# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 4413

Third edition 2010-11-15

# Hydraulic fluid power — General rules and safety requirements for systems and their components

Transmissions hydrauliques — Règles générales et exigences de sécurité relatives aux systèmes et leurs composants

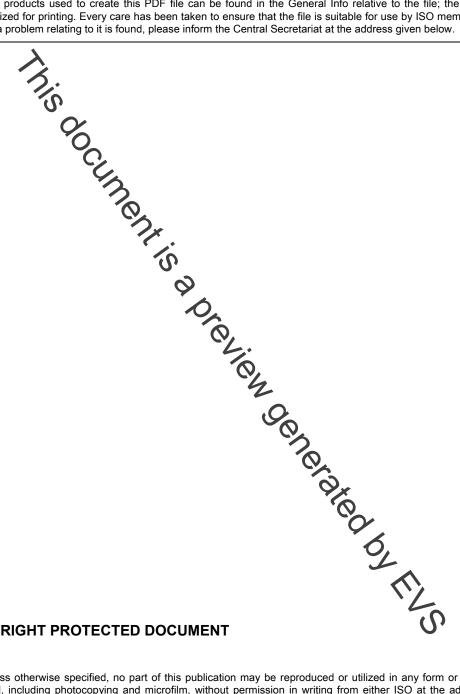


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### **Foreword**

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in Maison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 4413 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 131, *Fluid power systems*, Subcommittee SC 9, *Installations and systems*.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 4413:1998), which has been technically revised, specifically with regards to the following:

- a) integration of ISO 4413:1998 and EN 982:1996;
- b) integration of safety requirements to comply with the European Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC;
- c) updating of safety requirements, taking into account International Standards on machine safety.

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Equivalent requirements for pneuropitic systems are defined in ISO 4414. This International Standard is a type B standard as defined in ISO 12100. The provisions of this International Standard can be supplemented or modified by a type C standard. For machines that are covered by the scope of a type C standard and that have been designed and built in accordance with the provisions of that standard,

In hydraulic fluid power systems, power is transmitted and controlled through a liquid under pressure within an

In the past, ISO 4413 was intended to provide assistance in the understanding between the supplier and the purchaser. This edition of SO 4413 now includes, in addition, general requirements for the engineering of a hydraulic system and safety requirements that support the essential health and safety requirements of the

Inis document is a preview denetated by EUS

## Hydraulic fluid power — General rules and safety requirements for systems and their components

## 1 Scope

This International Standard specifies general rules and safety requirements for hydraulic fluid power systems and components used of machinery as defined by ISO 12100:2010, 3.1. It deals with all significant hazards associated with hydraulic luid power systems and specifies the principles to apply in order to avoid those hazards when the systems are put to their intended use.

NOTE 1 See Clause 4 and Annex A

The significant hazard noise is incompletely dealt with in this International Standard.

NOTE 2 Noise emission depends especially on the installation of hydraulic components or systems into machinery.

This International Standard applies to design, construction and modification of systems and their components, also taking into account the following aspects:

- a) assembly;
- b) installation;
- c) adjustment;
- d) uninterrupted system operation;
- e) ease and economy of maintenance and cleaning;
- f) reliable operation in all intended uses;
- g) energy efficiency; and
- h) environment.

### 2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 1219-1, Fluid power systems and components — Graphic symbols and circuit diagrams — Part 1: Graphic symbols for conventional use and data-processing applications

ISO 1219-2, Fluid power systems and components — Graphic symbols and circuit diagrams — Part 2: Circuit diagrams

ISO 4021, Hydraulic fluid power — Particulate contamination analysis — Extraction of fluid samples from lines of an operating system

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ISO 4406, Hydraulic fluid power — Fluids — Method for coding the level of contamination by solid particles

ISO 5598, Fluid power systems and components — Vocabulary

ISO 6149-1, Connections for hydraulic fluid power and general use — Ports and stud ends with ISO 261 metric threads and O-ring sealing — Part 1: Ports with truncated housing for O-ring seal

ISO 6149-2, Connections for hydraulic fluid power and general use — Ports and stud ends with ISO 261 metric threads and O-ring sealing — Part 2: Dimensions, design, test methods and requirements for heavy-duty (S series) stud ends

ISO 6149-3, Connections for hydraulic fluid power and general use — Ports and stud ends with ISO 261 metric threads and O-ring spaling — Part 3: Dimensions, design, test methods and requirements for light-duty (L series) stud ends

ISO 6162-1, Hydraulic fluid power— Flange connectors with split or one-piece flange clamps and metric or inch screws— Part 1: Flange connectors for use at pressures of 3,5 MPa (35 bar) to 35 MPa (350 bar), DN 13 to DN 127

ISO 6162-2, Hydraulic fluid power — Flange connectors with split or one-piece flange clamps and metric or inch screws — Part 2: Flange connectors for use at pressures of 35 MPa (350 bar) to 40 MPa (400 bar), DN 13 to DN 51

ISO 6164, Hydraulic fluid power — Four-screw, one-piece square-flange connections for use at pressures of 25 MPa and 40 MPa (250 bar and 400 bar)

ISO 10763, Hydraulic fluid power — Plain-end, seames and welded precision steel tubes — Dimensions and nominal working pressures

ISO 12100:2010, Safety of machinery — General principles for design — Risk assessment and risk reduction

ISO 13850, Safety of machinery — Emergency stop — Principles for design

ISO 13851, Safety of machinery — Two-hand control devices — Lunctional aspects and design principles

ISO 16874, Hydraulic fluid power — Identification of manifold assemblies and their components

ISO 17165-1, Hydraulic fluid power — Hose assemblies — Part 1: Dimensions and requirements

ISO 23309, Hydraulic fluid power systems — Assembled systems — Method of cleaning lines by flushing

IEC 60947-5-5, Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear — Part 5-5: Control circuit devices and switching elements — Electrical emergency stop device with mechanical latching function

### 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 5598 and ISO 12100 and the following apply.

### 3.1

### function plate

surface that contains information describing either the performance of a manually operated device (e.g. ON/OFF, forward/reverse, left/right, up/down) or the status of a function performed by the system (e.g. clamp, lift, advance)