INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION MERGYHAPOGHAS OPFAHUSALLUS TO CTAHGAPTUSALLUM ORGANISATION INTERNATIONALE DE NORMALISATION

Turning tools with carbide tips - External tools

Outils de tour à plaquettes en carbures métalliques - Outils d'extérieur

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Descriptors : tools, carbide tools, lathe tools, dimensions, orientation.

FOREWORD

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards institutes ISO Member Bodies). The work of developing International Standards is carried out through ISO Technical Committees. Every Member Body interested in a subject for which a Technical Committee has been set up has the right to be represented on that Committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liais in with ISO, also take part in the work.

Draft International Standards adopted by the Dechnical Committees are circulated to the Member Bodies for approval before their acceptance as International Standards by the ISO Council.

Prior to 1972, the results of the work of the Technical committees were published as ISO Recommendations; these documents are now in the process of being transformed into International Standards. As part of this process, Technical Committee ISO/TC 29 has reviewed ISO Recommendation 243 and found it technically suitable for transformation. International Standard ISO 243 therefore replaces ISO Recommendation R 243-1961 to which it is technically identical.

ISO Recommendation R 243 was approved by the Member Bodies whe following countries :

Belgium Czechoslovakia France Germany Greece Hungary India Italy Mexico Netherlands Pakistan Poland Portugal Romania South Africa, Rep. of Sweden United Kingdom U.S.S.R. sseed disapproval of the

The Member Bodies of the following countries expressed disapproval of the Recommendation on technical grounds :

Austria Switzerland U.S.A.

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ISO 504, Turning tools with carbide tips – Designation and marking.

ISO 514, Turning tools with carbide tips – Internal tools.

3 SPECIFICATIONS

3.1 Types of external tools

Only seven types of tools, regarded as those most commonly used, have been retained; except for No. 4, each of these types can be provided as a left-hand or right-hand tool

0,8 b for tools No. 1, 2, 3, 5 and 6;

Dimensions *n* and *p*, the 20° angle of tool No. 1, and in particular, the cutting angle of 10° , are given for information only, but should be used in the absence of any specification to the contrary, particularly in the case of

e of external tools, only two types of sections are selected from among the various types provided

a) the square section h

b) the rectangular section with a ratio of h/b = 1,6approximately.

NOTE - The choice between these two sections for any given tool is in accordance with the table for external tools. This choice is based on present-day techniques, but may be subject to revision in the future on the basis of studies to be undertaken by various countries with a view to establishing which type of section is best adapted to its purpose from a technical point of view.

3.3 Overall lengths

Only one range of overall lengths is specified, the length being a function of the height h of the shank, whether of square or rectangular section.