Aerospace series - Cable, electrical, aircraft use - Test methods - Part 302: Voltage proof test

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EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA

NATIONAL FOREWORD

Käesolev Eesti standard EVS-EN 3475- 302:2006 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN 3475-302:2006 ingliskeelset teksti.	This Estonian standard EVS-EN 3475- 302:2006 consists of the English text of the European standard EN 3475- 302:2006.
Käesolev dokument on jõustatud 29.06.2006 ja selle kohta on avaldatud teade Eesti standardiorganisatsiooni ametlikus väljaandes.	This document is endorsed on 29.06.2006 with the notification being published in the official publication of the Estonian national standardisation organisation.
Standard on kättesaadav Eesti standardiorganisatsioonist.	The standard is available from Estonian standardisation organisation.
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Käsitlusala:	Scope:
This standard specifies a method of	This standard specifies a method of
performing voltage proof tests on finished	performing voltage proof tests on finished
cables and cables in course of production.	cables and cables in course of production.
It shall be used together with EN 3475-	It shall be used together with EN 3475-
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Võtmesõnad: aerospace transport, air transport, aircraft, cables, dielectric strenght, electric cables, electric conductors, electric strength test, electrical, electrical cords, specification (approval), specifications, testing, voltage

EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE **EUROPÄISCHE NORM**

EN 3475-302

May 2006

ICS 49.060

Supersedes EN 3475-302:2002

English Version

Aerospace series - Cable, electrical, aircraft use - Test methods - Part 302: Voltage proof test

Série aérospatiale - Câbles électriques à usage aéronautique - Méthodes d'essais - Partie 302 : Tenue en tension

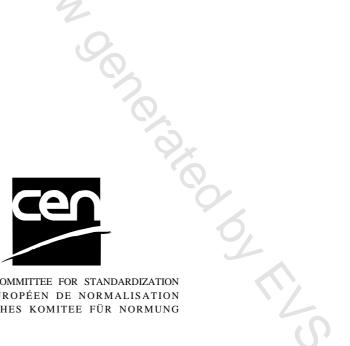
Luft- und Raumfahrt - Elektrische Leitungen für Luftfahrtverwendung - Prüfverfahren - Teil 302: Spannungsfestigkeit

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 13 January 2006.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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Foreword

This European Standard (EN 3475-302:2006) has been prepared by the European Association of Aerospace Manufacturers - Standardization (AECMA-STAN).

After enquiries and votes carried out in accordance with the rules of this Association, this Standard has received the approval of the National Associations and the Official Services of the member countries of AECMA, prior to its presentation to CEN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by November 2006, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by November 2006.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This European Standard supersedes EN 3475-302:2002.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

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1 Scope

This standard specifies a method of performing voltage proof tests on finished cables and cables in course of production.

It shall be used together with EN 3475-100.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 3475-100, Aerospace series - Cables, electrical, aircraft use - Test methods - Part 100: General.

3 Immersion test

The specimens, each 15 m long, shall be immersed in the solution so that their ends are at least 150 mm from the surface of the solution. The composition of the solution, at a temperature of between 15 °C and 25 °C, shall be as follows:

- sodium chloride 30 g
- distilled water 1 000 g
- wetting agent
 2 g

After immersion for 1 h, the voltage specified by the technical specification with a frequency of 40 Hz to 60 Hz, shall be applied between the conductor of the cable and the screen, if present, or an electrode in contact with the liquid for 5 min.

Single and multicore (jacketed) without shield:

between the conductor(s) and an electrode in contact with the liquid

Shielded and jacketed cables

— between the shield and an electrode in contact with the liquid

The voltage rise time shall be between 300 V per second and 500 V per second.

There shall be no perforation of the insulation or jacket.

4 Dry spark test (in production)

All the finished cables shall pass, without flash-over, through the electrode of a suitable dry tester, at the voltage stated in the technical specification at a frequency of 40 Hz to 60 Hz.

The electrode consists of an assembly of small chains or other metallic feelers suitable for making close contact with practically the whole surface of the cable.

The length of the electrode and speed of the cable shall be such that each portion of the insulation or jacket is subjected to the test voltage for at least 0,20 s.