Classification of environmental conditions - Part 2-4: Environmental conditions appearing in nature - Solar radiation and temperature



EESTI STANDARDI EESSÕNA

NATIONAL FOREWORD

See Eesti standard EVS-EN IEC 60721-2-4:2018 sisaldab Euroopa standardi EN IEC 60721-2-4:2018 ingliskeelset teksti.	This Estonian standard EVS-EN IEC 60721-2-4:2018 consists of the English text of the European standard EN IEC 60721-2-4:2018.
Standard on jõustunud sellekohase teate avaldamisega EVS Teatajas.	This standard has been endorsed with a notification published in the official bulletin of the Estonian Centre for Standardisation.
Euroopa standardimisorganisatsioonid on teinud Euroopa standardi rahvuslikele liikmetele kättesaadavaks 24.08.2018.	Date of Availability of the European standard is 24.08.2018.
Standard on kättesaadav Eesti Standardikeskusest.	The standard is available from the Estonian Centre for Standardisation.

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EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

EN IEC 60721-2-4

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English Version

Classification of environmental conditions - Part 2-4: Environmental conditions appearing in nature - Solar radiation and temperature (IEC 60721-2-4:2018)

Classification des conditions d'environnement - Partie 2-4: Conditions d'environnement présentes dans la nature -Rayonnement solaire et température (IEC 60721-2-4:2018) Klassifizierung von Umgebungsbedingungen - Teil 2-4: Natürliche Umgebungsbedingungen - Sonnenstrahlung und Temperatur (IEC 60721-2-4:2018)

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European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels

European foreword

The text of document 104/800/FDIS, future edition 2 of IEC 60721-2-4, prepared by IEC/TC 104 "Environmental conditions, classification and methods of test" was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and approved by CENELEC as EN IEC 60721-2-4:2018.

The following dates are fixed:

- latest date by which the document has to be implemented at national (dop) 2019-04-27 level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement
- latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the document have to be withdrawn (dow) 2021-07-27

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Endorsement notice

The text of the International Standard IEC 60721-2-4:2018 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

CONTENTS

	3
pe	5
native references	5
ns and definitions	5
eral	5
r radiation physics	6
ls of global radiation	7
Maximum levels	
ony	15
- Spectra of electromagnetic radiation from the Sun- and the surface	9
– Mean daily extra-terrestrial global irradiation (kWh/m ²)	
– Mean daily extra-terrestrial global irradiation (kWh/m²)	
	native references ns and definitions eral r radiation physics els of global radiation Maximum levels Mean monthly and annual global solar radiation Simultaneous values of maximum air temperatures and solar radiation World distribution of daily global irradiation mum levels of atmospheric radiation at night (informative) World distribution of daily global irradiation ohy Spectra of electromagnetic radiation from the Sun and the surface rth 1 – Mean relative global irradiation for the month of June (in %) 2 – Mean relative global irradiation for the month of December (in %) 3 – Mean relative global irradiation for the year (in %) Typical peak values of global irradiance (in W/m² from a cloudless sky)

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

CLASSIFICATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS -

Part 2-4: Environmental conditions appearing in nature – Solar radiation and temperature

FOREWORD

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International Standard IEC 60721-2-4 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 104: Environmental conditions, classification and methods of test.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition published in 1987 and Amendment 1:1988. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- a) Figures updated including the addition of global irradiation information,
- b) Format updated.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
104/800/FDIS	104/803/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this International Standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This document has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all parts in the IEC 60721 series, published under the general title *Classification of environmental conditions*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- · replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

CLASSIFICATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS -

Part 2-4: Environmental conditions appearing in nature – Solar radiation and temperature

1 Scope

This part of IEC 60721 presents a broad division into types of solar radiation areas. It is intended to be used as part of the background material when selecting appropriate severities of solar radiation for product applications.

All types of geographical areas are covered, except areas with altitudes above 5 000 m.

This document also serves to define limiting severities of solar radiation to which products are liable to be exposed during transportation, storage and use.

2 Normative references

There are no normative references in this document.

3 Terms and definitions

No terms and definitions are listed in this document.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at http://www.iso.org/obp

4 General

Solar radiation can affect products primarily by the heating of material and their environment or by photochemical degradation of material.

Solar radiation, especially its ultraviolet content, causes photochemical degradation of most organic materials. Elasticity and plasticity of certain rubber compounds and plastic materials are affected. Optical glass may become opaque.

Solar radiation bleaches out colours in paints, textiles, paper, etc. This can be of importance, for example for the colour-coding of components.

The heating of material is a consequence of exposure to solar radiation. The presentation of severities of solar radiation is therefore related to the power density radiated towards a surface, or irradiance, expressed in W/m^2 .

An object subjected to solar radiation will attain a temperature that depends primarily on the surrounding air temperature, the energy radiated from the Sun, and the incidence angle of the radiation on the object. Other factors, for example wind and heat conduction to mountings, can be of importance. In addition, the absorptance $\alpha_{\rm S}$ of the surface for the solar spectrum is of importance.