# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 3442

Second edition 1991-09-15

Self-centring chucks for machine tools with two-piece jaws (tongue and groove type) — Sizes for interchangeability and acceptance test specifications

Mandrins pour machines-outils, à serrage concentrique et à mors rapportés (assemblage cruciforme par tenon et languette) — Dimensions d'interchangeabilité et conditions de réception



# **Foreword**

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

International Standard ISO 3442 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 39, Machine tools, Sub-Committee SC 8, Chucks.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 3442:1975), which has been technically revised.

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International Organization for Standardization 

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# Introduction

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Because been mao This International Standard is one of a series relating to self-centring chucks with two-piece jaws; however, only types in common use are

Because of its wide usage, the type called "tongue and groove" has

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# Self-centring chucks for machine tools with two-piece jaws (tongue and groove type) — Sizes for interchangeability and acceptance test specifications

## 1 Scope

This International Standard specifies the sizes for interchangeability, and describes, with reference to ISO 230-1, the geometrical tests on self-centring chucks with two-piece jaws and the corresponding permissible deviations which apply.

It deals only with the inspection of rotational accuracy of the chuck and the positioning of the assembling elements of top jaws. It does not apply to other dynamic qualities, such as measurement of lack of balance during rotation, balancing or measurement of gripping power.

#### 2 Normative reference

The following standard contains provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this International Standard. At the time of publication, the edition indicated was valid. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this International Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent edition of the standard indicated below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 230-1:1986, Acceptance code for machine tools — Part 1: Geometric accuracy of machines operating under no-load or finishing conditions.

#### 3 Preliminary remarks

### 3.1 Sizes for interchangeability

Although the internal mounting parts and the fixing screws are not mutually interchangeable, depending on whether they are manufactured in conformity with the metric sizes or the inch sizes, there is direct interchangeability for the same type between the base or master jaws in metric sizes and top jaws in inches, or vice versa.

#### 3.2 Acceptance test specifications

According to the type of chuck under consideration, i.e. hand- or power-operated, the main purpose of these tests is to allow either top jaw mounting compatible with the machining accuracy of the chuck or a precise setting for top jaws on the chuck after carrying out preliminary centring, straightening or locking operations on a jig separate from the machine.