

Edition 3.0 2016-08

# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

# NORME INTERNATIONALE

Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) -

Part 6-1: Generic standards – Immunity standard for residential, commercial and light-industrial environments

Compatibilité électromagnétique (CEM) -

Partie 6-1: Normes génériques – Norme d'immunité pour les environnements résidentiels, commerciaux et de l'industrie légère





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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

COMMISSION ELECTROTECHNIQUE INTERNATIONALE

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#### INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

## **ELECTROMAGNETIC COMPATIBILITY (EMC) -**

## Part 6-1: Generic standards – Immunity standard for residential, commercial and light-industrial environments

#### **FOREWORD**

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International Standard IEC 61000-6-1 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 77: Electromagnetic compatibility.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition published in 2005. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- a) improvement of the environmental description;
- b) extension of the frequency range for the radio-frequency electromagnetic field test according to IEC 61000-4-3;

- c) amended test levels at particular frequencies for the radio-frequency electromagnetic field test according to IEC 61000-4-3;
- d) change of the repetition frequency for the fast transients immunity test according to IEC 61000-4-4;
- e) introduction of requirements according to IEC 61000-4-34;
- f) revision of the test levels;
- g) consideration of measurement uncertainty;
- h) addition of Annex A.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
77/520/FDIS	77/522/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all parts in the IEC 61000 series, published under the general title *Electromagnetic* compatibility (EMC), can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn.
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

#### INTRODUCTION

IEC 61000 is published in separate parts according to the following structure:

#### Part 1: General

General considerations (introduction, fundamental principles)

Definitions, terminology

#### Part 2: Environment

Description of the environment

Classification of the environment

Compatibility levels

#### Part 3: Limits

**Emission limits** 

Immunity limits (insofar as they do not fall under the responsibility of the product committees)

#### Part 4: Testing and measurement techniques

Measurement techniques

Testing techniques

#### Part 5: Installation and mitigation guidelines

Installation guidelines

Mitigation methods and devices

#### Part 6: Generic standards

#### Part 9: Miscellaneous

Each part is further subdivided into several parts, published either as International Standards or as Technical Specifications or Technical Reports, some of which have already been published as sections. Others will be published with the part number followed by a dash and a second number identifying the subdivision (example: IEC 61000-6-1).

### **ELECTROMAGNETIC COMPATIBILITY (EMC) -**

## Part 6-1: Generic standards – Immunity standard for residential, commercial and light-industrial environments

#### 1 Scope

This part of IEC 61000 for EMC immunity requirements applies to electrical and electronic equipment intended for use in residential, commercial, public and light-industrial locations. Immunity requirements in the frequency range 0 Hz to 400 GHz are covered. No tests need to be performed at frequencies where no requirements are specified.

This generic EMC immunity standard is applicable if no relevant dedicated product or product-family EMC immunity standard exists.

This standard applies to electrical and electronic equipment intended to be operated in

- residential locations, as defined in 3.8, both indoor and outdoor,
- commercial, public and light industrial locations, as defined in 3.9, both indoor and outdoor.

This standard applies also to equipment which is battery operated or is powered by a non-public, but non-industrial, low voltage power distribution system if this equipment is intended to be used in the locations defined in 3.8 or 3.9.

This standard defines the immunity test requirements for equipment specified in the scope in relation to continuous and transient, conducted and radiated disturbances, including electrostatic discharges.

The immunity requirements have been selected to ensure an adequate level of immunity for equipment operating within residential, commercial, public and light-industrial locations. The levels do not, however, cover extreme cases, which may occur at any location, but with an extremely low probability of occurrence. Not all disturbance phenomena have been included for testing purposes in this standard, but only those considered as relevant for the equipment covered by this standard. These test requirements represent essential electromagnetic compatibility immunity requirements. They are specified for each port considered.

- NOTE 1 Information on other disturbance phenomena is given in IEC TR 61000-4-1.
- NOTE 2 Safety considerations are not covered by this standard.

NOTE 3 In special cases, situations will arise where the levels of disturbances may exceed the test levels specified in this standard, for example where a hand-held transmitter is used in proximity to equipment. In these instances, special mitigation measures may have to be employed.

#### 2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60050-161, International Electrotechnical Vocabulary – Part 161: Electromagnetic compatibility (available at: www.electropedia.org)

IEC 61000-4-2:2008, Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-2: Testing and measurement techniques – Electrostatic discharge immunity test

IEC 61000-4-3:2006, Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-3: Testing and measurement techniques – Radiated, radio-frequency, electromagnetic field immunity test IEC 61000-4-3:2006/AMD1:2007 IEC 61000-4-3:2006/AMD2:2010

IEC 61000-4-4:2012, Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-4: Testing and measurement techniques – Electrical fast transient/burst immunity test

IEC 61000-4-5:2014, Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-5: Testing and measurement techniques –Surge immunity test

IEC 61000-4-6:2013, Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-6: Testing and measurement techniques – Immunity to conducted disturbances, induced by radio-frequency fields

IEC 61000-4-8:2009, Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-8: Testing and measurement techniques – Power frequency magnetic field immunity test

IEC 61000-4-11:2004, Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-11: Testing and measurement techniques – Voltage dips, short interruptions and voltage variations immunity tests

IEC 61000-4-20:2010, Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-20: Testing and measurement techniques – Emission and immunity testing in transverse electromagnetic (TEM) waveguides

IEC 61000-4-21:2011, Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-21: Testing and measurement techniques – Reverberation chamber test methods

IEC 61000-4-22:2010, Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-22: Testing and measurement techniques – Radiated emissions and immunity measurements in fully anechoic rooms (FARs)

IEC 61000-4-34:2005, Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-34: Testing and measurement techniques – Voltage dips, short interruptions and voltage variations immunity tests for equipment with mains current more than 16 A per phase IEC 61000-4-34:2005/AMD1:2009

#### 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in IEC 60050-161 as well as the following apply.

NOTE Additional definitions related to EMC and to relevant phenomena are given in other IEC and CISPR publications.

#### 3.1

#### port

particular interface of the equipment which couples this equipment with or is influenced by the external electromagnetic environment

Note 1 to entry: Examples of ports of interest are shown in Figure 1. The enclosure port is the physical boundary of the equipment (e.g. enclosure). The enclosure port provides for radiated and electrostatic discharge (ESD) energy transfer, whereas the other ports provide for conducted energy transfer, either by direct injection or by induction.