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Business Interoperability Interfaces for Public Procurement in Europe - E-Tendering - Part 122: Profile BII59 Contracting

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Contents

| _ | | | |
|----------|------------------------------|--------|----|
| rop | ean foreword | | 3 |
| - | | | |
| | | | |
| | Introduction | | 8 |
| | Goals | | 8 |
| | | | |
| 1 2 | | | |
| 2 | J . | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| 1 | | | |
| 2 | | | |
| | Profile detailed description | n, | 11 |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| 1 | | ements | |
| • | | | |
| | implementation | | 21 |
| | References | | 21 |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

European foreword

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CWA 17027-122, **Profile BII59 - Contracting** was developed in accordance with CEN-CENELEC Guide 29 "CEN/CENELEC Workshop Agreements – The way to rapid agreement" and with the relevant provisions of CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations - Part 2. It was agreed on 2015-12-02 in a Workshop by representatives of interested parties, approved and supported by CEN following a public call for participation made on 2013-02-20. It does not necessarily reflect the views of all stakeholders that might have an interest in its subject matter.

The final text of CWA 17027-122 was submitted to CEN for publication on 2016-04-20. It was developed and approved by:

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This CEN Workshop Agreement (CWA) has been drafted and approved by the Workshop on **Business Interoperability Interfaces for Public procurement in Europe (BII)**, phase 3 – CEN WS/BII 3.

CWA 17027 is part of a set of CWAs prepared by CEN WS/BII 3¹:

CWA 17025:2016 Methodology and Architecture

CWA 17026:2016 Notification profiles and transactions

CWA 17027:2016 Tendering profiles and transactions

CWA 17028:2016 Catalogue profiles and transactions CWA 17029:2016 Post-award profiles and transactions

CWA 17027 consists of the following Parts:

CWA 17027-1 e-Tendering overview

Profiles:

CWA 17027-1 E-Tendering overview

CWA 17027-101 Profile BII11 Advanced Qualification

CWA 17027-102 Profile BII12 Advanced Tendering

CWA 17027-103 Profile BII22 Advanced Call for Tenders

CWA 17027-104 Profile BII34 Advanced Call for Tenders with Pre-award Catalogue Request

CWA 17027-105 Profile BII35 Advanced Tendering with Pre-award Catalogue

CWA 17027-106 Profile BII37 Open Procedure

CWA 17027-107 Profile BII38 Advanced Invitation to Tender

CWA 17027-108 Profile BII39 Restricted Procedure

¹ In order to ease the reading the CWAs provided by the CEN BII initiative, they are also made available on http://www.cenbii.eu together with explanatory notes and supporting material. The official version is however the version as published by CEN.

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CWA 17027-109 Profile BII40 Advanced Invitation to Tender with Pre-award Catalogue Request
CWA 17027-110 Profile BII41 European Single Procurement Document
CWA 17027-111 Profile BII46 Subscribe to Procedure
CWA 17027-112 Profile BII47 Call for Tenders
CWA 17027-113 Profile BII48 Call for Tenders Questions and Answers
CWA 17027-114 Profile BII50 Tender Clarification
CWA 17027-115 Profile BII51 Qualification Rejection
CWA 17027-116 Profile BII51 Invitation to Tender
CWA 17027-118 Profile BII52 Invitation to Tender
CWA 17027-119 Profile BII54 Tendering
CWA 17027-120 Profile BII55 Virtual Company Dossier
CWA 17027-121 Profile BII58 Notify Awarding
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Transaction syntax implementation guidelines (UBL):

with Pre-award Catalogue Request

CWA 17027-123 Profile BII60 Tender Status Inquiry

CWA 17027-122 Profile BII59 Contracting

CWA 17027-201 UBL Syntax Implementation Guideline for Trdm040 Advanced Call for Tenders CWA 17027-203 UBL Syntax Implementation Guideline for Trdm042 Qualification Reception Confirmation

CWA 17027-204 UBL Syntax Implementation Guideline for Trdm044 Advanced Tender CWA 17027-205 UBL Syntax Implementation Guideline for Trdm045 Tender Reception Notification CWA 17027-212 UBL Syntax Implementation Guideline for Trdm083 Call for Tenders CWA 17027-215 UBL Syntax Implementation Guideline for Trdm087 Qualification Rejection CWA 17027-216 UBL Syntax Implementation Guideline for Trdm083 Call for Tenders CWA 17027-218 UBL Syntax Implementation Guideline for Trdm090 Tender CWA 17027-221 UBL Syntax Implementation Guideline for Trdm094 Awarding Notification CWA 17027-224 UBL Syntax Implementation Guideline for Trdm105 Call for Tenders with Pre-award Catalogue Request CWA 17027-227 UBL Syntax Implementation Guideline for Trdm108 Advanced Invitation to tender

CWA 17027-228 UBL Syntax Implementation Guideline for Trdm109 Advanced invitation to tender

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| 6 | | |

Introduction

The first CEN BII Workshop was established in May 2007 with the objective of harmonising electronic procurement in Europe. The CEN BII initiative, which now comprises a further two CEN Workshops, is a standardisation activity within CEN (European Committee for Standardisation). It provides a framework for interoperability in pan-European electronic transactions expressed as a set of technical specifications.

During the second phase of the initiative (CEN WS/BII 2) a set of technical specifications – "CEN BII Profiles" – were documented and published as five CEN Workshop Agreements (CWAs), which are currently used across Europe. The profiles are designed to facilitate effective public e-procurement based on a modular approach for implementation, with a focus on global interoperability.

The CEN BII profiles can be seen as "agreements" on message contents and business processes. The profile descriptions focus on core information elements that typically cater to the majority of user requirements applicable across Europe and lower the need for detailed bilateral agreements between the trading partners.

In its third phase (CEN WS/BII 3), which began in March 2013 with the approval of the business plan, the Workshop has focused on ensuring that all relevant aspects of e-procurement are covered, including additional business requirements coming from the new Public Procurement Directives² and alignment to other standardization efforts in the area of electronic invoicing, as well as ensuring wider recognition and adoption of its deliverables.

More information about the CEN BII initiative can be found on www.cenbii.eu.

² Directive 2014/24/EU on public procurement – replaces Directive 2004/18/EC ("classic Directive"), Directive 2014/25/EU on procurement by entities operating in the water, energy, transport and postal services sectors – replaces Directive 2004/17/EC ("utilities Directive"), and Directive 2014/23/EU on the award of concession contracts (new)

1 Scope

1.1 Introduction

Profile BII59 Contracting describes electronic messaging support for the business process of concluding a contract between a contracting body and a particular economic operator. The economic operator has been awarded a contract in a tendering procedure and fulfilled his obligations (e.g., by sending a Virtual Company Dossier to the contracting body). A draft contract is sent to the economic operator, who is to sign and return it. The contracting body, on its turn, signs the contract and sends the signed contract to the economic operator.

This profile is identified in the transactions by the ProfileID urn:www.cenbii.eu:profile:bii59:ver3.0

1.2 Goals

The main business benefits to be gained by implementing this profile are:

| ID | Description |
|---------|--|
| G59-001 | The profile enables trading partners to communicate without a previous bi-lateral setup or agreements. |
| G59-002 | This profile aims at streamlining the supply chain, allowing buyers and suppliers to finalize the contract. |
| G59-003 | This profile allows buyers and suppliers to do better contract management. |
| G59-004 | This profile enables the buyer to order only from within the contract, therefore minimizing maverick buying. |
| G59-005 | This profile enables buyer and supplier to utilize framework contract to the full extend. |
| G59-006 | This profile enable the buyer to learn from a contract concluded in the past, therefore to better sourcing before concluding a new contract. |

1.3 Business environment

1.3.1 Introduction

The intended scope for this profile includes public procurement, but the profile may also be used in Business to Business (B2B) relations.

This profile is intended to support transmission of electronic documents for processing in (semi-)automated processes. The legal requirements that were taken into account are requirements from European legislation, in particular the EU directives, mentioned in section 5 of this profile.

The transactions, specified in this profile are intended to be exchanged between the tendering systems of economic operators and contracting bodies. This means that it is expected that the parties have connected their systems to the internet, and that they have middleware in place to enable them to send and receive the transactions in a secure way, using an agreed syntax.

The content model of the transactions can also be used in procurement platforms or portals, so that these platforms as well as procurement systems of economic operators and contracting bodies are based on the same information and process models, which makes them more interoperable. Even if platforms are not technically interoperable, the content model facilitates understanding the tendering documents and to participate in the tendering process.