INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



1804

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION-МЕЖДУНАРОДНАЯ ОРГАНИЗАЦИЯ ПО СТАНДАРТИЗАЦИИ-ORGANISATION INTERNATIONALE DE NORMALISATION

Doors — Terminology

First edition - 1972-05-01

UDC 69.028.1:001.4

Descriptors: construction, buildings, vocabulary, doors.

Ref. No. ISO 1804-1972 (E)

FOREWORD

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards institutes (ISO Member Bodies). The work of developing International Standards is carried out through ISO Technical Committees. Every Member Body interested in a subject for which a Technical Committee has been set up has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work.

Draft International Standards adopted by the Committees are circulated to the Member Bodies for approval before their acceptance as International Standards by the ISO Council.

International Standard ISO 1804 was drawn up by Technical Committee ISO/TC 59, Building construction.

It was approved in July 1969 by the Member Bodies of the following countries:

Australia Hungary Austria India **Belgium** Iran Brazil Israel Denmark Italy Spain Egypt, Arab Rep. of Korea, Rep. of Sweden Finland Netherlands Switzerland France New Zealand Turkey United Kingdom Germany Norway Greece Peru

The Member Body of the following country expressed disaproval of the document:

U.S.A.

© International Organization for Standardization, 1972 •

Printed in Switzerland

Doors — Terminology

0 INTRODUCTION

In this International Standard some terms refer to details in doors or in door frames which do not apply to all types of doors. However, it is necessary to include these terms in a general terminology for all types of hinged or pivoted doors.

1 GENERAL

1.1 Scope and field of application

This International Standard gives the terminology for hinged or pivoted doors of all materials used in building construction.

1.2 General definition

doorset¹⁾: An assembly including a fixed part (the door frame), one or more movable parts (the door leaves) the function of which is to allow or to forbid the access, and their hardware.

NOTE - The doorset may include sill, overpanel and side panel(s).

2 TERMINOLOGY

18

The terms, with their translation in French, correspond to the definitions given below and to the illustrations given in the Annex.

onding French terms

2.1 Terms relating to the components

2.1.1 TERMS RELATING TO THE STRUCTURAL OPENINGS

1	Structural opening	Baie
	The void within a wall or partition designed to receive a doorset.	6,
1a	Structural opening with non-rebated reveal (Figure 1)	Baie sans feuillure
1b	Structural opening with rebated reveal (Figure 2)	Baie à feuillure
11	Structural reveal (rehated or non-rehated)	Logament (avec ou canc fouillure)

11 Structural reveal (rebated or non-rebated) Logement (avec ou sans feuillure) du dormant

Soffit
 Vertical side
 Sous-face de linteau
 Tableau

13 Vertical side Tableau
14 Sill Seuil

Structural rebate
 Depth of rebate
 Feuillure (structurale)
 Fond (profondeur) de feuillure

17 Width of rebate Face (largeur) de feuillure

Finished floor Sol fini

¹⁾ In the French vernacular, the word porte can mean either "door leaf" or "doorset" (cf., Term 3).