INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 29771

First edition 2008-11-01

Thermal insulating materials for building applications — Determination of organic content

Matériaux isolants thermiques destinés aux applications du bâtiment — Détermination du contenu organique

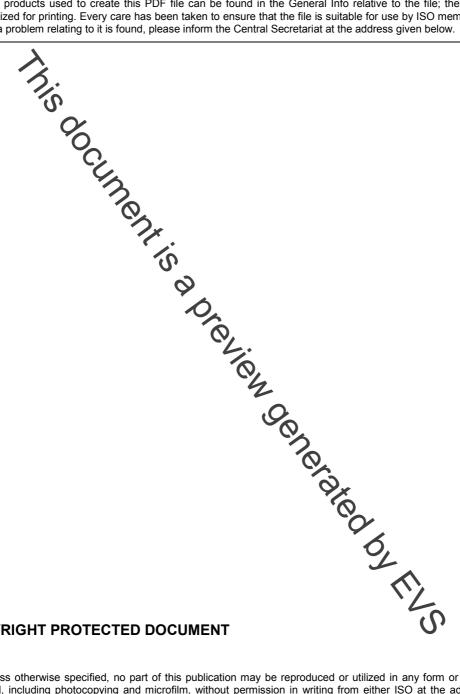


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Published in Switzerland

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in Maison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 29771 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 163, Thermal performance and energy use in the built environment, Subcommittee SC 1, Test and measurement methods.

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Introduction

This International Standard comprises the original EN 13820:2003 prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 88, *Thermal insulating materials and products*, which has been amended by ISO/TC 163/SC 1 with reference to conditioning and testing conditions in tropical countries.

This International Standard is one of a series of documents specifying test methods, based on existing European Standards that are being adopted by ISO. This "package" of standards includes the following group of interrelated documents.

International Standard	Respective EN standard
ISO 29465, Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of length and width	EN 822
ISO 29466, Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of thickness	EN 823
ISO 29467, Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of squareness	EN 824
ISO 29468, Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of flatness	EN 825
ISO 29469, Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of compression behaviour	EN 826
ISO 29470, Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of the apparent density	EN 1602
ISO 29471, Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of dimensional stability under constant normal laboratory conditions (23 °C/50 % relative humidity)	EN 1603
ISO 29472, Thermal insulating products for building application. Determination of dimensional stability under specified temperature and humidity conditions.	EN 1604
ISO 29764, Thermal insulating products for building applications — etermination of deformation under specified compressive load and temperature conditions	EN 1605
ISO 29765, Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of tensile strength perpendicular to faces	EN 1607
ISO 29766, Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of tensile strength parallel to faces	EN 1608
ISO 29767, Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of short-term water absorption by partial immersion	EN 1609
ISO 29768, Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of linear dimensions of test specimens	EN 12085

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ISO 29769, Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of EN 12430 behaviour under point load

ISO 29770, Thermal insulating products for building applications — Determination of EN 12431 thickness for floating-floor insulating products

ISO 29771, Thermal insulating materials for building applications — Determination of organic EN 13820 content

ISO 29803, Thermal insulation products for building applications — Determination of the EN 13497 resistance to impact of exernal thermal insulation composite systems (ETICS)

ISO 29804, Thermal insulation products for building applications — Determination of the EN 13494 tensile bond strength of the adhesive and of the base coat to the thermal insulation material

ISO 29805, Thermal insulation products for building applications — Determination of the EN 13496 mechanical properties of glass fibre meshes

This International Standard has been propared for products used to insulate buildings, building equipment and industrial installation, but it may also be abolised for products used in other areas.

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Thermal insulating materials for building applications — Determination of organic content

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies the equipment and procedures for determining the organic content of thermal insulating materials.

The method is aimed at determining the organic content for products that are inorganic, i.e. products containing a low percentage of organic compounds, either unfaced products or the insulating material of a faced product.

This International Standard is not applicable for the determination of organic content in the presence of water of hydration and/or combined carbonate, sulfate, etc.

This International Standard is not applicable for the determination of organic content of adhesives, facings and/or coatings.

NOTE This International Standard can be used to verify that a thermal insulating product complies with the requirements of EN 13501-1 for classification as Europass A1 without testing.

2 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following term and finition apply.

2.1

organic content

 w_{oc}

total quantity of carbon compounds contained in a material or production

NOTE The organic content in a product shall be expressed as mass percentage.

3 Principle

The organic content is determined as the loss of mass of a previously dried test specimen heated at a specific temperature for a specific time period.

4 Apparatus

Any test equipment which provides the same result with at least the same accuracy may be used.

- **4.1 Balance**, capable of determining the mass of a test specimen to 0,001 g.
- **4.2 Oven**, temperature-controlled, ventilated, capable of maintaining a temperature of (105 ± 5) °C or a temperature specified in the relevant product standard or any other international or European technical specification.