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**Infusion equipment for medical use —**  
**Part 2:**  
**Closures for infusion bottles**

*Matériel de perfusion à usage médical —*

*Partie 2: Bouchons pour flacons de perfusion*



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Published in Switzerland

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## Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 8536-2 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 76, *Transfusion, infusion and injection equipment for medical and pharmaceutical use*.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 8536-2:2001) and ISO 8536:2001/Cor.1:2003 which have been technically revised in order to align this part of ISO 8536 with ISO 8871-1, ISO 8871-4 and ISO 8871-5.

ISO 8536 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Infusion equipment for medical use*:

- *Part 1: Infusion glass bottles*
- *Part 2: Closures for infusion bottles*
- *Part 3: Aluminium caps for infusion bottles*
- *Part 4: Infusion sets for single use, gravity feed*
- *Part 5: Burette infusion sets for single use, gravity feed*
- *Part 6: Freeze drying closures for infusion bottles*
- *Part 7: Caps made of aluminium-plastics combinations for infusion bottles*
- *Part 8: Infusion equipment for use with pressure infusion apparatus*
- *Part 9: Fluid lines for use with pressure infusion equipment*
- *Part 10: Accessories for fluid lines for use with pressure infusion equipment*
- *Part 11: Infusion filters for use with pressure infusion equipment*
- *Part 12: Check valves*

## Introduction

The purpose of this part of ISO 8536 is to specify the shape and dimensions of and the requirements for elastomeric closures intended for infusion bottles. In order to provide seal integrity of the container closure systems the dimensions of the elastomeric closures have to be compatible with the dimensions of the infusion bottles and the caps as specified in corresponding parts of ISO 8536.

Primary packaging components made of elastomeric materials are an integral part of medicinal products and thus the principles of current Good Manufacturing Practice (cGMP) apply to the manufacturing of these components.

Principles of cGMP are described in, e.g. ISO 15378 or GMP Guidelines as published by the European Community and the United States of America.

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# Infusion equipment for medical use —

## Part 2: Closures for infusion bottles

### 1 Scope

This part of ISO 8536 specifies the shape, dimensions, material, performance requirements and labelling of closures for infusion bottles as specified in ISO 8536-1.

The dimensional requirements are not applicable to barrier-coated closures.

Closures specified in this part of ISO 8536 are intended for single use only.

**NOTE** The potency, purity, stability and safety of a medicinal product during its manufacture and storage can strongly be affected by the nature and performance of the primary packaging.

### 2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 48, *Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic — Determination of hardness (hardness between 10 IRHD and 100 IRHD)*

ISO 3302-1, *Rubber — Tolerances for products — Part 1: Dimensional tolerances*

ISO 3302-2, *Rubber — Tolerances for products — Part 2: Geometrical tolerances*

ISO 7619-1, *Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic — Determination of indentation hardness — Part 1: Durometer method (Shore hardness)*

ISO 8536-1, *Infusion equipment for medical use — Part 1: Infusion glass bottles*

ISO 8536-3, *Infusion equipment for medical use — Part 3: Aluminium caps for infusion bottles*

ISO 8871-1, *Elastomeric parts for parenterals and for devices for pharmaceutical use — Part 1: Extractables in aqueous autoclavates*

ISO 8871-4, *Elastomeric parts for parenterals and for devices for pharmaceutical use — Part 4: Biological requirements and test methods*

### 3 Shape and dimensions

**3.1** The shape and dimensions of closures shall be as shown in Figure 1 and as given in Table 1. Figure 1 illustrates two typical designs of closure, types A and B.