal and/or transverse imperfections
- Part 12: Automated full peripheral ultrasonic thickness testing of seamless and welded (except submerged arc-welded) steel tubes

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Non-destructive testing of steel tubes —

Part 10:

Automated full peripheral ultrasonic testing of seamless and welded (except submerged arc-welded) steel tubes for the detection of longitudinal and/or transverse imperfections

1 Scope

This part of ISO 10893 specifies requirements for automated full peripheral ultrasonic shear wave (generated by conventional or phased array technique) testing of seamless and welded [except submerged arc-welded (SAW)] steel tubes, for the detection of longitudinal and/or transverse imperfections.

Unless otherwise specified in the purchase order, the testing method is applicable to the detection of predominantly longitudinal imperfections.

In the case of testing on longitudinal imperections, Lamb wave testing can be applied at the discretion of the manufacturer.

For seamless tubes, by agreement between the purchaser and manufacturer, testing principles of this part of ISO 10893 can be applied to detect imperfections having other orientations.

This part of ISO 10893 is applicable to the inspection of tubes with an outside diameter greater than or equal to 10 mm, normally with an outside diameter-to-thickness ratio greater than or equal to 5.

This part of ISO 10893 can also be applicable to the testing paircular hollow sections.

NOTE For options for testing tubes with an outside diameter thickness ratio less than 5 on longitudinal imperfections, see Annex A.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 5577, Non-destructive testing — Ultrasonic inspection — Vocabulary

ISO 9712, Non-destructive testing — Qualification and certification of personnel

ISO 11484, Steel products — Employer's qualification system for non-destructive testing (NDT) personnel