## INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



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INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION • MEЖДУНАРОДІЛАЯ ОРГАНИЗАЦИЯ ПО СТАНДАРТИЗАЦИИ • ORGANISATION INTERNATIONALE DE NORMALISATION

### Textiles — Designation of the direction of twist in yarns and related products

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# FOREWORD

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards institutes (ISO Member Bodies). The work of developing International Standards is carried out though ISO Technical Committees. Every Member Body interested in a subject for which a Technical Committee has been set up has the right to be represented on that Committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work.

Draft International Standards adopted by the Technical Committees are circulated to the Member Bodies for approval before their acceptance as International Standards by the ISO Council.

Prior to 1972, the results of the work of the Technical Committees were published as ISO Recommendations; these documents are now in the process of being transformed into International Standards. As part of this process, International Standard ISO 2 replaces ISO Recommendation R 2-1966 drawing by Technical Committee ISO/TC 38, *Textiles*.

The Member Bodies of the following countries approved the Recommendation:

Australia Hungary Portugal Austria India Romania Belgium Israel South Africa, Re Canada Italy Sweden Chile Mexico Switzerland Czechoslovakia Netherlands United Kingdom Denmark New Zealand U.S.A. U.S.S.R. Finland Norway France Poland Yugoslavia

No Member Body expressed disapproval of the Recommendation.

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### Textiles — Designation of the direction of twist in yarns and related products

#### 1 SCOPE AND FIELD OF APPLICATION

This International Standard specifies the method of designating the direction of wist in textile yarns. It is applicable to yarn intermediates such as slivers, slubbings, or rovings; to single yarns, plied yarns, cabled yarns; and to threads, twine, cordage and rope.

### 2 DESIGNATIONS OF SINGLE YARNS A

The direction of twist in yarns, slivers, slibbings and rovings is indicated by the capital letters **S** and **Z**, thus:

a) **S** twist. The product has **S** twist if, when it is held in a vertical position, the spirals or helices formed by the fibres or filaments around its axis incline in the same direction as the central portion of the letter **S** (see Figure 1).

b) **Z twist**. The product has **Z** twist if, when it is held in a vertical position, the spirals or helices formed by the fibres or filaments around its axis incline in the same direction as the central portion of the letter **Z** (see Figure 2).

NOTE – Small letters **s** and **z** may be used if necessitated by special circumstances.

#### 3 DESIGNATIONS OF COMPLEX YARNS AND RELATED PRODUCTS

The letters **S** and **Z** are used to indicate the direction of the last twist inserted when two or more yarns are twisted together to produce a plied or cabled yarn, or a thread, twine, cordage or rope.

NOTE – The letters  ${\bf S}$  and  ${\bf Z}$  may be used to indicate the direction of winding (inclination or lay) of a yarn wound around a wire or any other core.

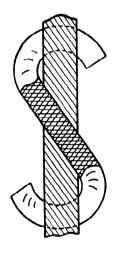


FIGURE 1 - S twist

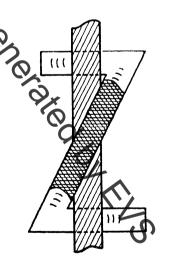


FIGURE 2 - Z twist