## INTERNATIONAL **STANDARD**

ISO 13588

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## Non-destructive testing of welds — Ultrasonic testing — Use of automated phased array technology

rôle asons -Contrôle non destructif des assemblages soudés — Contrôle par ultrasons — Utilisation de la technique multi-éléments automatisés





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#### **Foreword**

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 13588 was prepared by the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) in collaboration with ISO Technical Committee TC 44, *Welding and allied processes*, Subcommittee SC 5, *Testing and inspection of welds*, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

of i. standar. Requests for official interpretations of any aspect of this International Standard should be directed to the Secretariat of ISO/TC 44/SC 5 via your national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org.

# Non-destructive testing of welds — Ultrasonic testing — Use of automated phased array technology

### 1 Scope

This International Standard specifies the application of the phased array technology for the semi- or fully automated ultrasonic testing of fusion-welded joints in metallic materials of minimum thickness 6 mm. It applies to full penetration welded joints of simple geometry in plates, pipes, and vessels, where both the weld and parent material are low-alloyed carbon steel.

Where material-dependent ultrasonic parameters are specified in this International Standard, they are based on steels having an ultrasonic sound velocity of (5 920  $\pm$  50) m/s for longitudinal waves, and (3 255  $\pm$  30) m/s for transverse waves. It is necessary to take this fact into account when examining materials with a different velocity.

This International Standard provides guidance on the specific capabilities and limitations of phased array technology for the detection, location, sizing and characterization of discontinuities in fusion-welded joints. Phased array technology can be used as a stand-alone technology or in combination with other non-destructive testing (NDT) methods or techniques, for manufacturing inspection, pre-service and for in-service inspection.

This International Standard specifies four testing levels, each corresponding to a different probability of detection of imperfections.

This International Standard permits assessment of indications for acceptance purposes based on either amplitude (equivalent reflector size) and length or height and length.

This International Standard does not include acceptance levels for discontinuities.

This International Standard is not applicable:

- for coarse-grained metals and austenitic welds;
- for automated testing of welds during the production of steel products covered by ISO 10893-8, $^{[3]}$  ISO 10893-11, $^{[4]}$  and ISO 3183. $^{[1]}$

#### 2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 9712, Non-destructive testing — Qualification and certification of NDT personnel

ISO 10863, Non-destructive testing of welds — Ultrasonic testing — Use of time-of-flight diffraction technique (TOFD)

ISO 17635, Non-destructive testing of welds — General rules for metallic materials

ISO 17640, Non-destructive testing of welds — Ultrasonic testing — Techniques, testing levels, and assessment

EN 473, Non-destructive testing — Qualification and certification of NDT personnel — General principles

EN 1330-4, Non-destructive testing — Terminology — Part 4: Terms used in ultrasonic testing

EN 16392-1, Non-destructive testing — Characterization and verification of ultrasonic phased array systems — Part 1: Instruments